

# 1040A

NOTE: THIS BOOKLET DOES NOT CONTAIN TAX FORMS

## INSTRUCTIONS 2007



Explore all electronic filing and payment options, including Free File.



**TAKE THE FREE WAY**

If you made \$54,000 or less in 2007, you're one of the 95+ million taxpayers who are eligible to *e-file* for free!

See page 4 or go to: [www.irs.gov](http://www.irs.gov)

### MAILING YOUR RETURN

You may be mailing your return to a different address this year. See the back cover.





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Department  
of the  
Treasury

Internal  
Revenue  
Service

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## The IRS Mission

Provide America's taxpayers top quality service by helping them understand and meet their tax responsibilities and by applying the tax law with integrity and fairness to all.

## IRS Customer Service Standards

At the IRS, our goal is to continually improve the quality of our services. To achieve that goal, we have developed customer service standards in the following areas.

- Easier filing and payment options.
- Access to information.
- Accuracy.
- Prompt refunds.
- Canceling penalties.
- Resolving problems.
- Simpler forms.

If you would like information about the IRS standards and a report of our accomplishments, see Pub. 2183.

# Help With Unresolved Tax Issues

## Taxpayer Advocate Service

The Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) is an independent organization within the IRS whose employees assist taxpayers who are experiencing economic harm, who are seeking help in resolving tax problems that have not been resolved through normal channels, or who believe that an IRS system or procedure is not working as it should. You may be eligible for assistance if:

- You are experiencing economic harm or significant cost (including fees for professional representation),
- You have experienced a delay of more than 30 days to resolve your tax issue, or
- You have not received a response or resolution to the problem by the date promised by the IRS.

The service is free, confidential, tailored to meet your needs, and available for businesses as well as individuals. There is at least one local taxpayer advocate in each state, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. Because advocates are part of the IRS, they know the tax system and how to navigate it. If you qualify for assistance, you will receive personalized service from a knowledgeable advocate who will:

- Listen to your problem,
- Help you understand what needs to be done to resolve it, and
- Stay with you every step of the way until your problem is resolved.

You can contact the Taxpayer Advocate Service by:

- Calling the TAS toll-free case intake line at 1-877-777-4778 or TTY/TDD 1-800-829-4059,
- Calling or writing your local taxpayer advocate, whose address and phone number are listed in the government listings in your local telephone directory and in Pub. 1546, Taxpayer Advocate Service—Your Voice at the IRS,
- Filing Form 911, Request for Taxpayer Advocate Service Assistance (and Application for Taxpayer Assistance Order), with the Taxpayer Advocate Service, or
- Asking an IRS employee to complete Form 911 on your behalf.

To get a copy of Form 911 or learn more about the Taxpayer Advocate Service, go to [www.irs.gov/advocate](http://www.irs.gov/advocate).

### Low Income Taxpayer Clinics (LITCs)

LITCs are independent organizations that provide low income taxpayers with representation in federal tax controversies with the IRS for free or for a nominal charge. The clinics also provide tax education and outreach for taxpayers with limited English proficiency or who speak English as a second language. Pub. 4134, Low Income Taxpayer Clinic List, provides information on clinics in your area. It is available at [www.irs.gov](http://www.irs.gov) or your local IRS office.



## Make \$54,000 or less? e-file For Free!

If your 2007 adjusted gross income was \$54,000 or less, you're one of the 95+ million taxpayers who are eligible for Free File. Free File, a service offered by the IRS in partnership with the Free File Alliance, a group of tax preparation software companies, is:

- Fast, easy, and safe to use;
- Available in English and Spanish;
- Accessible online 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (You will need Internet access to Free File. Also, **Free File can only be accessed by going through the [www.irs.gov](http://www.irs.gov) website** — even if you used Free File in previous years.); and
- Absolutely **FREE**. No hidden fees.

If you don't qualify for Free File, then you may want to check out the Partners Page on [www.irs.gov](http://www.irs.gov) for low-cost e-file options.

## Use IRS e-file—there are three ways:

### → Use a computer.

You can easily prepare and e-file your own tax return. To do so, you'll need:

- A computer with Internet access, and
- IRS-approved tax preparation software which is available via the Internet for online use, for download from the Internet, and in retail stores for offline use. Visit [www.irs.gov/efile](http://www.irs.gov/efile) for details.

### → Use a volunteer.

The VITA Program offers free tax help for low to moderate income taxpayers. The Tax Counseling for the Elderly (TCE) Program provides free tax help to people age 60 and older.

### → Use a tax professional.

Many taxpayers rely on tax professionals to handle their returns and most tax professionals can e-file your return. You just have to be sure to ask.

Also, tax professionals can charge a fee for IRS e-file. Fees can vary depending on the professional and specific services rendered, so be sure to discuss this upfront.

## e-file! It's Never Been Easier.

It's easy to see why more than 60% of taxpayers e-file their tax returns: it's faster, easier, and more convenient than paper filing. E-filing also reduces the chance of making mistakes. Plus, if your 2007 adjusted gross income was \$54,000 or less, you can e-file for FREE by using Free File at [www.irs.gov](http://www.irs.gov)!

### e-file and Get the Benefits

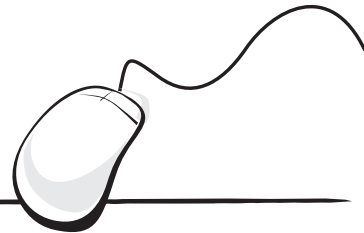
- A **faster refund** than by paper filing—in as little as 10 days with Direct Deposit.
- An **emailed proof of receipt** within 48 hours after the IRS receives your return, which you can't get with paper filing.
- **Reduced chance of making mistakes** since IRS e-file software checks your return. In fact, e-filed returns have a 1% or less error rate, compared to 20% with paper returns. (Please note that e-filing your tax returns does not impact or change the chance of an audit.)
- **Save time** by preparing and e-filing federal and state returns together.
- You can **electronically sign your return** with a secure, self-selected PIN number.
- If you owe, you can authorize an electronic funds withdrawal or pay by credit card. You can also **file a return early and pay the amount you owe later**.
- **Help the environment, use less paper, and save taxpayer money** — it costs less to process an e-filed return than a paper return.



### Totally Safe and Secure

More than half a billion federal tax returns have been e-filed! The IRS uses the most secure technology available to safeguard your personal information. So you can rest assured that when you e-file, your information will be safe.

**Visit:** [www.irs.gov/efile](http://www.irs.gov/efile) for the latest information.



electronic | r s

You can accomplish many things electronically within [www.irs.gov](http://www.irs.gov). The Electronic IRS is a gateway to the many IRS electronic options and it's available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. Should you choose to file a paper return, you'll find information, resources, and all of the forms ready to download.

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## What's New

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### What's New for 2007

**Tax benefits extended.** The following tax benefits were extended through 2007.

- Deduction for educator expenses in figuring adjusted gross income.
- Tuition and fees deduction.

**Alternative minimum tax (AMT) exemption amount decreased.** The AMT exemption amount is decreased to \$33,750 (\$45,000 if married filing jointly or a qualifying widow(er); \$22,500 if married filing separately).



*At the time these instructions went to print, Congress was expected to consider legislation that would increase the amounts above. To find out if legislation was enacted, and for more details, see the Instructions for Form*

6251.

**Jury duty pay.** If you are reporting income received for jury duty, or deducting jury duty pay you gave to your employer, you must file Form 1040.

**Penalty on early withdrawal of savings.** If you are deducting a penalty on the early withdrawal of savings, you must file Form 1040.

**IRA deduction expanded.** You may be able to take an IRA deduction if you were covered by a retirement plan and your 2007 modified adjusted gross income (AGI) is less than \$62,000 (\$103,000 if married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)).

You may be able to deduct up to an additional \$3,000 if you were a participant in a 401(k) plan and your employer was in bankruptcy in an earlier year. See the instructions for line 17 on page 27.

**Earned income credit (EIC).** You may be able to take the EIC if:

- A child lived with you and you earned less than \$37,783 (\$39,783 if married filing jointly), or
- A child did not live with you and you earned less than \$12,590 (\$14,590 if married filing jointly).

The maximum AGI you can have and still get the credit also has increased. You may be able to take the credit if your AGI is less than the amount in the above list that applies to you. The maximum investment income you can have and still get the credit has increased to \$2,900. See the instructions for lines 40a and 40b that begin on page 38.

**Mailing your return.** You may be mailing your return to a different address this year because the IRS has changed the filing location for several areas. If you received an envelope with your tax package, please use it. Otherwise, see *Where Do You File?* on the back cover.

**Insurance premiums for retired public safety officers.** If you are a retired safety officer, you can elect to exclude from income distributions made directly from your eligible retirement plans to pay premiums for certain insurance. See the instructions for lines 12a and 12b on page 23.

**Exemption for housing a person displaced by Hurricane Katrina expires.** The additional exemption amount for housing a person displaced by Hurricane Katrina does not apply for 2007 or later years.

**Telephone excise tax credit.** This credit was available only on your 2006 return. If you filed but did not request it on your 2006 return,

file Form 1040X using a simplified procedure explained in its instructions to amend your 2006 return. If you were not required to file a 2006 return, see the 2006 Form 1040EZ-T.

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### What's New for 2008

**IRA deduction expanded.** You and your spouse, if filing jointly, each may be able to deduct up to \$5,000 (\$6,000 if age 50 or older at the end of the year). You may be able to take an IRA deduction if you were covered by a retirement plan and your 2008 modified AGI is less than \$63,000 (\$105,000 if married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)).

You may be able to deduct up to an additional \$3,000 if you were a participant in a 401(k) plan and your employer was in bankruptcy in an earlier year. See the instructions for line 17 on page 27.

**Earned income credit (EIC).** You may be able to take the EIC if:

- A child lived with you and you earned less than \$38,646 (\$41,646 if married filing jointly), or
- A child did not live with you and you earned less than \$12,880 (\$15,880 if married filing jointly).

The maximum AGI you can have and still get the credit also has increased. You may be able to take the credit if your AGI is less than the amount in the above list that applies to you. The maximum investment income you can have and still get the credit has increased to \$2,950.

**Personal exemption phaseout reduced.** Taxpayers with adjusted gross income above a certain amount may lose part of their deduction for personal exemptions. The amount by which this deduction is reduced in 2008 will be only 1/2 of the amount of the reduction that otherwise would have applied in 2007.

**Capital gain tax rate reduced.** The 5% capital gain tax rate is reduced to 0%.

**Tax on children's income.** Form 8615 will be required to figure the tax for the following children with investment income of more than \$1,800.

1. Children under age 18 at the end of 2008.
2. The following children if their earned income is not more than half their support.
  - a. Children age 18 at the end of 2008.
  - b. Children over age 18 and under age 24 at the end of 2008 who are full-time students.

The election to report a child's investment income on a parent's return and the special rule for when a child must file Form 6251 will also apply to the children listed above.

**Expiring tax benefits.** The following benefits are scheduled to expire and will not apply for 2008.

- Deduction for educator expenses in figuring adjusted gross income.
- Tuition and fees deduction.
- Exclusion from income of qualified charitable distributions.
- The election to include nontaxable combat pay in earned income for the EIC.



# Filing Requirements

These rules apply to all U.S. citizens, regardless of where they live, and resident aliens.



Have you tried IRS e-file? It's the fastest way to get your refund and it's free if you are eligible. Visit [www.irs.gov](http://www.irs.gov) for details.

## Do You Have To File?

Use Chart A, B, or C to see if you must file a return.



*Even if you do not otherwise have to file a return, you should file one to get a refund of any federal income tax withheld. You should also file if you are eligible for the earned income credit, additional child tax credit, health coverage tax credit, or refundable credit for prior year minimum tax.*

**Exception for children under age 18.** If you are planning to file a return for your child who was under age 18 at the end of 2007, and certain other conditions apply, you can elect to include your child's income on your return. But you must use Form 1040 and Form 8814 to do so. If you make this election, your child does not have to file a return. For details, use TeleTax topic 553 (see page 70) or see Form 8814.

A child born on January 1, 1990, is considered to be age 18 at the end of 2007. Do not use Form 8814 for such a child.

**Resident aliens.** These rules also apply if you were a resident alien. Also, you may qualify for certain tax treaty benefits. See Pub. 519 for details.

**Nonresident aliens and dual-status aliens.** These rules also apply if you were a nonresident alien or dual-status alien and both of the following apply.

- You were married to a U.S. citizen or resident alien at the end of 2007.
  - You elected to be taxed as a resident alien.
- See Pub. 519 for details.

## When Should You File?

File Form 1040A by **April 15, 2008**. If you file after this date, you may have to pay interest and penalties. See page 69.

If you were serving in, or in support of, the U.S. Armed Forces in a designated combat zone, qualified hazardous duty area, or a contingency operation, see Pub. 3.

## What If You Cannot File on Time?

You can get an automatic 6-month extension if, no later than the date your return is due, you file Form 4868. For details, see Form 4868.

If you make a payment with your extension request, see the instructions for line 42 on page 51.



*An automatic 6-month extension to file does not extend the time to pay your tax. See Form 4868.*

If you are a U.S. citizen or resident alien, you may qualify for an automatic extension of time to file without filing Form 4868. You qualify if, on the due date of your return, you meet one of the following conditions.

- You live outside the United States and Puerto Rico and your main place of business or post of duty is outside the United States and Puerto Rico.
- You are in military or naval service on duty outside the United States and Puerto Rico.

This extension gives you an extra 2 months to file and pay the tax, but interest will be charged from the original due date of the return on any unpaid tax. You must attach a statement to your return showing that you meet the requirements. If you are still unable to file your return by the end of the 2-month period, you can get an additional 4 months if, no later than June 16, 2008, you file Form 4868. This 4-month extension of time to file does not extend the time to pay your tax. See Form 4868.

## Where Do You File?

See the back cover for filing instructions and addresses.

**Private delivery services.** You can use certain private delivery services designated by the IRS to meet the "timely mailing as timely filing/paying" rule for tax returns and payments. These private delivery services include only the following:

- DHL Express (DHL): DHL Same Day Service, DHL Next Day 10:30 am, DHL Next Day 12:00 pm, DHL Next Day 3:00 pm, and DHL 2nd Day Service.
- Federal Express (FedEx): FedEx Priority Overnight, FedEx Standard Overnight, FedEx 2Day, FedEx International Priority, and FedEx International First.
- United Parcel Service (UPS): UPS Next Day Air, UPS Next Day Air Saver, UPS 2nd Day Air, UPS 2nd Day Air A.M., UPS Worldwide Express Plus, and UPS Worldwide Express.

The private delivery service can tell you how to get written proof of the mailing date.



*Private delivery services cannot deliver items to P.O. boxes. You must use the U.S. Postal Service to mail any item to an IRS P.O. box address.*

## Chart A—For Most People

IF your filing status is . . .	AND at the end of 2007 you were* . . .	THEN file a return if your gross income** was at least . . .
Single	under 65 65 or older	\$8,750 10,050
Married filing jointly***	under 65 (both spouses) 65 or older (one spouse) 65 or older (both spouses)	\$17,500 18,550 19,600
Married filing separately (see page 16)	any age	\$3,400
Head of household (see page 16)	under 65 65 or older	\$11,250 12,550
Qualifying widow(er) with dependent child (see page 17)	under 65 65 or older	\$14,100 15,150

\* If you were born on January 1, 1943, you are considered to be age 65 at the end of 2007.

\*\* **Gross income** means all income you received in the form of money, goods, property, and services that is not exempt from tax, including any income from sources outside the United States (even if you may exclude part or all of it). **Do not** include social security benefits unless you are married filing a separate return and you lived with your spouse at any time in 2007.

\*\*\* If you did not live with your spouse at the end of 2007 (or on the date your spouse died) and your gross income was at least \$3,400, you must file a return regardless of your age.

## Chart B—For Children and Other Dependents

See the instructions for line 6c that begin on page 18 to find out if someone can claim you as a dependent.

If someone can claim you as a dependent, use this chart to see if you must file a return.

In this chart, **unearned income** includes taxable interest, ordinary dividends, and capital gain distributions. **Earned income** includes wages, tips, and taxable scholarship and fellowship grants. **Gross income** is the total of your unearned and earned income.

**Single dependents.** Were you **either** age 65 or older **or** blind?

- No.** You must file a return if **any** of the following apply.
- Your **unearned income** was over \$850.
  - Your **earned income** was over \$5,350.
  - Your **gross income** was more than the **larger** of—
    - \$850, or
    - Your earned income (up to \$5,050) plus \$300.
- Yes.** You must file a return if **any** of the following apply.
- Your unearned income was over \$2,150 (\$3,450 if 65 or older **and** blind).
  - Your earned income was over \$6,650 (\$7,950 if 65 or older **and** blind).
  - Your gross income was more than—

The larger of:	Plus	This amount:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• \$850, or</li> <li>• Your earned income (up to \$5,050) plus \$300.</li> </ul>	} }	\$1,300 (\$2,600 if 65 or older <b>and</b> blind)

**Married dependents.** Were you **either** age 65 or older **or** blind?

- No.** You must file a return if **any** of the following apply.
- Your unearned income was over \$850.
  - Your earned income was over \$5,350.
  - Your gross income was at least \$5 and your spouse files a separate return and itemizes deductions.
  - Your gross income was more than the **larger** of—
    - \$850, or
    - Your earned income (up to \$5,050) plus \$300.
- Yes.** You must file a return if **any** of the following apply.
- Your unearned income was over \$1,900 (\$2,950 if 65 or older **and** blind).
  - Your earned income was over \$6,400 (\$7,450 if 65 or older **and** blind).
  - Your gross income was at least \$5 and your spouse files a separate return and itemizes deductions.
  - Your gross income was more than—

The larger of:	Plus	This amount:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• \$850, or</li> <li>• Your earned income (up to \$5,050) plus \$300.</li> </ul>	} }	\$1,050 (\$2,100 if 65 or older <b>and</b> blind)



## Chart C—Other Situations When You Must File

You must file a return if **either** of the following applies for 2007.

- You received any advance earned income credit (EIC) payments from your employer. These payments are shown in Form W-2, box 9.
- You owe tax from the recapture of an education credit or the alternative minimum tax. See the instructions for line 28 that begin on page 30.

You must file a return using Form 1040 if **any** of the following apply for 2007.

- You owe any special taxes, such as social security and Medicare tax on tips you did not report to your employer or on wages you received from an employer who did not withhold these taxes.
- You owe uncollected social security and Medicare or RRTA tax on tips you reported to your employer or on your group-term life insurance.
- You had net earnings from self-employment of at least \$400.
- You had wages of \$108.28 or more from a church or qualified church-controlled organization that is exempt from employer social security and Medicare taxes.
- You owe additional tax on a qualified plan, including an individual retirement arrangement (IRA), or other tax-favored account. But if you are filing a return only because you owe this tax, you can file **Form 5329** by itself.
- You owe additional tax on a health savings account from Form 8889, Part III.

## Would It Help You To Itemize Deductions on Form 1040?

You may be able to reduce your tax by itemizing deductions on Schedule A (Form 1040). Itemized deductions include amounts you paid for state and local income or sales taxes, real estate taxes, personal property taxes, and mortgage interest. You may also include gifts to charity and part of the amount you paid for medical and dental expenses. You would usually benefit by itemizing if—

Your filing status is:	AND	Your itemized deductions are more than:
<b>Single</b>		
• Under 65		• \$5,350
• 65 or older <b>or</b> blind		• 6,650
• 65 or older <b>and</b> blind		• 7,950
<b>Married filing jointly</b>		
• Under 65 (both spouses)		• \$10,700
• 65 or older <b>or</b> blind (one spouse)		• 11,750
• 65 or older <b>or</b> blind (both spouses)		• 12,800
• 65 or older <b>and</b> blind (one spouse)		• 12,800
• 65 or older <b>or</b> blind (one spouse) and 65 or older <b>and</b> blind (other spouse)		• 13,850
• 65 or older <b>and</b> blind (both spouses)		• 14,900
<b>Married filing separately*</b>		
• Your spouse itemizes deductions		• \$0
• Under 65		• 5,350
• 65 or older <b>or</b> blind		• 6,400
• 65 or older <b>and</b> blind		• 7,450
<b>Head of household</b>		
• Under 65		• \$7,850
• 65 or older <b>or</b> blind		• 9,150
• 65 or older <b>and</b> blind		• 10,450
<b>Qualifying widow(er) with dependent child</b>		
• Under 65		• \$10,700
• 65 or older <b>or</b> blind		• 11,750
• 65 or older <b>and</b> blind		• 12,800

\* If you can take an exemption for your spouse, see Standard Deduction Chart for People Born Before January 2, 1943, or Were Blind on page 31 for the amount that applies to you.

If someone can claim you as a dependent, it would benefit you to itemize deductions if they total more than your standard deduction figured on the Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents on page 31.

## Where To Report Certain Items From 2007 Forms W-2, 1098, and 1099



IRS *e-file* takes the guesswork out of preparing your return. You may also be eligible to use Free File to file your federal income tax return. Visit [www.irs.gov/efile](http://www.irs.gov/efile) for details.

If any **federal income tax withheld** is shown on these forms, include the tax withheld on Form 1040A, line 38.

Form	Item and Box in Which It Should Appear	Where To Report
W-2	Wages, tips, other compensation (box 1) Allocated tips (box 8) Advance EIC payment (box 9) Dependent care benefits (box 10) Adoption benefits (box 12, code T) Employer contributions to a health savings account (box 12, code W) Amount reported in box 12, code R or Z	Form 1040A, line 7 See <i>Tip income</i> on page 21 Form 1040A, line 36 Schedule 2, Part III Must file Form 1040 Must file Form 1040 if required to file Form 8889 (see the instructions for Form 8889) Must file Form 1040
W-2G	Gambling winnings (box 1)	Must file Form 1040
1098	Mortgage interest (box 1) Points (box 2) Refund of overpaid interest (box 3) Mortgage insurance premiums (box 4)	} Must file Form 1040 to deduct See the instructions on Form 1098 Must file Form 1040 to deduct
1098-C	Contributions of motor vehicles, boats, and airplanes	Must file Form 1040 to deduct
1098-E	Student loan interest (box 1)	See the instructions for Form 1040A, line 18, on page 29
1098-T	Qualified tuition and related expenses (box 1)	See the instructions for Form 1040A, line 19, on page 29, or line 31, on page 35, but first see the instructions on Form 1098-T
1099-A	Acquisition or abandonment of secured property	See Pub. 544
1099-B	Broker and barter exchange transactions	Must file Form 1040
1099-C	Canceled debt (box 2)	Must file Form 1040 if taxable (see the instructions on Form 1099-C)
1099-DIV	Total ordinary dividends (box 1a) Qualified dividends (box 1b) Total capital gain distributions (box 2a) Amount reported in box 2b, 2c, or 2d Nondividend distributions (box 3)  Investment expenses (box 5) Foreign tax paid (box 6)	Form 1040A, line 9a See the instructions for Form 1040A, line 9b, on page 22 See the instructions for Form 1040A, line 10, on page 22 Must file Form 1040 Must file Form 1040 if required to report as capital gains (see the instructions on Form 1099-DIV) Must file Form 1040 to deduct Must file Form 1040 to deduct or take a credit for the tax
1099-G	Unemployment compensation (box 1)  State or local income tax refund (box 2) Amount reported in box 5, 6, or 7	Form 1040A, line 13. But if you repaid any unemployment compensation in 2007, see the instructions for line 13 on page 25 See the instructions on page 21 Must file Form 1040
1099-INT	Interest income (box 1) Early withdrawal penalty (box 2) Interest on U.S. savings bonds and Treasury obligations (box 3) Investment expenses (box 5) Foreign tax paid (box 6) Tax-exempt interest (box 8) Specified private activity bond interest (box 9)	See the instructions for Form 1040A, line 8a, on page 21 Must file Form 1040 to deduct See the instructions for Form 1040A, line 8a, on page 21  Must file Form 1040 to deduct Must file Form 1040 to deduct or take a credit for the tax Form 1040A, line 8b Must file Form 1040
1099-LTC	Long-term care and accelerated death benefits	Must file Form 1040 if required to file Form 8853 (see the instructions for Form 8853)
1099-MISC	Miscellaneous income	Must file Form 1040
1099-OID	Original issue discount (box 1) Other periodic interest (box 2) Early withdrawal penalty (box 3) Original issue discount on U.S. Treasury obligations (box 6) Investment expenses (box 7)	} See the instructions on Form 1099-OID Must file Form 1040 to deduct See the instructions on Form 1099-OID  Must file Form 1040 to deduct

Form	Item and Box in Which It Should Appear	Where To Report
1099-PATR	Patronage dividends and other distributions from a cooperative (boxes 1, 2, 3, and 5) Domestic production activities deduction (box 6) Amount reported in box 7, 8, 9, or 10	Must file Form 1040 if taxable (see the instructions on Form 1099-PATR) Must file Form 1040 to deduct Must file Form 1040
1099-Q	Qualified education program payments	Must file Form 1040
1099-R	Distributions from IRAs*  Distributions from pensions, annuities, etc.  Capital gain (box 3)	See the instructions for Form 1040A, lines 11a and 11b, that begin on page 22 See the instructions for Form 1040A, lines 12a and 12b, that begin on page 23 See the instructions on Form 1099-R
1099-S	Gross proceeds from real estate transactions (box 2) Buyer's part of real estate tax (box 5)	Must file Form 1040 if required to report the sale (see Pub. 523) Must file Form 1040
1099-SA	Distributions from HSAs and MSAs**	Must file Form 1040

*\*This includes distributions from Roth, SEP, and SIMPLE IRAs.*  
*\*\*This includes distributions from Archer and Medicare Advantage MSAs.*

## Who Can Use Form 1040A?

You can use Form 1040A if all six of the following apply.

1. You only had income from the following sources:
  - a. Wages, salaries, tips.
  - b. Interest and ordinary dividends.
  - c. Capital gain distributions.
  - d. Taxable scholarship and fellowship grants.
  - e. Pensions, annuities, and IRAs.
  - f. Unemployment compensation.
  - g. Taxable social security and railroad retirement benefits.
  - h. Alaska Permanent Fund dividends.
2. The only adjustments to income you can claim are:
  - a. Educator expenses.
  - b. IRA deduction.
  - c. Student loan interest deduction.
  - d. Tuition and fees deduction.
3. You do not itemize deductions.
4. Your taxable income (line 27) is less than \$100,000.
5. The only tax credits you can claim are:
  - a. Child tax credit.
  - b. Additional child tax credit.
  - c. Education credits.
  - d. Earned income credit.
  - e. Credit for child and dependent care expenses.
  - f. Credit for the elderly or the disabled.
  - g. Retirement savings contributions credit.
6. You did not have an alternative minimum tax adjustment on stock you acquired from the exercise of an incentive stock option (see Pub. 525).

You can also use Form 1040A if you received advance earned income credit (EIC) payments, dependent care benefits, or if you owe tax from the recapture of an education credit or the alternative minimum tax.

## When Must You Use Form 1040?

Check *Where To Report Certain Items From 2007 Forms W-2, 1098, and 1099* beginning on page 10 to see if you must use Form 1040. You must also use Form 1040 if any of the following apply.

1. You received any of the following types of income:
  - a. Income from self-employment (business or farm income).
  - b. Certain tips you did not report to your employer. See the instructions for Form 1040A, line 7, on page 21.
  - c. Income received as a partner in a partnership, shareholder in an S corporation, or a beneficiary of an estate or trust.
  - d. Dividends on insurance policies if they exceed the total of all net premiums you paid for the contract.
2. You received or paid interest on securities transferred between interest payment dates.
3. You can exclude any of the following types of income:
  - a. Foreign earned income you received as a U.S. citizen or resident alien.
  - b. Certain income received from sources in Puerto Rico if you were a bona fide resident of Puerto Rico.
  - c. Certain income received from sources in American Samoa if you were a bona fide resident of American Samoa for all of 2007.
4. You have an alternative minimum tax adjustment on stock you acquired from the exercise of an incentive stock option (see Pub. 525).
5. You had a financial account in a foreign country, such as a bank account or securities account. **Exception.** If the combined value of the accounts was \$10,000 or less during all of 2007 or if the accounts were with a U.S. military banking facility operated by a U.S. financial institution, you may file Form 1040A.
6. You received a distribution from a foreign trust.
7. You owe the excise tax on insider stock compensation from an expatriated corporation.
8. You are reporting original issue discount (OID) in an amount more or less than the amount shown on Form 1099-OID.

9. You owe household employment taxes. See Schedule H (Form 1040) and its instructions to find out if you owe these taxes.

10. You are eligible for the health coverage tax credit. See Form 8885 for details.

11. You are claiming the adoption credit or received employer-provided adoption benefits. See Form 8839 for details.

12. You are an employee and your employer did not withhold social security and Medicare tax. See Form 8919 for details.

13. You had a qualified health savings account funding distribution from your IRA.

14. You are a debtor in a bankruptcy case filed after October 16, 2005.

# Tax Return Page References

Questions about what to put on a line? Help is on the page number in the circle.

<b>Label</b> (See page 15.)  <b>Use the IRS label.</b> Otherwise, please print or type.  <b>Presidential Election Campaign</b>	<b>15</b> LABEL HERE	Your first name and initial _____ Last name _____	OMB No. 1545-0074 Your social security number _____ <b>15</b> Spouse's social security number _____ <b>15</b>
	If a joint return, spouse's first name and initial _____ Last name _____		You must enter your SSN(s) above.
	Home address (number and street). If you have a P.O. box, see page 15. _____ Apt. no. _____		
	City, town or post office, state, and ZIP code. If you have a foreign address, see page 15. _____		
Checking a box below will not change your tax or refund.			<input type="checkbox"/> You <input type="checkbox"/> Spouse

**Filing status** Check only one box. **15**

1 <input type="checkbox"/> Single 2 <input type="checkbox"/> Married filing jointly (even if only one had income) 3 <input type="checkbox"/> Married filing separately. Enter spouse's SSN above and full name here.	4 <input type="checkbox"/> Head of household (with qualifying person). (See page 16.) If the qualifying person is a child but not your dependent, enter this child's name here. 5 <input type="checkbox"/> Qualifying widow(er) with dependent child (see page 17)
--	---

**Exemptions**

6a  Yourself. If someone can claim you as a dependent, do not check box 6a.

6b  Spouse

6c Dependents:

(1) First name	Last name	(2) Dependent's social security number	(3) Dependent's relationship to you	(4) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> if qualifying child for child tax credit (see page 18)
				<input type="checkbox"/>
				<input type="checkbox"/>
				<input type="checkbox"/>
				<input type="checkbox"/>
				<input type="checkbox"/>
				<input type="checkbox"/>

If more than six dependents, see page 18. **18**

Boxes checked on 6a and 6b: \_\_\_\_\_  
 No. of children on 6c who:  
 • lived with you: \_\_\_\_\_  
 • did not live with you due to divorce or separation (see page 19): \_\_\_\_\_

Dependents on 6c not entered above: \_\_\_\_\_

Add numbers on lines above:

d Total number of exemptions claimed. **17**

**Income** **54**

Attach Form(s) W-2 here. Also attach Form(s) 1099-R if tax was withheld.

If you did not get a W-2, see page 21. **21**

Enclose, but do not attach, any payment.

7 Wages, salaries, tips, etc. Attach Form(s) W-2.	7	<b>21</b>
8a Taxable interest. Attach Schedule 1 if required.	8a	<b>21</b>
b Tax-exempt interest. Do not include on line 8a.	8b	<b>21</b>
9a Ordinary dividends. Attach Schedule 1 if required.	9a	<b>22</b>
b Qualified dividends (see page 22).	9b	<b>22</b>
10 Capital gain distributions (see page 22).	10	<b>22</b>
11a IRA distributions.	11a	<b>22</b>
11b Taxable amount (see page 22).	11b	<b>22</b>
12a Pensions and annuities.	12a	<b>23</b>
12b Taxable amount (see page 23).	12b	<b>23</b>
13 Unemployment compensation and Alaska Permanent Fund dividends.	13	<b>25</b>
14a Social security benefits.	14a	<b>25</b>
14b Taxable amount (see page 25).	14b	<b>25</b>
15 Add lines 7 through 14b (far right column). This is your total income.	15	<b>15</b>

**Adjusted gross income**

16 Educator expenses (see page 25). <b>New</b>	16	<b>25</b>
17 IRA deduction (see page 27).	17	<b>27</b>
18 Student loan interest deduction (see page 29).	18	<b>29</b>
19 Tuition and fees deduction. Attach Form 8917. <b>New</b>	19	<b>29</b>
20 Add lines 16 through 19. These are your total adjustments.	20	<b>20</b>
21 Subtract line 20 from line 15. This is your adjusted gross income.	21	<b>21</b>

# Tax Return Page References

Questions about what to put on a line? Help is on the page number in the circle.

<b>Tax, credits, and payments</b>	<b>22</b>	Enter the amount from line 21 (adjusted gross income).	22	
	<b>23a</b>	Check if: <input type="checkbox"/> You were born before January 2, 1943, <input type="checkbox"/> Blind <input type="checkbox"/> Spouse was born before January 2, 1943, <input type="checkbox"/> Blind } Total boxes checked ▶ 23a <input style="width: 40px; height: 20px;" type="text"/>		
	<b>b</b>	If you are married filing separately and your spouse itemizes deductions, see page 30 and check here ▶ 23b <input type="checkbox"/>		
	<b>24</b>	Enter your <b>standard deduction</b> (see left margin).	24	(30)
	<b>25</b>	Subtract line 24 from line 22. If line 24 is more than line 22, enter -0-.	25	
	<b>26</b>	If line 22 is \$117,300 or less, multiply \$3,400 by the total number of exemptions claimed on line 6d. If line 22 is over \$117,300, see the worksheet on page 32.	26	
	<b>27</b>	Subtract line 26 from line 25. If line 26 is more than line 25, enter -0-. This is your <b>taxable income</b> .	27	
	<b>28</b>	<b>Tax</b> , including any alternative minimum tax (see page 30).	28	(30)
	<b>29</b>	Credit for child and dependent care expenses. Attach Schedule 2.	29	(34)
	<b>30</b>	Credit for the elderly or the disabled. Attach Schedule 3.	30	(34)
	<b>31</b>	Education credits. Attach Form 8863.	31	(35)
	<b>32</b>	Child tax credit (see page 35). Attach Form 8901 if required.	32	(35)
	<b>33</b>	Retirement savings contributions credit. Attach Form 8880.	33	(37)
	<b>34</b>	Add lines 29 through 33. These are your <b>total credits</b> .	34	
	<b>35</b>	Subtract line 34 from line 28. If line 34 is more than line 28, enter -0-.	35	
	<b>36</b>	Advance earned income credit payments from Form(s) W-2, box 9.	36	
	<b>37</b>	Add lines 35 and 36. This is your <b>total tax</b> .	37	
	<b>38</b>	Federal income tax withheld from Forms W-2 and 1099.	38	(37)
	<b>39</b>	2007 estimated tax payments and amount applied from 2006 return.	39	(37)
	<b>40a</b>	<b>Earned income credit (EIC)</b> .	40a	(38)
	<b>b</b>	Nontaxable combat pay election. 40b	40b	(40)
	<b>41</b>	Additional child tax credit. Attach Form 8812.	41	(51)
	<b>42</b>	Add lines 38, 39, 40a, and 41. These are your <b>total payments</b> .	42	(51)
<b>Refund</b>	<b>43</b>	If line 42 is more than line 37, subtract line 37 from line 42. This is the amount you <b>overpaid</b> .	43	(51)
	<b>44a</b>	Amount of line 43 you want <b>refunded to you</b> . If Form 8888 is attached, check here ▶ <input type="checkbox"/> 44a		
	<b>b</b>	Routing number <input style="width: 100px; height: 20px;" type="text"/> ▶ c Type: <input type="checkbox"/> Checking <input type="checkbox"/> Savings		(52)
	<b>d</b>	Account number <input style="width: 100px; height: 20px;" type="text"/>		
	<b>45</b>	Amount of line 43 you want <b>applied to your 2008 estimated tax</b> .	45	(53)
<b>Amount you owe</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>Amount you owe</b> . Subtract line 42 from line 37. For details on how to pay, see page 53.	46	(53)
	<b>47</b>	Estimated tax penalty (see page 53).	47	(53)
<b>Third party designee</b>	Do you want to allow another person to discuss this return with the IRS (see page 54)? <input type="checkbox"/> <b>Yes</b> . Complete the following. <input type="checkbox"/> <b>No</b>			
	Designee's name ▶	(54)	Phone no. ( )	Personal identification number (PIN) ▶ <input style="width: 40px; height: 20px;" type="text"/>
<b>Sign here</b>	Under penalties of perjury, I declare that I have examined this return and accompanying schedules and statements, and to the best of my knowledge and belief, they are true, correct, and accurately list all amounts and sources of income I received during the tax year. Declaration of preparer (other than the taxpayer) is based on all information of which the preparer has any knowledge.			
	Your signature ▶	(54)	Date	Your occupation
	Spouse's signature. If a joint return, <b>both</b> must sign.		Date	Spouse's occupation
	Daytime phone number ( )			
<b>Paid preparer's use only</b>	Preparer's signature ▶	(54)	Date	Preparer's SSN or PTIN
	Firm's name (or yours if self-employed), address, and ZIP code ▶		EIN	Check if self-employed <input type="checkbox"/>
			Phone no. ( )	

**Standard Deduction for—**

- People who checked any box on line 23a or 23b or who can be claimed as a dependent, see page 30.
- All others:
  - Single or Married filing separately, \$5,350
  - Married filing jointly or Qualifying widow(er), \$10,700
  - Head of household, \$7,850

If you have a qualifying child, attach Schedule EIC.

Direct deposit? See page 52 and fill in 44b, 44c, and 44d or Form 8888.



# Line Instructions for Form 1040A



[www.irs.gov/efile](http://www.irs.gov/efile) for details.

IRS e-file takes the guesswork out of preparing your return. You may also be eligible to use Free File to file your federal income tax return. Visit

## Name and Address

### Use the Peel-Off Label

Using your peel-off name and address label on the back cover of this booklet will speed the processing of your return. It also prevents common errors that can delay refunds or result in unnecessary notices. Put the label on your return after you have finished it. Cross out any incorrect information and print the correct information. Add any missing items, such as your apartment number.

**Address change.** If the address on your peel-off label is not your current address, cross out the old address and print your new address. If you plan to move after filing your return, use Form 8822 to notify the IRS of your new address.

**Name change.** If you changed your name because of marriage, divorce, etc., be sure to report the change to your local Social Security Administration office before you file your return. This prevents delays in processing your return and issuing refunds. It also safeguards your future social security benefits. See page 67 for more details. If you received a peel-off label, cross out your former name and print your new name.

**What if you do not have a label?** Print or type the information in the spaces provided. If you are married filing a separate return, enter your husband's or wife's name on line 3 instead of below your name.



*If you filed a joint return for 2006 and you are filing a joint return for 2007 with the same spouse, be sure to enter your names and SSNs in the same order as on your 2006 return.*

**P.O. box.** Enter your box number only if your post office does not deliver mail to your home.

**Foreign address.** Enter the information in the following order: City, province or state, and country. Follow the country's practice for entering the postal code. Do not abbreviate the country name.

**What if a taxpayer died?** See *Death of a taxpayer* on page 68.

## Social Security Number (SSN)

An incorrect or missing SSN can increase your tax or reduce your refund. To apply for an SSN, fill in Form SS-5 and return it, along with the appropriate evidence documents, to the Social Security Administration (SSA). You can get Form SS-5 online at [www.socialsecurity.gov](http://www.socialsecurity.gov), from your local SSA office, or by calling the SSA at 1-800-772-1213. It usually takes about 2 weeks to get an SSN once the SSA has all the evidence and information it needs.

Check that your SSN on your Forms W-2 and 1099 agrees with your social security card. If not, see page 67 for more details.

**IRS individual taxpayer identification numbers (ITINs) for aliens.** If you are a nonresident or resident alien and you do not have and are not eligible to get an SSN, you must apply for an ITIN. For details on how to do so, see Form W-7 and its instructions. It usually takes about 4–6 weeks to get an ITIN.

If you already have an ITIN, enter it wherever your SSN is requested on your tax return.



*An ITIN is for tax use only. It does not entitle you to social security benefits or change your employment or immigration status under U.S. law.*

**Nonresident alien spouse.** If your spouse is a nonresident alien he or she must have either an SSN or an ITIN if:

- You file a joint return,
- You file a separate return and claim an exemption for your spouse, or
- Your spouse is filing a separate return.

## Presidential Election Campaign Fund

This fund helps pay for Presidential election campaigns. The fund reduces candidates' dependence on large contributions from individuals and groups and places candidates on an equal financial footing in the general election. If you want \$3 to go to this fund, check the box. If you are filing a joint return, your spouse can also have \$3 go to the fund. If you check a box, your tax or refund will not change.

## Filing Status

Check only the filing status that applies to you. The ones that will usually give you the lowest tax are listed last.

- Married filing separately.
- Single.
- Head of household.
- Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) with dependent child.



*More than one filing status can apply to you. Choose the one that will give you the lowest tax.*

### Line 1

#### Single

You can check the box on line 1 if any of the following was true on December 31, 2007.

- You were never married.
- You were legally separated, according to your state law, under a decree of divorce or separate maintenance.
- You were widowed before January 1, 2007, and did not remarry before the end of 2007. But, if you have a dependent child, you may be able to use the qualifying widow(er) filing status. See the instructions for line 5 on page 17.

### Line 2

#### Married Filing Jointly

You can check the box on line 2 if any of the following apply.

- You were married at the end of 2007, even if you did not live with your spouse at the end of 2007.
- Your spouse died in 2007 and you did not remarry in 2007.
- You were married at the end of 2007, and your spouse died in 2008 before filing a 2007 return.

For federal tax purposes, a marriage means only a legal union between a man and a woman as husband and wife. A husband and wife filing jointly report their combined income and deduct their combined allowable expenses on one return. They can file a joint return even if only one had income or if they did not live together all year. However, both persons must sign the return. Once you file a joint return, you cannot choose to file separate returns for that year after the due date of the return.

**Joint and several tax liability.** If you file a joint return, both you and your spouse are generally responsible for the tax and any interest or penalties due on the return. This means that if one spouse does not pay the tax due, the other may have to. However, see *Innocent spouse relief* on page 67.

**Nonresident aliens and dual-status aliens.** Generally, a husband and wife cannot file a joint return if either spouse is a nonresident alien at any time during the year. However, if you were a nonresident alien or a dual-status alien and were married to a U.S. citizen or resident alien at the end of 2007, you may elect to be treated as a resident alien and file a joint return. See Pub. 519 for details.

---

## Line 3

### Married Filing Separately

If you are married and file a separate return, you will usually pay more tax than if you use another filing status for which you qualify. Also, if you file a separate return, you cannot take the student loan interest deduction, the tuition and fees deduction, the education credits, or the earned income credit. You also cannot take the standard deduction if your spouse itemizes deductions.

Generally, you report only your own income, exemptions, deductions, and credits. Different rules apply to people in community property states. See page 21.

Be sure to enter your spouse's SSN or ITIN on Form 1040A unless your spouse does not have and is not required to have an SSN or ITIN.



*You may be able to file as head of household if you had a child living with you and you lived apart from your spouse during the last 6 months of 2007. See Married persons who live apart on this page.*

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## Line 4

### Head of Household

This filing status is for unmarried individuals who provide a home for certain other persons. (Some married persons who live apart are considered unmarried. See *Married persons who live apart* on this page. If you are married to a nonresident alien, you may also be considered unmarried. See *Nonresident alien spouse* on this page.) You can check the box on line 4 only if you were unmarried or legally separated (according to your state law) under a decree of divorce or separate maintenance at the end of 2007 and either *Test 1* or *Test 2* below applies.

**Test 1.** You paid over half the cost of keeping up a home that was the main home for all of 2007 of your parent whom you can claim as a dependent, except under a multiple support agreement (see page 20). Your parent did not have to live with you.

**Test 2.** You paid over half the cost of keeping up a home in which you lived and in which one of the following also lived for more than half of the year (if half or less, see *Exception to time lived with you* on this page).

1. Any person whom you can claim as a dependent. But do not include:

a. Your qualifying child (as defined in Step 1 on page 18) whom you claim as your dependent based on the rule for *Children of divorced or separated parents* that begins on page 19,

b. Any person who is your dependent only because he or she lived with you for all of 2007, or

c. Any person you claimed as a dependent under a multiple support agreement. See page 20.

2. Your unmarried qualifying child who is not your dependent.

3. Your married qualifying child who is not your dependent only because you can be claimed as a dependent on someone else's 2007 return.

4. Your child who is neither your dependent nor your qualifying child because of the rule for *Children of divorced or separated parents* that begins on page 19.

If the child is not your dependent, enter the child's name on line 4. If you do not enter the name, it will take us longer to process your return.

**Dependent.** To find out if someone is your dependent, see the instructions for line 6c that begin on page 18.

**Exception to time lived with you.** Temporary absences for special circumstances, such as for school, vacation, medical care, military service, and detention in a juvenile facility, count as time lived in the home. If the person for whom you kept up a home was born or died in 2007, you can still file as head of household as long as the home was that person's main home for the part of the year he or she was alive. Also see *Kidnapped child* on page 20, if applicable.

**Keeping up a home.** To find out what is included in the cost of keeping up a home, see Pub. 501.

If you used payments you received under Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) or other public assistance programs to pay part of the cost of keeping up your home, you cannot count them as money you paid. However, you must include them in the total cost of keeping up your home to figure if you paid over half the cost.

**Married persons who live apart.** Even if you were not divorced or legally separated at the end of 2007, you are considered unmarried if all of the following apply.

- You lived apart from your spouse for the last 6 months of 2007. Temporary absences for special circumstances, such as for business, medical care, school, or military service, count as time lived in the home.

- You file a separate return from your spouse.

- You paid over half the cost of keeping up your home for 2007.

- Your home was the main home of your child, stepchild, or foster child for more than half of 2007 (if half or less, see *Exception to time lived with you* on this page).

- You can claim this child as your dependent or could claim the child except that the child's other parent can claim him or her under the rule for *Children of divorced or separated parents* that begins on page 19.

**Adopted child.** An adopted child is always treated as your own child. An adopted child includes a child lawfully placed with you for legal adoption.

**Foster child.** A foster child is any child placed with you by an authorized placement agency or by judgment, decree, or other order of any court of competent jurisdiction.

**Nonresident alien spouse.** You are considered unmarried for head of household filing status if your spouse was a nonresident alien at any time during the year and you do not choose to treat him or her as a resident alien. To claim head of household filing status, you must also meet *Test 1* or *Test 2* on this page.

---

**Line 5****Qualifying Widow(er) With Dependent Child**

You can check the box on line 5 and use joint return tax rates for 2007 if all of the following apply.

- Your spouse died in 2005 or 2006 and you did not remarry before the end of 2007.
- You have a child or stepchild whom you claim as a dependent. This does not include a foster child.
- This child lived in your home for all of 2007. If the child did not live with you for the required time, see *Exception to time lived with you* below.
- You paid over half the cost of keeping up your home.
- You could have filed a joint return with your spouse the year he or she died, even if you did not actually do so.

If your spouse died in 2007, you cannot file as qualifying widow(er) with dependent child. Instead, see the instructions for line 2 that begin on page 15.

**Adopted child.** An adopted child is always treated as your own child. An adopted child includes a child lawfully placed with you for legal adoption.

**Dependent.** To find out if someone is your dependent, see the instructions for line 6c that begin on page 18.

**Exception to time lived with you.** Temporary absences for special circumstances, such as for school, vacation, medical care, military service, and detention in a juvenile facility, count as time lived in the home. A child is considered to have lived with you for all of 2007 if the child was born or died in 2007 and your home was the child's home for the entire time he or she was alive. Also see *Kidnapped child* on page 20, if applicable.

**Keeping up a home.** To find out what is included in the cost of keeping up a home, see Pub. 501.

If you used payments you received under Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) or other public assistance programs to pay part of the cost of keeping up your home, you cannot count them as money you paid. However, you must include them in the

total cost of keeping up your home to figure if you paid over half the cost.

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**Exemptions**

You usually can deduct \$3,400 on line 26 for each exemption you can take.

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**Line 6b****Spouse**

Check the box on line 6b if either of the following applies.

1. Your filing status is married filing jointly and your spouse cannot be claimed as a dependent on another person's return.
2. You were married at the end of 2007, your filing status is married filing separately or head of household, and both of the following apply.
  - a. Your spouse had no income and is not filing a return.
  - b. Your spouse cannot be claimed as a dependent on another person's return.

If your filing status is head of household and you check the box on line 6b, enter the name of your spouse on the line next to line 6b. Also, enter your spouse's social security number in the space provided at the top of your return. If you were divorced or legally separated at the end of 2007, you cannot take an exemption for your former spouse. If, at the end of 2007, your divorce was not final (an interlocutory decree), you are considered married for the whole year.

**Death of your spouse.** If your spouse died in 2007 and you did not remarry by the end of 2007, check the box on line 6b if you could have taken an exemption for your spouse on the date of death. For other filing instructions, see *Death of a taxpayer* on page 68.

## Line 6c—Dependents

### Dependents and Qualifying Child for Child Tax Credit

Follow the steps below to find out if a person qualifies as your dependent, qualifies you to take the child tax credit, or both. If you have more than six dependents, attach a statement to your return with the required information.

#### Step 1 Do You Have a Qualifying Child?

A qualifying child is a child who is your...

Son, daughter, stepchild, foster child, brother, sister, stepbrother, stepsister, or a descendant of any of them (for example, your grandchild, niece, or nephew)

**AND**

was ...

Under age 19 at the end of 2007

or

Under age 24 at the end of 2007 and a student (see page 20)

or

Any age and permanently and totally disabled (see page 20)

**AND**

who...

Did not provide over half of his or her own support for 2007 (see Pub. 501)

**AND**

who...

Lived with you for more than half of 2007. If the child did not live with you for the required time, see *Exception to time lived with you* on page 20.



If the child meets the conditions to be a qualifying child of any other person (other than your spouse if filing jointly) for 2007, see *Qualifying child of more than one person* on page 20.

- Do you have a child who meets the conditions to be your qualifying child?

**Yes.** Go to Step 2.       **No.** Go to Step 4 on page 19.

#### Step 2 Is Your Qualifying Child Your Dependent?

- Was the child a U.S. citizen, U.S. national, U.S. resident alien, or a resident of Canada or Mexico? If the child was adopted, see *Exception to citizen test* on page 20.

**Yes.** Continue

**No.**

You cannot claim this child as a dependent. Go to Form 1040A, line 7.

- Was the child married?

**Yes.** See *Married person* on page 20.

**No.** Continue

- Could you, or your spouse if filing jointly, be claimed as a dependent on someone else's 2007 tax return? See Steps 1, 2, and 4.

**Yes.** You cannot claim any dependents. Go to Step 3.

**No.** You can claim this child as a dependent. Complete Form 1040A, line 6c, columns (1) through (3) for this child. Then, go to Step 3.

#### Step 3 Does Your Qualifying Child Qualify You for the Child Tax Credit?

- Was the child under age 17 at the end of 2007?

**Yes.** Continue

**No.**

This child is not a qualifying child for the child tax credit. Go to Form 1040A, line 7.

- Was the child a U.S. citizen, U.S. national, or U.S. resident alien? If the child was adopted, see *Exception to citizen test* on page 20.

**Yes.** This child is a qualifying child for the child tax credit. If this child is your dependent, check the box on Form 1040A, line 6c, column (4). Otherwise, you must complete and attach Form 8901.

**No.**

This child is not a qualifying child for the child tax credit. Go to Form 1040A, line 7.



**Step 4** **Is Your Qualifying Relative Your Dependent?**

**A qualifying relative is a person who is your...**

Son, daughter, stepchild, foster child, or a descendant of any of them (for example, your grandchild)

or

Brother, sister, or a son or daughter of either of them (for example, your niece or nephew)

or

Father, mother, or an ancestor or sibling of either of them (for example, your grandmother, grandfather, aunt, or uncle)

or

Stepbrother, stepsister, stepfather, stepmother, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, father-in-law, mother-in-law, brother-in-law, or sister-in-law

or

Any other person (other than your spouse) who lived with you all year as a member of your household if your relationship did not violate local law. If the person did not live with you for the required time, see *Exception to time lived with you* on page 20

**AND**

**who was not...**

A qualifying child (see Step 1) of any taxpayer for 2007 (see Pub. 501 if the child lived in Canada or Mexico)

**AND**

**who...**

Had gross income of less than \$3,400 in 2007. If the person was permanently and totally disabled, see *Exception to gross income test* on page 20

**AND**

**For whom you provided...**

Over half of his or her support in 2007. But see the special rule for *Children of divorced or separated parents* that begins on this page, *Multiple support agreements* on page 20, and *Kidnapped child* on page 20.

1. Does any person meet the conditions to be your qualifying relative?
  - Yes.** Continue
  - No.** Go to Form 1040A, line 7.

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2. Was your qualifying relative a U.S. citizen, U.S. national, U.S. resident alien, or a resident of Canada or Mexico? If your qualifying relative was adopted, see *Exception to citizen test* on page 20.
  - Yes.** Continue
  - No.** You cannot claim this person as a dependent. Go to Form 1040A, line 7.

---

3. Was your qualifying relative married?
  - Yes.** See *Married person* on page 20.
  - No.** Continue

---

4. Could you, or your spouse if filing jointly, be claimed as a dependent on someone else's 2007 tax return? See Steps 1, 2, and 4.
  - Yes.** You cannot claim any dependents. Go to Form 1040A, line 7.
  - No.** You can claim this person as a dependent. Complete Form 1040A, line 6c, columns (1) through (3). Do not check the box on Form 1040A, line 6c, column (4).

**Definitions and Special Rules**

**Adopted child.** An adopted child is always treated as your own child. An adopted child includes a child lawfully placed with you for legal adoption.

**Adoption taxpayer identification numbers (ATINs).** If you have a dependent who was placed with you for legal adoption and you do not know his or her SSN, you must get an ATIN for the dependent from the IRS. See Form W-7A for details.

**Children of divorced or separated parents.** A child will be treated as being the qualifying child or qualifying relative of his or her noncustodial parent (the parent with whom the child lived for the lesser part of 2007) if all of the following conditions apply.

1. The parents are divorced, legally separated, separated under a written separation agreement, or lived apart at all times during the last 6 months of 2007.
2. The child received over half of his or her support for 2007 from the parents (without regard to the rules on *Multiple support agreements* on page 20). Support of a child received from a parent's spouse is treated as provided by the parent.
3. The child is in custody of one or both of the parents for more than half of 2007.
4. Either of the following applies.
  - a. The custodial parent signs Form 8332 or a substantially similar statement that he or she will not claim the child as a dependent for 2007 and the noncustodial parent attaches the form or statement to his or her return. If the divorce decree or separation agreement went into effect after 1984, the noncustodial parent can attach certain pages from the decree or agreement instead of Form 8332. See *Post-1984 decree or agreement* on page 20.
  - b. A pre-1985 decree of divorce or separate maintenance or written separation agreement between the parents provides that the noncustodial parent can claim the child as a dependent, and the noncustodial parent provides at least \$600 for support of the child during 2007.

If conditions (1) through (4) apply, only the noncustodial parent can claim the child for purposes of the dependency exemption (line

6c) and the child tax credits (lines 32 and 41). However, this special rule does not apply to head of household filing status, the credit for child and dependent care expenses, the exclusion for dependent care benefits, or the earned income credit. See Pub. 501 for details.

**Post-1984 decree or agreement.** The decree or agreement must state all three of the following.

1. The noncustodial parent can claim the child as a dependent without regard to any condition, such as payment of support.
2. The other parent will not claim the child as a dependent.
3. The years for which the claim is released.

The noncustodial parent must attach all of the following pages from the decree or agreement.

- Cover page (include the other parent's SSN on that page).
- The pages that include all the information identified in (1) through (3) above.
- Signature page with the other parent's signature and date of agreement.



*You must attach the required information even if you filed it with your return in an earlier year.*

**Exception to citizen test.** If you are a U.S. citizen or U.S. national and your adopted child lived with you all year as a member of your household, that child meets the citizen test.

**Exception to gross income test.** If your relative (including a person who lived with you all year as a member of your household) is permanently and totally disabled (defined on this page), certain income for services performed at a sheltered workshop may be excluded for this test. For details, see Pub. 501.

**Exception to time lived with you.** A person is considered to have lived with you for all of 2007 if the person was born or died in 2007 and your home was this person's home for the entire time he or she was alive. Temporary absences for special circumstances, such as for school, vacation, medical care, military service, or detention in a juvenile facility, count as time lived with you. Also see *Children of divorced or separated parents* that begins on page 19 or *Kidnapped child* below.

**Foster child.** A foster child is any child placed with you by an authorized placement agency or by judgment, decree, or other order of any court of competent jurisdiction.

**Kidnapped child.** If your child is presumed by law enforcement authorities to have been kidnapped by someone who is not a family member, you may be able to take the child into account in determining your eligibility for head of household or qualifying widow(er) filing status, the deduction for dependents, child tax credit, and the earned income credit (EIC). For details, see Pub. 501 (Pub. 596 for the EIC).

**Married person.** If the person is married, you cannot claim that person as your dependent if he or she files a joint return. But this rule does not apply if the return is filed only as a claim for refund and no tax liability would exist for either spouse if they had filed separate returns. If the person meets this exception, go to Step 2, question 3, on page 18 (for a qualifying child) or Step 4, question 4, on page 19 (for a qualifying relative). If the person does not meet this exception, go to Step 3 on page 18 (for a qualifying child) or Form 1040A, line 7 (for a qualifying relative).

**Multiple support agreements.** If no one person contributed over half of the support of your relative (including a person who lived with you all year as a member of your household) but you and another person(s) provided more than half of your relative's support, special rules may apply that would treat you as having provided over half of the support. For details, see Pub. 501.

**Permanently and totally disabled.** A person is permanently and totally disabled if, at any time in 2007, the person cannot engage in any substantial gainful activity because of a physical or mental

condition and a doctor has determined that this condition has lasted or can be expected to last continuously for at least a year or can be expected to lead to death.

**Qualifying child of more than one person.** If the child is the qualifying child of more than one person, only one person can claim the child as a qualifying child for all of the following tax benefits, unless the special rule for *Children of divorced or separated parents* beginning on page 19 applies.

1. Dependency exemption (line 6c).
2. Child tax credits (lines 32 and 41).
3. Head of household filing status (line 4).
4. Credit for child and dependent care expenses (line 29).
5. Exclusion for dependent care benefits (Schedule 2, Part III).
6. Earned income credit (lines 40a and 40b).

No other person can take any of the six tax benefits listed above unless he or she has a different qualifying child. If you and any other person claim the child as a qualifying child, the IRS will apply the following rules.

- If only one of the persons is the child's parent, the child will be treated as the qualifying child of the parent.
- If two of the persons are the child's parents, the child will be treated as the qualifying child of the parent with whom the child lived for the longer period of time in 2007. If the child lived with each parent for the same amount of time, the child will be treated as the qualifying child of the parent who had the higher adjusted gross income (AGI) for 2007.
- If none of the persons are the child's parent, the child will be treated as the qualifying child of the person who had the highest AGI for 2007.

**Example.** Your daughter meets the conditions to be a qualifying child for both you and your mother. If you and your mother both claim tax benefits based on the child, the rules above apply. Under these rules, you are entitled to treat your daughter as a qualifying child for all of the six tax benefits listed above for which you otherwise qualify. Your mother would not be entitled to take any of the six tax benefits listed above unless she has a different qualifying child.

If you will be claiming the child as a qualifying child, go to Step 2 on page 18. Otherwise, stop; you cannot claim any benefits based on this child. Go to Form 1040A, line 7.

**Social security number.** You must enter each dependent's social security number (SSN). Be sure the name and SSN entered agree with the dependent's social security card. Otherwise, at the time we process your return, we may disallow the exemption claimed for the dependent and reduce or disallow any other tax benefits (such as the child tax credit) based on that dependent. If the name or SSN on the dependent's social security card is not correct, call the Social Security Administration at 1-800-772-1213. For details on how your dependent can get an SSN, see page 15. If your dependent will not have a number by the date your return is due, see *What If You Cannot File on Time?* on page 6.

If your dependent child was born and died in 2007 and you do not have an SSN for the child, you can attach a copy of the child's birth certificate instead and enter "Died" in column (2).

**Student.** A student is a child who during any part of 5 calendar months of 2007 was enrolled as a full-time student at a school, or took a full-time, on-farm training course given by a school or a state, county, or local government agency. A school includes a technical, trade, or mechanical school. It does not include an on-the-job training course, correspondence school, or school offering courses only through the Internet.



## Income

### Rounding Off to Whole Dollars

You can round off cents to whole dollars on your return and schedules. If you do round to whole dollars, you must round all amounts. To round, drop amounts under 50 cents and increase amounts from 50 to 99 cents to the next dollar. For example, \$1.39 becomes \$1 and \$2.50 becomes \$3.

If you have to add two or more amounts to figure the amount to enter on a line, include cents when adding the amounts and round off only the total.

**Example.** You received two Forms W-2, one showing wages of \$5,009.55 and one showing wages of \$8,760.73. On Form 1040A, line 7, you would enter \$13,770 (\$5,009.55 + \$8,760.73 = \$13,770.28).

### Refunds of State or Local Income Taxes

If you received a refund, credit, or offset of state or local income taxes in 2007, you may receive a Form 1099-G.

For the year the tax was paid to the state or other taxing authority, did you itemize deductions?

- No.** None of your refund is taxable.
- Yes.** You may have to report part or all of the refund as income on Form 1040 for 2007. See Pub. 525 for details.

### Community Property States

Community property states are Arizona, California, Idaho, Louisiana, Nevada, New Mexico, Texas, Washington, and Wisconsin. If you and your spouse lived in a community property state, you must usually follow state law to determine what is community income and what is separate income. For details, see Pub. 555.

**California domestic partners.** A registered domestic partner in California must report all wages, salaries, and other compensation received for his or her personal services on his or her own return. Therefore, a registered domestic partner cannot report half the combined income earned by the individual and his or her domestic partner as a married person filing separately does in California.

### Foreign Retirement Plans

If you were a beneficiary of a foreign retirement plan, you may have to report the undistributed income earned in your plan. However, if you were the beneficiary of a Canadian registered retirement plan, see Form 8891 to find out if you can elect to defer tax on the undistributed income. If you elect to defer tax, you must use Form 1040.

Report distributions from foreign pension plans on lines 12a and 12b.

## Line 7

### Wages, Salaries, Tips, etc.

Enter the total of your wages, salaries, tips, etc. If a joint return, also include your spouse's income. For most people, the amount to enter on this line should be shown in box 1 of their Form(s) W-2.

**Wages received as a household employee.** Wages received as a household employee for which you did not receive a Form W-2

because your employer paid you less than \$1,500 in 2007 must be included in the total on line 7. Also, enter "HSH" and the amount not reported on a Form W-2 in the space to the left of line 7.

**Tip income.** Tip income you did not report to your employer must be included in the total on line 7. But you must use Form 1040 and Form 4137 if you received tips of \$20 or more in any month and did not report the full amount to your employer, or your Form(s) W-2 shows allocated tips that you must report as income. You must report the allocated tips shown on your Form(s) W-2 unless you can prove that you received less. Allocated tips should be shown in box 8 of your Form(s) W-2. They are not included as income in box 1. See Pub. 531 for more details.

**Dependent care benefits.** Dependent care benefits, which should be shown in box 10 of your Form(s) W-2, must be included in the total on line 7. But first complete Schedule 2 to see if you can exclude part or all of the benefits.

**Scholarship and fellowship grants.** Scholarship and fellowship grants not reported on Form W-2 must be included in the total on line 7. Also, enter "SCH" and the amount in the space to the left of line 7. However, if you were a degree candidate, include on line 7 only the amounts you used for expenses other than tuition and course-related expenses. For example, amounts used for room, board, and travel must be reported on line 7.

**Disability pensions.** Disability pensions shown on Form 1099-R if you have not reached the minimum retirement age set by your employer must be included in the total on line 7. Disability pensions received after you reach that age and other payments shown on Form 1099-R (other than payments from an IRA\*) are reported on lines 12a and 12b of Form 1040A. Payments from an IRA are reported on lines 11a and 11b.

\* This includes a Roth, SEP, or SIMPLE IRA.

**Missing or incorrect Form W-2?** Your employer is required to provide or send Form W-2 to you no later than January 31, 2008. If you do not receive it by early February, use TeleTax topic 154 (see page 70) to find out what to do. Even if you do not get a Form W-2, you must still report your earnings on line 7. If you lose your Form W-2 or it is incorrect, ask your employer for a new one.

## Line 8a

### Taxable Interest

Each payer should send you a Form 1099-INT or Form 1099-OID. Enter your total taxable interest income on line 8a. But you must fill in and attach Schedule 1, Part I, if the total is over \$1,500 or any of the other conditions listed at the beginning of the Schedule 1 instructions apply to you.

Interest credited in 2007 on deposits that you could not withdraw because of the bankruptcy or insolvency of the financial institution may not have to be included in your 2007 income. For details, see Pub. 550.



If you get a 2007 Form 1099-INT for U.S. savings bond interest that includes amounts you reported before 2007, see Pub. 550.

## Line 8b

### Tax-Exempt Interest

If you received any tax-exempt interest, such as from municipal bonds, each payer should send you a Form 1099-INT. Your tax-exempt interest, plus any exempt-interest dividends from a mutual fund or other regulated investment company, should be included in box 8 of Form 1099-INT. Enter the total on line 8b. Do not include

interest earned on your IRA or Coverdell education savings account.

If you received tax-exempt interest from private activity bonds issued after August 7, 1986, you must use Form 1040.

## Line 9a

### Ordinary Dividends

Each payer should send you a Form 1099-DIV. Enter your total ordinary dividends on line 9a. This amount should be shown in box 1a of Form(s) 1099-DIV.

You must fill in and attach Schedule 1, Part II, if the total is over \$1,500 or you received, as a nominee, ordinary dividends that actually belong to someone else.

You must use Form 1040 if you received nondividend distributions (box 3 of Form 1099-DIV) required to be reported as capital gains.

For more details, see Pub. 550.

## Line 9b

### Qualified Dividends

Enter your total qualified dividends on line 9b. Qualified dividends are eligible for a lower tax rate than other ordinary income. Generally, these dividends are shown in box 1b of Form(s) 1099-DIV. See Pub. 550 for the definition of qualified dividends if you received dividends not reported on Form 1099-DIV.

**Exception.** Some dividends may be reported as qualified dividends in box 1b of Form 1099-DIV but are not qualified dividends. These include:

- Dividends you received as a nominee. See the instructions for Schedule 1.
- Dividends you received on any share of stock that you held for less than 61 days during the 121-day period that began 60 days before the ex-dividend date. The ex-dividend date is the first date following the declaration of a dividend on which the purchaser of a stock is not entitled to receive the next dividend payment. When counting the number of days you held the stock, include the day you disposed of the stock but not the day you acquired it. See the examples below. Also, when counting the number of days you held the stock, you cannot count certain days during which your risk of loss was diminished. See Pub. 550 for more details.
- Dividends attributable to periods totaling more than 366 days that you received on any share of preferred stock held for less than 91 days during the 181-day period that began 90 days before the ex-dividend date. When counting the number of days you held the stock, you cannot count certain days during which your risk of loss was diminished. See Pub. 550 for more details. Preferred dividends attributable to periods totaling less than 367 days are subject to the 61-day holding period rule above.
- Dividends on any share of stock to the extent that you are under an obligation (including a short sale) to make related payments with respect to positions in substantially similar or related property.
- Payments in lieu of dividends, but only if you know or have reason to know that the payments are not qualified dividends.

**Example 1.** You bought 5,000 shares of XYZ Corp. common stock on November 30, 2007. XYZ Corp. paid a cash dividend of 10 cents per share. The ex-dividend date was December 5, 2007. Your Form 1099-DIV from XYZ Corp. shows \$500 in box 1a (ordinary dividends) and in box 1b (qualified dividends). However, you sold the 5,000 shares on January 3, 2008. You held your shares of XYZ Corp. for only 34 days (from December 1, 2007, through January 3, 2008) of the 121-day period. The 121-day period began on October

6, 2007 (60 days before the ex-dividend date) and ended on February 3, 2008. You have no qualified dividends from XYZ Corp. because you held the XYZ stock for less than 61 days.

**Example 2.** Assume the same facts as in Example 1 except that you bought the stock on December 4, 2007 (the day before the ex-dividend date), and you sold the stock on February 5, 2008. You held the stock for 63 days (from December 5, 2007, through February 5, 2008). The \$500 of qualified dividends shown in box 1b of your Form 1099-DIV are all qualified dividends because you held the stock for 61 days of the 121-day period (from October 6, 2007, through February 3, 2008).

**Example 3.** You bought 10,000 shares of ABC Mutual Fund common stock on November 30, 2007. ABC Mutual Fund paid a cash dividend of 10 cents a share. The ex-dividend date was December 5, 2007. The ABC Mutual Fund advises you that the portion of the dividend eligible to be treated as qualified dividends equals 2 cents per share. Your Form 1099-DIV from ABC Mutual Fund shows total ordinary dividends of \$1,000, and qualified dividends of \$200. However, you sold the 10,000 shares on January 3, 2008. You have no qualified dividends from ABC Mutual Fund because you held the ABC Mutual Fund stock for less than 61 days.



*Be sure you use the Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet on page 34 to figure your tax. Your tax may be less if you use this worksheet.*

## Line 10

### Capital Gain Distributions

Each payer should send you a Form 1099-DIV. Do any of the Forms 1099-DIV or substitute statements you, or your spouse if filing a joint return, received have an amount in box 2b (unrecaptured section 1250 gain), box 2c (section 1202 gain), or box 2d (collectibles (28%) gain)?

- Yes.** You **must** use Form 1040.
- No.** You may use Form 1040A. Enter your capital gain distributions on line 10. Also, be sure you use the Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet on page 34 to figure your tax. Your tax may be less if you use this worksheet.

If you received capital gain distributions as a nominee (that is, they were paid to you but actually belong to someone else), report on line 10 only the amount that belongs to you. Attach a statement showing the full amount you received and the amount you received as a nominee. See the Schedule 1 instructions for filing requirements for Forms 1099-DIV and 1096.

## Lines 11a and 11b

### IRA Distributions

You should receive a Form 1099-R showing the amount of any distribution from your IRA. Unless otherwise noted in the line 11a and 11b instructions, an IRA includes a traditional IRA, Roth IRA, simplified employee pension (SEP) IRA, and a savings incentive match plan for employees (SIMPLE) IRA. Except as provided below, leave line 11a blank and enter the total distribution on line 11b.

**Exception 1.** Enter the total distribution on line 11a if you rolled over part or all of the distribution from one:

- IRA to another IRA of the same type (for example, from one traditional IRA to another traditional IRA), or
- SEP or SIMPLE IRA to a traditional IRA.

Also, enter “Rollover” next to line 11b. If the total distribution was rolled over in a qualified rollover, enter -0- on line 11b. If the total distribution was not rolled over in a qualified rollover, enter the part not rolled over on line 11b unless *Exception 2* below applies to the part not rolled over. Generally, a qualified rollover must be made within 60 days after the day you received the distribution. For more details on rollovers, see Pub. 590.

If you rolled over the distribution into a qualified plan other than an IRA or you made the rollover in 2008, attach a statement explaining what you did.

**Exception 2.** If any of the following apply, enter the total distribution on line 11a and see Form 8606 and its instructions to figure the amount to enter on line 11b.

1. You received a distribution from an IRA (other than a Roth IRA) and you made nondeductible contributions to any of your traditional or SEP IRAs for 2007 or an earlier year. If you made nondeductible contributions to these IRAs for 2007, also see Pub. 590.

2. You received a distribution from a Roth IRA. But if either (a) or (b) below applies, enter -0- on line 11b; you do not have to see Form 8606 or its instructions.

a. Distribution code T is shown in box 7 of Form 1099-R, and you made a contribution (including a conversion) to a Roth IRA for 2002 or an earlier year.

b. Distribution code Q is shown in box 7 of Form 1099-R.

3. You converted part or all of a traditional, SEP, or SIMPLE IRA to a Roth IRA in 2007.

4. You had a 2006 or 2007 IRA contribution returned to you, with the related earnings or less any loss, by the due date (including extensions) of your tax return for that year.

5. You made excess contributions to your IRA for an earlier year and had them returned to you in 2007.

6. You recharacterized part or all of a contribution to a Roth IRA as a traditional IRA contribution, or vice versa.

**Exception 3.** If the distribution is a qualified charitable distribution (QCD), enter the total distribution on line 11a. If the total amount distributed is a QCD, enter -0- on line 11b. If only part of the distribution is a QCD, enter the part that is not a QCD on line 11b unless *Exception 2* applies to that part. Enter “QCD” next to line 11b.

A QCD is a distribution made directly by the trustee of your IRA (other than a SEP or SIMPLE IRA) to an organization eligible to receive tax-deductible contributions (with certain exceptions). You must have been at least age 70½ when the distribution was made. Your total QCDs for the year cannot be more than \$100,000. (On a joint return, your spouse can also have a QCD of up to \$100,000.) The amount of the QCD is limited to the amount that would otherwise be included in your income. If your IRA includes nondeductible contributions, the distribution is first considered to be paid out of otherwise taxable income. See Pub. 590 for details.



*You cannot claim a charitable contribution deduction for any QCD not included in your income.*

**Exception 4.** If the distribution is a qualified health savings account (HSA) funding distribution (HFD), you must file Form 1040. See *Exception 4* in the instructions for Form 1040, lines 15a and 15b. An HFD is a distribution made directly by the trustee of your IRA (other than a SEP or SIMPLE IRA) to your HSA. See Pub. 590 for details.

**Note.** If you (or your spouse if filing jointly) received more than one distribution, figure the taxable amount of each distribution and enter the total of the taxable amounts on line 11b. Enter the total amount of those distributions on line 11a.



*You may have to pay an additional tax if (a) you received an early distribution from your IRA and the total was not rolled over, or (b) you were born before July 1, 1936, and received less than the minimum required distribution from your traditional, SEP, and SIMPLE IRAs. To find out if you owe this tax, see Pub. 590. If you do owe this tax, you must use Form 1040.*

## Lines 12a and 12b

### Pensions and Annuities

You should receive a Form 1099-R showing the amount of your pension and annuity payments, including distributions from 401(k) and 403(b) plans. See page 25 for details on rollovers and lump-sum distributions.

Do not report on lines 12a and 12b disability pensions received before you reach the minimum retirement age set by your employer. Instead, report them on line 7.



*Attach Form(s) 1099-R to Form 1040A if any federal income tax was withheld.*

**Fully taxable pensions and annuities.** If your pension or annuity is fully taxable, enter it on line 12b; do not make an entry on line 12a. Your payments are fully taxable if (a) you did not contribute to the cost (see page 25) of your pension or annuity, or (b) you got back your entire cost tax free before 2007. But see *Insurance premiums for retired public safety officers* below.

Fully taxable pensions and annuities also include military retirement pay shown on Form 1099-R. For details on military disability pensions, see Pub. 525. If you received a Form RRB-1099-R, see Pub. 575 to find out how to report your benefits.

**Partially taxable pensions and annuities.** Enter the total pension or annuity payments you received in 2007 on line 12a. If your Form 1099-R does not show the taxable amount, you must use the General Rule explained in Pub. 939 to figure the taxable part to enter on line 12b. But if your annuity starting date (defined on page 24) was after July 1, 1986, see *Simplified Method* on page 24 to find out if you must use that method to figure the taxable part.

You can ask the IRS to figure the taxable part for you for a \$380 fee. For details, see Pub. 939.

If your Form 1099-R shows a taxable amount, you can report that amount on line 12b. But you may be able to report a lower taxable amount by using the General Rule or the Simplified Method or if the exclusion for retired public safety officers, discussed next, applies.

**Insurance premiums for retired public safety officers.** If you are an eligible retired public safety officer (law enforcement officer, firefighter, chaplain, or member of a rescue squad or ambulance crew), you can elect to exclude from income distributions made from your eligible retirement plan that are used to pay the premiums for accident or health insurance or long-term care insurance. The premiums can be for coverage for you, your spouse, or dependents. The distribution must be made directly from the plan to the insurance provider. You can exclude from income the smaller of the amount of the insurance premiums or \$3,000. You can only make this election for amounts that would otherwise be included in your income.

An eligible retirement plan is a governmental plan that is:

- a qualified trust,
- a section 403(a) plan,
- a section 403(b) annuity, or
- a section 457(b) plan.



If you make this election, reduce the otherwise taxable amount of your pension or annuity by the amount excluded. The amount shown in box 2a of Form 1099-R does not reflect the exclusion. Report your total distributions on line 12a and the taxable amount on line 12b. Enter "PSO" next to line 12b.

**Annuity starting date.** Your annuity starting date is the later of the first day of the first period for which you received a payment or the date the plan's obligations became fixed.

**Simplified Method.** You must use the Simplified Method if either of the following applies.

1. Your annuity starting date (defined earlier on this page) was after July 1, 1986, and you used this method last year to figure the taxable part.

2. Your annuity starting date was after November 18, 1996, and both of the following apply.

a. The payments are from a qualified employee plan, a qualified employee annuity, or a tax-sheltered annuity.

b. On your annuity starting date, either you were under age 75 or the number of years of guaranteed payments was fewer than 5. See Pub. 575 for the definition of guaranteed payments.

**Simplified Method Worksheet—Lines 12a and 12b**

Keep for Your Records



**Before you begin:** ✓ If you are the beneficiary of a deceased employee or former employee who died **before** August 21, 1996, include any death benefit exclusion that you are entitled to (up to \$5,000) in the amount entered on line 2 below.  
**Note.** If you had more than one partially taxable pension or annuity, figure the taxable part of each separately. Enter the total of the taxable parts on Form 1040A, line 12b. Enter the total pension or annuity payments received in 2007 on Form 1040A, line 12a.

1. Enter the total pension or annuity payments received in 2007. Also, enter this amount on Form 1040A, line 12a . . . . .	1.	
2. Enter your cost in the plan at the annuity starting date . . . . .	2.	
<b>Note.</b> If you completed this worksheet last year, skip line 3 and enter the amount from line 4 of last year's worksheet on line 4 below (even if the amount of your pension or annuity has changed). Otherwise, go to line 3.		
3. Enter the appropriate number from <b>Table 1</b> below. <b>But</b> if your annuity starting date was <b>after</b> 1997 <b>and</b> the payments are for your life and that of your beneficiary, enter the appropriate number from <b>Table 2</b> below . . . . .	3.	
4. Divide line 2 by the number on line 3 . . . . .	4.	
5. Multiply line 4 by the number of months for which this year's payments were made. If your annuity starting date was <b>before</b> 1987, skip lines 6 and 7 and enter this amount on line 8. Otherwise, go to line 6 . . . . .	5.	
6. Enter the amount, if any, recovered tax free in years after 1986. If you completed this worksheet last year, enter the amount from line 10 of last year's worksheet . . . . .	6.	
7. Subtract line 6 from line 2 . . . . .	7.	
8. Enter the <b>smaller</b> of line 5 or line 7 . . . . .	8.	
9. <b>Taxable amount.</b> Subtract line 8 from line 1. Enter the result, but not less than zero. Also, enter this amount on Form 1040A, line 12b. If your Form 1099-R shows a larger amount, use the amount on this line instead of the amount from Form 1099-R. If you are a retired public safety officer, see <i>Insurance premiums for retired public safety officers</i> on page 23 before entering an amount on line 12b . . . . .	9.	
10. Was your annuity starting date before 1987? <input type="checkbox"/> <b>Yes.</b> Leave line 10 blank. <input type="checkbox"/> <b>No.</b> Add lines 6 and 8. This is the <b>amount you have recovered tax free</b> through 2007. You will need this number when you fill out this worksheet next year.	10.	

**Table 1 for Line 3 Above**

**AND your annuity starting date was—**

<b>IF the age at annuity starting date (see page 25) was . . .</b>	<b>before</b> November 19, 1996, enter on line 3 . . .	<b>after</b> November 18, 1996, enter on line 3 . . .
55 or under	300	360
56–60	260	310
61–65	240	260
66–70	170	210
71 or older	120	160

**Table 2 for Line 3 Above**

<b>IF the combined ages at annuity starting date (see page 25) were . . .</b>	<b>THEN enter on line 3 . . .</b>
110 or under	410
111–120	360
121–130	310
131–140	260
141 or older	210

If you must use the Simplified Method, complete the worksheet on page 24 to figure the taxable part of your pension or annuity. For more details on the Simplified Method, see Pub. 575 or Pub. 721 for U.S. Civil Service retirement benefits.



*If you received U.S. Civil Service retirement benefits and you chose the alternative annuity option, see Pub. 721 to figure the taxable part of your annuity. Do not use the worksheet on page 24.*

**Age (or combined ages) at annuity starting date.** If you are the retiree, use your age on the annuity starting date. If you are the survivor of a retiree, use the retiree's age on his or her annuity starting date. But if your annuity starting date was after 1997 and the payments are for your life and that of your beneficiary, use your combined ages on the annuity starting date.

If you are the beneficiary of an employee who died, see Pub. 575. If there is more than one beneficiary, see Pub. 575 or Pub. 721 to figure each beneficiary's taxable amount.

**Cost.** Your cost is generally your net investment in the plan as of the annuity starting date. It does not include pre-tax contributions. Your net investment should be shown in box 9b of Form 1099-R for the first year you received payments from the plan.

**Rollovers.** Generally, a qualified rollover is a tax-free distribution of cash or other assets from one retirement plan that is contributed to another plan within 60 days of receiving the distribution. Use lines 12a and 12b to report a qualified rollover, including a direct rollover, from one qualified employer's plan to another or to an IRA or SEP.

Enter on line 12a the total distribution before income tax or other deductions were withheld. This amount should be shown in box 1 of Form 1099-R. From the total on line 12a, subtract any contributions (usually shown in box 5) that were taxable to you when made. From that result, subtract the amount of the qualified rollover. Enter the remaining amount, even if zero, on line 12b. Also, enter "Rollover" next to line 12b.

Special rules apply to partial rollovers of property. For more details on rollovers, including distributions under qualified domestic relations orders, see Pub. 575.

**Lump-sum distributions.** If you received a lump-sum distribution from a profit-sharing or retirement plan, your Form 1099-R should have the "Total distribution" box in box 2b checked. You must use Form 1040 if you owe additional tax because you received an early distribution from a qualified retirement plan and the total amount was not rolled over in a qualified rollover. See Pub. 575 to find out if you owe this tax.

Enter the total distribution on line 12a and the taxable part on line 12b.



*You may be able to pay less tax on the distribution if you were born before January 2, 1936, or you are the beneficiary of a deceased employee who was born before January 2, 1936. But you must use Form 1040 to do so. For details, see Form 4972.*

## Line 13

### Unemployment Compensation and Alaska Permanent Fund Dividends

**Unemployment compensation.** You should receive a Form 1099-G showing in box 1 the total unemployment compensation paid to you in 2007. Report the amount in box 1 on line 13. However, if you made contributions to a governmental unemployment compensation program, reduce the amount you report on line 13 by those contributions.

If you received an overpayment of unemployment compensation in 2007 and you repaid any of it in 2007, subtract the amount you repaid from the total amount you received. Include the result in the total on line 13. Also, enter "Repaid" and the amount you repaid in the space to the left of line 13. If you repaid unemployment compensation in 2007 that you included in gross income in an earlier

year, you can deduct the amount repaid. But you must use Form 1040 to do so. See Pub. 525 for details.

**Alaska Permanent Fund dividends.** Include the dividends in the total on line 13.

## Lines 14a and 14b

### Social Security Benefits

You should receive a Form SSA-1099 showing in box 3 the total social security benefits paid to you. Box 4 will show the amount of any benefits you repaid in 2007. If you received railroad retirement benefits treated as social security, you should receive a Form RRB-1099.

Use the worksheet on page 26 to see if any of your benefits are taxable.

**Exception.** Do not use the worksheet on page 26 if any of the following apply.

- You made contributions to a traditional IRA for 2007 and you or your spouse were covered by a retirement plan at work. Instead, use the worksheets in Pub. 590 to see if any of your social security benefits are taxable and to figure your IRA deduction.
- You repaid any benefits in 2007 and your total repayments (box 4) were more than your total benefits for 2007 (box 3). None of your benefits are taxable for 2007. Also, you may be able to take an itemized deduction or a credit for part of the excess repayments if they were for benefits you included in gross income in an earlier year. But you must use Form 1040 to do so. See Pub. 915.
- You file Form 8815. Instead, use the worksheet in Pub. 915.

## Adjusted Gross Income

### Line 16

#### Educator Expenses

If you were an eligible educator in 2007, you can deduct on line 16 up to \$250 of qualified expenses you paid in 2007. If you and your spouse are filing jointly and both of you were eligible educators, the maximum deduction is \$500. However, neither spouse can deduct more than \$250 of his or her qualified expenses on line 16. You may be able to deduct expenses that are more than the \$250 (or \$500) limit on Schedule A, line 21, but you must use Form 1040. An eligible educator is a kindergarten through grade 12 teacher, instructor, counselor, principal, or aide who worked in a school for at least 900 hours during a school year.

Qualified expenses include ordinary and necessary expenses paid in connection with books, supplies, equipment (including computer equipment, software, and services), and other materials used in the classroom. An ordinary expense is one that is common and accepted in your educational field. A necessary expense is one that is helpful and appropriate for your profession as an educator. An expense does not have to be required to be considered necessary.

Qualified expenses do not include expenses for home schooling or for nonathletic supplies for courses in health or physical education.

You must reduce your qualified expenses by the following amounts.



- Excludable U.S. series EE and I savings bond interest from Form 8815.
- Nontaxable qualified tuition program earnings or distributions.
  - Any nontaxable distribution of Coverdell education savings account earnings.
  - Any reimbursements you received for these expenses that were not reported to you in box 1 of your Form W-2.

For more details, use TeleTax topic 458 (see page 70) or see Pub. 529.

## Social Security Benefits Worksheet—Lines 14a and 14b

Keep for Your Records 

- Before you begin:**
- ✓ Complete Form 1040A, lines 16 and 17, if they apply to you.
  - ✓ If you are married filing separately and you **lived apart** from your spouse for all of 2007, enter “D” to the right of the word “benefits” on line 14a.
  - ✓ Be sure you have read the **Exception** on page 25 to see if you can use this worksheet instead of a publication to find out if any of your benefits are taxable.

<p><b>1.</b> Enter the total amount from <b>box 5</b> of <b>all</b> your <b>Forms SSA-1099</b> and <b>Forms RRB-1099</b>. Also, enter this amount on Form 1040A, line 14a . . . . .</p>	1.		
<p><b>2.</b> Enter one-half of line 1 . . . . .</p>	2.		
<p><b>3.</b> Enter the total of the amounts from Form 1040A, lines 7, 8a, 9a, 10, 11b, 12b, and 13 . . . . .</p>	3.		
<p><b>4.</b> Enter the amount, if any, from Form 1040A, line 8b . . . . .</p>	4.		
<p><b>5.</b> Add lines 2, 3, and 4 . . . . .</p>	5.		
<p><b>6.</b> Enter the total of the amounts from Form 1040A, lines 16 and 17 . . . . .</p>	6.		
<p><b>7.</b> Is the amount on line 6 less than the amount on line 5?</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> <b>No.</b>  None of your social security benefits are taxable. Enter -0- on Form 1040A, line 14b.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> <b>Yes.</b> Subtract line 6 from line 5 . . . . .</p>	7.		
<p><b>8.</b> If you are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Married filing jointly, enter \$32,000.</li> <li>• Single, head of household, qualifying widow(er), or married filing separately and you <b>lived apart</b> from your spouse for all of 2007, enter \$25,000.</li> <li>• Married filing separately and you lived with your spouse at any time in 2007, skip lines 8 through 15; multiply line 7 by 85% (.85) and enter the result on line 16. Then go to line 17.</li> </ul>	8.		
<p><b>9.</b> Is the amount on line 8 less than the amount on line 7?</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> <b>No.</b>  None of your social security benefits are taxable. Enter -0- on Form 1040A, line 14b. If you are married filing separately and you <b>lived apart</b> from your spouse for all of 2007, be sure you entered “D” to the right of the word “benefits” on line 14a.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> <b>Yes.</b> Subtract line 8 from line 7 . . . . .</p>	9.		
<p><b>10.</b> Enter: \$12,000 if married filing jointly; \$9,000 if single, head of household, qualifying widow(er), or married filing separately and you <b>lived apart</b> from your spouse for all of 2007 . . . . .</p>	10.		
<p><b>11.</b> Subtract line 10 from line 9. If zero or less, enter -0- . . . . .</p>	11.		
<p><b>12.</b> Enter the <b>smaller</b> of line 9 or line 10 . . . . .</p>	12.		
<p><b>13.</b> Enter one-half of line 12 . . . . .</p>	13.		
<p><b>14.</b> Enter the <b>smaller</b> of line 2 or line 13 . . . . .</p>	14.		
<p><b>15.</b> Multiply line 11 by 85% (.85). If line 11 is zero, enter -0- . . . . .</p>	15.		
<p><b>16.</b> Add lines 14 and 15 . . . . .</p>	16.		
<p><b>17.</b> Multiply line 1 by 85% (.85) . . . . .</p>	17.		
<p><b>18. Taxable social security benefits.</b> Enter the <b>smaller</b> of line 16 or line 17. Also enter this amount on Form 1040A, line 14b. . . . .</p>	18.		



If any of your benefits are taxable for 2007 **and** they include a lump-sum benefit payment that was for an earlier year, you may be able to reduce the taxable amount. See Pub. 915 for details.



**Line 17**

**IRA Deduction**



*If you made any nondeductible contributions to a traditional individual retirement arrangement (IRA) for 2007, you must report them on Form 8606.*

If you made contributions to a traditional IRA for 2007, you may be able to take an IRA deduction. But you, or your spouse if filing a joint return, must have had earned income to do so. If you were a member of the U.S. Armed Forces, earned income includes any nontaxable combat pay you received. A statement should be sent to you by May 31, 2008, that shows all contributions to your traditional IRA for 2007.

Use the worksheet that begins on this page to figure the amount, if any, of your IRA deduction. But read the following list before you fill in the worksheet.

1. If you were age 70½ or older at the end of 2007, you cannot deduct any contributions made to your traditional IRA for 2007 or treat them as nondeductible contributions.

2. You cannot deduct contributions to a Roth IRA. But you may be able to take the retirement savings contributions credit (saver's credit). See the instructions for line 33 on page 37.



*If you are filing a joint return and you or your spouse made contributions to both a traditional IRA and a Roth IRA for 2007, do not use the worksheet that begins on this page. Instead, see Pub. 590 to figure the amount, if any, of your IRA deduction.*

3. You cannot deduct elective deferrals to a 401(k) plan, section 457 plan, SIMPLE plan, or the federal Thrift Savings Plan. These amounts are not included as income in box 1 of your Form W-2. But you may be able to take the retirement savings contributions credit. See the instructions for line 33 on page 37.

4. If you made contributions to your IRA in 2007 that you deducted for 2006, do not include them in the worksheet.

5. If you received a distribution from a nonqualified deferred compensation plan or nongovernmental section 457 plan that is included in box 1 of your Form W-2, do not include that distribution on line 8 of the worksheet. The distribution should be shown in box 11 of your Form W-2. If it is not, contact your employer for the amount of the distribution.

6. You must file a joint return to deduct contributions to your spouse's IRA. Enter the total IRA deduction for you and your spouse on line 17.

7. Do not include qualified rollover contributions in figuring your deduction. Instead, see the instructions for lines 11a and 11b that begin on page 22.

8. Do not include trustees' fees that were billed separately and paid by you for your IRA. You may be able to deduct those fees as an itemized deduction. But you must use Form 1040 to do so.

9. Do not include any repayments of qualified reservist distributions. You cannot deduct them. For information on how to report these repayments, see *Qualified reservist repayments* in Pub. 590.

10. If the total of your IRA deduction on line 17 plus any nondeductible contribution to your traditional IRAs shown on Form 8606 is less than your total traditional IRA contributions for 2007, see Pub. 590 for special rules.

11. You may be entitled to deduct up to an additional \$3,000 if all the following conditions are met.

a. You must have been a participant in a 401(k) plan under which the employer matched at least 50% of your contributions to the plan with stock of the company.

b. You must have been a participant in the 401(k) plan 6 months before the employer filed for bankruptcy.

c. The employer (or a controlling corporation) must have been a debtor in a bankruptcy case in an earlier year.

d. The employer (or any other person) must have been subject to indictment or conviction based on business transactions related to the bankruptcy.

If this applies to you, do not use the worksheet that begins on this page. Instead, use the worksheet in Pub. 590.



*By April 1 of the year after the year in which you reach age 70½, you must start taking minimum required distributions from your traditional IRA. If you do not, you may have to pay a 50% additional tax on the amount that should have been distributed. For details, including how to figure the minimum required distribution, see Pub. 590.*

You must use Form 1040 if you owe tax on any excess contributions made to an IRA or any excess accumulations in an IRA. For details, see Pub. 590.

**Were you covered by a retirement plan?** If you were covered by a retirement plan (401(k), SIMPLE, etc.) at work, your IRA deduction may be reduced or eliminated. But you can still make contributions to an IRA even if you cannot deduct them. In any case, the income earned on your IRA contributions is not taxed until it is paid to you. The "Retirement plan" box in box 13 of your Form W-2, should be checked if you were covered by a plan at work even if you were not vested in the plan.

If you were covered by a retirement plan and you file Form 8815, see Pub. 590 to figure the amount, if any, of your IRA deduction.

**Married persons filing separately.** If you were not covered by a retirement plan but your spouse was, you are considered covered by a plan unless you lived apart from your spouse for all of 2007.



*You may also be able to take the retirement savings contributions credit. See the instructions for line 33 on page 37.*

**IRA Deduction Worksheet—Line 17**

Keep for Your Records 



*If you were age 70½ or older at the end of 2007, you cannot deduct any contributions made to your traditional IRA or treat them as nondeductible contributions. Do not complete this worksheet for anyone age 70½ or older at the end of 2007. If you are married filing jointly and only one spouse was under age 70½ at the end of 2007, complete this worksheet only for that spouse.*

**Before you begin:** ✓ Be sure you have read the above list. You may not be eligible to use this worksheet.

	Your IRA	Spouse's IRA
1a. Were you covered by a retirement plan (see above)?	1a. <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
b. If married filing jointly, was your spouse covered by a retirement plan?		1b. <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
<p><b>Next.</b> If you checked "No" on line 1a (and "No" on line 1b if married filing jointly), skip lines 2 through 6, enter the applicable amount below on line 7a (and line 7b if applicable), and go to line 8.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• \$4,000, if under age 50 at the end of 2007.</li> <li>• \$5,000, if age 50 or older but under age 70½ at the end of 2007.</li> </ul> <p>Otherwise, go to line 2.</p>		

**IRA Deduction Worksheet—Line 17 (continued)**

	Your IRA	Spouse's IRA
<p>2. Enter the amount shown below that applies to you.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Single, head of household, or married filing separately and you <b>lived apart</b> from your spouse for all of 2007, enter \$62,000</li> <li>• Qualifying widow(er), enter \$103,000</li> <li>• Married filing jointly, enter \$103,000 in both columns. But if you checked "No" on either line 1a or 1b, enter \$166,000 for the person who was not covered by a plan</li> <li>• Married filing separately and you lived with your spouse at any time in 2007, enter \$10,000</li> </ul>	2a.	2b.
3. Enter the amount from Form 1040A, line 15 . . . . . 3.		
4. Enter the amount, if any, from Form 1040A, line 16 . . . . . 4.		
5. Subtract line 4 from line 3. If married filing jointly, enter the result in both columns . . . 5a.		5b.
6. Is the amount on line 5 less than the amount on line 2?		
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>No.</b> None of your IRA contributions are deductible. For details on nondeductible IRA contributions, see Form 8606.		
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Yes.</b> Subtract line 5 from line 2 in each column. Follow the instruction below that applies to you. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If single, head of household, or married filing separately, and the result is \$10,000 or more, enter the applicable amount below on line 7 for that column and go to line 8.                         <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. \$4,000, if under age 50 at the end of 2007.</li> <li>ii. \$5,000, if age 50 or older but under age 70½ at the end of 2007.</li> </ul>                         Otherwise, go to line 7.                     </li> <li>• If married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er), and the result is \$20,000 or more (\$10,000 or more in the column for the IRA of a person who was not covered by a retirement plan), enter the applicable amount below on line 7 for that column and go to line 8.                         <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. \$4,000, if under age 50 at the end of 2007.</li> <li>ii. \$5,000 if age 50 or older but under age 70½ at the end of 2007.</li> </ul>                         Otherwise, go to line 7.                     </li> </ul>	6a.	6b.
7. Multiply lines 6a and 6b by the percentage below that applies to you. If the result is not a multiple of \$10, increase it to the next multiple of \$10 (for example, increase \$490.30 to \$500). If the result is \$200 or more, enter the result. But if it is less than \$200, enter \$200.		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Single, head of household, or married filing separately, multiply by 40% (.40) (or by 50% (.50) in the column for the IRA of a person who is age 50 or older at the end of 2007)</li> <li>• Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er), multiply by 20% (.20) (or by 25% (.25) in the column for the IRA of a person who is age 50 or older at the end of 2007). But if you checked "No" on either 1a or 1b, then in the column for the IRA of the person who was not covered by a retirement plan, multiply by 40% (.40) (or by 50% (.50) if age 50 or older at the end of 2007)</li> </ul>	7a.	7b.
8. Enter the amount from Form 1040A, line 7. Include any nontaxable combat pay. This amount should be reported in box 12 of Form W-2 with code Q . . . . . 8.		
<i>If married filing jointly and line 8 is less than \$8,000 (\$9,000 if one spouse is age 50 or older at the end of 2007; \$10,000 if both spouses are age 50 or older at the end of 2007), <b>stop here</b> and see Pub. 590 to figure your IRA deduction.</i>		
9. Enter traditional IRA contributions made, or that will be made by April 15, 2008, for 2007 to your IRA on line 9a and to your spouse's IRA on line 9b . . . . . 9a.		9b.
10. On line 10a, enter the <b>smallest</b> of line 7a, 8, or 9a. On line 10b, enter the <b>smallest</b> of line 7b, 8, or 9b. This is the most you can deduct. Add the amounts on lines 10a and 10b and enter the total on Form 1040A, line 17. Or, if you want, you can deduct a smaller amount and treat the rest as a nondeductible contribution (see Form 8606) . . . . 10a.		10b.

**Line 18**

**Student Loan Interest Deduction**

You can take this deduction only if all of the following apply.

- You paid interest in 2007 on a qualified student loan (see below).
- Your filing status is any status except married filing separately.
- Your modified adjusted gross income (AGI) is less than: \$70,000 if single, head of household, or qualifying widow(er); \$140,000 if married filing jointly. Use lines 2 through 4 of the worksheet below to figure your modified AGI.
- You, or your spouse if filing jointly, are not claimed as a dependent on someone's (such as your parent's) 2007 tax return.

Use the worksheet below to figure your student loan interest deduction.

**Qualified student loan.** A qualified student loan is any loan you took out to pay the qualified higher education expenses for any of the following individuals.

1. Yourself or your spouse.
2. Any person who was your dependent when the loan was taken out.
3. Any person you could have claimed as a dependent for the year the loan was taken out except that:
  - a. The person filed a joint return,
  - b. The person had gross income that was equal to or more than the exemption amount for that year (\$3,400 for 2007), or
  - c. You, or your spouse if filing jointly, could be claimed as a dependent on someone else's return.

The person for whom the expenses were paid must have been an eligible student (defined on this page). However, a loan is not a qualified student loan if (a) any of the proceeds were used for other purposes, or (b) the loan was from either a related person or a person who borrowed the proceeds under a qualified employer plan or a contract purchased under such a plan. To find out who is a related person, see Pub. 970.

**Qualified higher education expenses.** Qualified higher education expenses generally include tuition, fees, room and board, and re-

lated expenses such as books and supplies. The expenses must be for education in a degree, certificate, or similar program at an eligible educational institution. An eligible educational institution includes most colleges, universities, and certain vocational schools. You must reduce the expenses by the following benefits.

- Employer-provided educational assistance benefits that are not included in box 1 of Form(s) W-2.
- Excludable U.S. series EE and I savings bond interest from Form 8815.
- Any nontaxable distribution of qualified tuition program earnings.
- Any nontaxable distribution of Coverdell education savings account earnings.
- Any scholarship, educational assistance allowance, or other payment (but not gifts, inheritances, etc.) excluded from income.

For more details on these expenses, see Pub. 970.

**Eligible student.** An eligible student is a person who:

- Was enrolled in a degree, certificate, or other program (including a program of study abroad that was approved for credit by the institution at which the student was enrolled) leading to a recognized educational credential at an eligible educational institution, and
- Carried at least half the normal full-time workload for the course of study he or she was pursuing.

**Line 19**

**Tuition and Fees Deduction**

If you paid qualified tuition and fees for yourself, your spouse, or your dependent(s), you may be able to take this deduction. See Form 8917.



*You may be able to take a credit for your educational expenses instead of a deduction. See the instructions for line 31 on page 35 for details.*

**Student Loan Interest Deduction Worksheet—Line 18**

Keep for Your Records



**Before you begin:** ✓ See the instructions for line 18 above.

1.	Enter the total interest you paid in 2007 on qualified student loans (see above). <b>Do not</b> enter more than \$2,500	1.	
2.	Enter the amount from Form 1040A, line 15	2.	
3.	Enter the total of the amounts from Form 1040A, lines 16 and 17	3.	
4.	Subtract line 3 from line 2	4.	
5.	Enter the amount shown below for your filing status. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Single, head of household, or qualifying widow(er)—\$55,000</li> <li>• Married filing jointly—\$110,000</li> </ul>	5.	
6.	Is the amount on line 4 more than the amount on line 5? <input type="checkbox"/> <b>No.</b> Skip lines 6 and 7, enter -0- on line 8, and go to line 9. <input type="checkbox"/> <b>Yes.</b> Subtract line 5 from line 4.	6.	
7.	Divide line 6 by \$15,000 (\$30,000 if married filing jointly). Enter the result as a decimal (rounded to at least three places). If the result is 1.000 or more, enter 1.000	7.	
8.	Multiply line 1 by line 7	8.	
9.	<b>Student loan interest deduction.</b> Subtract line 8 from line 1. Enter the result here and on Form 1040A, line 18	9.	

## Tax, Credits, and Payments

### Line 23a

If you were born before January 2, 1943, or were blind at the end of 2007, check the appropriate boxes on line 23a. If you were married and checked the box on Form 1040A, line 6b, and your spouse was born before January 2, 1943, or was blind at the end of 2007, also check the appropriate boxes for your spouse. Be sure to enter the total number of boxes checked in the box provided on line 23a.

**Blindness.** If you were partially blind as of December 31, 2007, you must get a statement certified by your eye doctor or registered optometrist that:

- You cannot see better than 20/200 in your better eye with glasses or contact lenses, or
- Your field of vision is 20 degrees or less.

If your eye condition is not likely to improve beyond the conditions listed above, you can get a statement certified by your eye doctor or registered optometrist to this effect instead.

You must keep the statement for your records.

### Line 23b

If you are married filing a separate return and your spouse itemizes deductions on Form 1040, check the box on line 23b. You cannot take the standard deduction even if you were born before January 2, 1943, or were blind (that is, you completed line 23a). Enter -0- on line 24 and go to line 25.



*In most cases, your federal income tax will be less if you take any itemized deductions that you may have, such as state and local income taxes, but you must use Form 1040 to do so.*

### Line 24

#### Standard Deduction

Most people can find their standard deduction by looking at the amounts listed under “All others” to the left of Form 1040A, line 24. But if you, or your spouse if filing jointly, can be claimed as a dependent on someone’s 2007 return or you checked any box on line 23a, use the worksheet or the chart on page 31 that applies to you to figure your standard deduction. Also, if you checked the box on line 23b, you cannot take the standard deduction even if you were born before January 2, 1943, or were blind.

### Line 28

#### Tax

Do you want the IRS to figure your tax for you?

**Yes.** See Pub. 967 for details, including who is eligible and what to do. If you have paid too much, we will send you a refund. If you did not pay enough, we will send you a bill.

**No.** Use the Tax Table on pages 55–66 to figure your tax unless you are required to use Form 8615 (see below) or the Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet (see page 34). Also include in the total on line 28 any of the following taxes.

**Tax from recapture of education credits.** You may owe this tax if (a) you claimed an education credit in an earlier year, and (b) either tax-free educational assistance or a refund of qualified expenses was received in 2007 for the student. See Form 8863 for more details. If you owe this tax, enter the amount and “ECR” to the left of the entry space for line 28.

**Alternative minimum tax.** If both 1 and 2 next apply to you, use the worksheet on page 33 to see if you owe this tax and, if you do, the amount to include on line 28.

1. The amount on Form 1040A, line 26, is: \$10,200 or more if single; \$0 or more if married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er); \$3,400 or more if head of household; \$0 or more if married filing separately.

2. The amount on Form 1040A, line 22, is more than: \$33,750 if single or head of household; \$45,000 if married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er); \$22,500 if married filing separately.



*If filing for a child who was under age 18 at the end of 2007, and the amount on Form 1040A, line 22, is more than the total of \$6,300 plus the amount on Form 1040A, line 7, do not file this form. Instead, file Form 1040 for the child. Use Form 6251 to see if the child owes this tax.*

#### Form 8615

Form 8615 must generally be used to figure the tax if this return is for a child who was under age 18 at the end of 2007, and who had more than \$1,700 of investment income, such as taxable interest, ordinary dividends, or capital gain distributions. But if the child files a joint return for 2007 or if neither of the child’s parents was alive at the end of 2007, do not use Form 8615 to figure the child’s tax.

A child born on January 1, 1990, is considered to be age 18 at the end of 2007. Do not use Form 8615 for such a child.



**Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents—Line 24**

Keep for Your Records

Use this worksheet **only** if someone can claim you, or your spouse if filing jointly, as a dependent.

**1.** Is your **earned income\*** more than \$550?  
 **Yes.** Add \$300 to your earned income. Enter the total } ..... 1.  
 **No.** Enter \$850


**2.** Enter the amount shown below for your filing status.  
 • Single or married filing separately—\$5,350 } ..... 2.  
 • Married filing jointly—\$10,700  
 • Head of household—\$7,850

**3. Standard deduction.**  
**a.** Enter the **smaller** of line 1 or line 2. If born after January 1, 1943, and not blind, **stop here** and enter this amount on Form 1040A, line 24. Otherwise, go to line 3b ..... 3a.  
**b.** If born before January 2, 1943, or blind, multiply the number on Form 1040A, line 23a, by \$1,050 (\$1,300 if single or head of household) ..... 3b.  
**c.** Add lines 3a and 3b. Enter the total here and on Form 1040A, line 24 ..... 3c.

\* **Earned income** includes wages, salaries, and tips. It also includes any amount received as a scholarship that you must include in your income. Generally, your earned income is the amount you reported on Form 1040A, line 7.

**Standard Deduction Chart for People Who Were Born Before January 2, 1943, or Were Blind—Line 24**

**Do not** use this chart if someone can claim you, or your spouse if filing jointly, as a dependent. Instead, use the worksheet above.

Enter the number from the box on Form 1040A, line 23a   Do not use the number of exemptions from line 6d.

IF your filing status is . . .	AND the number in the box above is . . .	THEN your standard deduction is . . .
Single	1	\$6,650
	2	7,950
Married filing jointly or Qualifying widow(er)	1	\$11,750
	2	12,800
	3	13,850
	4	14,900
Married filing separately	1	\$6,400
	2	7,450
	3	8,500
	4	9,550
Head of household	1	\$9,150
	2	10,450





**Deduction for Exemptions Worksheet—Line 26**

<b>1.</b>	Is the amount on Form 1040A, line 22, more than the amount shown on line 4 below for your filing status?		
	<input type="checkbox"/> <b>No.</b> Multiply \$3,400 by the total number of exemptions claimed on Form 1040A, line 6d, and enter the result on Form 1040A, line 26.		
	<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Yes.</b> <i>Continue</i>		
<b>2.</b>	Multiply \$3,400 by the total number of exemptions claimed on Form 1040A, line 6d . . . . .	2.	<input style="width: 100px; height: 20px;" type="text"/>
<b>3.</b>	Enter the amount from Form 1040A, line 22 . . . . .	3.	<input style="width: 100px; height: 20px;" type="text"/>
<b>4.</b>	Enter the amount shown below for your filing status.		
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Single—\$156,400</li> <li>• Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)—\$234,600</li> <li>• Married filing separately—\$117,300</li> <li>• Head of household—\$195,500</li> </ul>	}	4. <input style="width: 100px; height: 20px;" type="text"/>
<b>5.</b>	Subtract line 4 from line 3 . . . . .	5.	<input style="width: 100px; height: 20px;" type="text"/>
<b>6.</b>	Is line 5 more than \$122,500 (\$61,250 if married filing separately)?		
	<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Yes.</b> Multiply \$1,133 by the total number of exemptions claimed on Form 1040A, line 6d. Enter the result here and on Form 1040A, line 26. <b>Do not</b> complete the rest of this worksheet.		
	<input type="checkbox"/> <b>No.</b> Divide line 5 by \$2,500 (\$1,250 if married filing separately). If the result is not a whole number, increase it to the next whole number (for example, increase 0.0004 to 1) . . . . .	6.	<input style="width: 100px; height: 20px;" type="text"/>
<b>7.</b>	Multiply line 6 by 2% (.02) and enter the result as a decimal . . . . .	7.	<input style="width: 100px; height: 20px;" type="text"/>
<b>8.</b>	Multiply line 2 by line 7 . . . . .	8.	<input style="width: 100px; height: 20px;" type="text"/>
<b>9.</b>	Divide line 8 by 1.5 . . . . .	9.	<input style="width: 100px; height: 20px;" type="text"/>
<b>10.</b>	<b>Deduction for exemptions.</b> Subtract line 9 from line 2. Enter the result here and on Form 1040A, line 26 . . . . .	10.	<input style="width: 100px; height: 20px;" type="text"/>





**Alternative Minimum Tax Worksheet—Line 28**

Keep for Your Records

<b>Before you begin:</b>		✓	Figure the tax you would enter on Form 1040A, line 28, if you do not owe this tax.
		✓	Get a copy of the 2007 Form 6251. Do not complete this form. Instead, use the information printed on line 29 of that form to complete line 2 of the worksheet below.
1.	Enter the amount from Form 1040A, line 22	1.	<input type="text"/>
2.	Go to Form 6251, line 29. Enter the amount shown for your filing status in the column under the heading "THEN enter on line 29"	2.	<input type="text"/>
3.	Subtract line 2 from line 1. If zero or less, <b>stop here</b> ; you do not owe this tax	3.	<input type="text"/>
4.	Enter the amount shown below for your filing status.		
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Single or head of household—\$112,500</li> <li>• Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)—\$150,000</li> <li>• Married filing separately—\$75,000</li> </ul>	4.	<input type="text"/>
5.	Subtract line 4 from line 1. If zero or less, enter -0- here and on line 6, and go to line 7	5.	<input type="text"/>
6.	Multiply line 5 by 25% (.25)	6.	<input type="text"/>
7.	Add lines 3 and 6	7.	<input type="text"/>
8.	If line 7 is \$175,000 or less (\$87,500 or less if married filing separately), multiply line 7 by 26% (.26). Otherwise, multiply line 7 by 28% (.28) and subtract \$3,500 (\$1,750 if married filing separately) from the result	8.	<input type="text"/>
9.	Did you use the <b>Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet</b> on page 34 to figure the tax on the amount on Form 1040A, line 27?		
	<input type="checkbox"/> <b>No.</b> Skip lines 9 through 20; enter the amount from line 8 on line 21 and go to line 22.		
	<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Yes.</b> Enter the amount from line 4 of that worksheet	9.	<input type="text"/>
10.	Enter the <b>smaller</b> of line 7 or line 9	10.	<input type="text"/>
11.	Subtract line 10 from line 7	11.	<input type="text"/>
12.	If line 11 is \$175,000 or less (\$87,500 or less if married filing separately), multiply line 11 by 26% (.26). Otherwise, multiply line 11 by 28% (.28) and subtract \$3,500 (\$1,750 if married filing separately) from the result	12.	<input type="text"/>
13.	Enter:		
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• \$63,700 if married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er),</li> <li>• \$31,850 if single or married filing separately, or</li> <li>• \$42,650 if head of household</li> </ul>	13.	<input type="text"/>
14.	Enter the amount from line 5 of the <b>Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet</b> on page 34	14.	<input type="text"/>
15.	Subtract line 14 from line 13. If zero or less, enter -0-	15.	<input type="text"/>
16.	Enter the <b>smaller</b> of line 10 or line 15	16.	<input type="text"/>
17.	Multiply line 16 by 5% (.05)	17.	<input type="text"/>
18.	Subtract line 16 from line 10	18.	<input type="text"/>
19.	Multiply line 18 by 15% (.15)	19.	<input type="text"/>
20.	Add lines 12, 17, and 19	20.	<input type="text"/>
21.	Enter the <b>smaller</b> of line 8 or line 20	21.	<input type="text"/>
22.	Enter the amount you would enter on Form 1040A, line 28, if you do not owe this tax	22.	<input type="text"/>
23.	<b>Alternative minimum tax.</b> Is the amount on line 21 more than the amount on line 22?		
	<input type="checkbox"/> <b>No.</b> You do not owe this tax.		
	<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Yes.</b> Subtract line 22 from line 21. Also include this amount in the total on Form 1040A, line 28. Enter "AMT" and show the amount in the space to the left of line 28	23.	<input type="text"/>

**Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet**

If you received qualified dividends or capital gain distributions, use the worksheet below to figure your tax.

**Line 29**

**Credit for Child and Dependent Care Expenses**

You may be able to take this credit if you paid someone to care for:

1. Your qualifying child under age 13 whom you claim as your dependent.
2. Your disabled spouse who could not care for himself or herself, and who lived with you for more than half the year.
3. Any disabled person not able to care for himself or herself, who lived with you for more than half the year, and whom you claim as a dependent.
4. Any disabled person not able to care for himself or herself, who lived with you for more than half the year, and whom you could have claimed as a dependent except that:
  - a. The person filed a joint return,
  - b. The person had \$3,400 or more of gross income, or
  - c. You, or your spouse if filing jointly, could be claimed as a dependent on someone else's 2007 return.

5. Your child whom you could not claim as a dependent because of the rules for *Children of divorced or separated parents* that begin on page 19.

For details, use TeleTax topic 602 (see page 70) or see the Instructions for Schedule 2 (Form 1040A).

**Line 30**

**Credit for the Elderly or the Disabled**

You may be able to take this credit if by the end of 2007 (a) you were age 65 or older, or (b) you retired on permanent and total disability and you had taxable disability income. But you usually cannot take the credit if the amount on Form 1040A, line 22, is \$17,500 or more (\$20,000 or more if married filing jointly and only one spouse is eligible for the credit; \$25,000 or more if married filing jointly and both spouses are eligible; \$12,500 or more if married filing separately). See Schedule 3 and its instructions for details.

**Credit figured by the IRS.** If you can take this credit and you want us to figure it for you, see the Instructions for Schedule 3.

**Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet—Line 28**

Keep for Your Records 

<b>Before you begin:</b> ✓ Be sure you do not have to file Form 1040 (see the instructions for Form 1040A, line 10, on page 22).	
1. Enter the amount from Form 1040A, line 27	1. <input style="width: 100px;" type="text"/>
2. Enter the amount from Form 1040A, line 9b	2. <input style="width: 100px;" type="text"/>
3. Enter the amount from Form 1040A, line 10	3. <input style="width: 100px;" type="text"/>
4. Add lines 2 and 3	4. <input style="width: 100px;" type="text"/>
5. Subtract line 4 from line 1. If zero or less, enter -0-	5. <input style="width: 100px;" type="text"/>
6. Enter the <b>smaller</b> of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The amount on line 1, or</li> <li>• \$31,850 if single or married filing separately, \$63,700 if married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er), or \$42,650 if head of household.</li> </ul>	} ..... 6. <input style="width: 100px;" type="text"/>
7. Is the amount on line 5 equal to or more than the amount on line 6? <input type="checkbox"/> <b>Yes.</b> Skip lines 7 through 9; go to line 10 and check the "No" box. <input type="checkbox"/> <b>No.</b> Enter the amount from line 5	7. <input style="width: 100px;" type="text"/>
8. Subtract line 7 from line 6	8. <input style="width: 100px;" type="text"/>
9. Multiply line 8 by 5% (.05)	9. <input style="width: 100px;" type="text"/>
10. Are the amounts on lines 4 and 8 the same? <input type="checkbox"/> <b>Yes.</b> Skip lines 10 through 13; go to line 14. <input type="checkbox"/> <b>No.</b> Enter the <b>smaller</b> of line 1 or line 4	10. <input style="width: 100px;" type="text"/>
11. Enter the amount from line 8 (if line 8 is blank, enter -0-)	11. <input style="width: 100px;" type="text"/>
12. Subtract line 11 from line 10	12. <input style="width: 100px;" type="text"/>
13. Multiply line 12 by 15% (.15)	13. <input style="width: 100px;" type="text"/>
14. Figure the tax on the amount on line 5. Use the Tax Table on pages 55–66. Enter the tax here	14. <input style="width: 100px;" type="text"/>
15. Add lines 9, 13, and 14	15. <input style="width: 100px;" type="text"/>
16. Figure the tax on the amount on line 1. Use the Tax Table on pages 55–66. Enter the tax here	16. <input style="width: 100px;" type="text"/>
17. <b>Tax on all taxable income.</b> Enter the <b>smaller</b> of line 15 or line 16 here and on Form 1040A, line 28	17. <input style="width: 100px;" type="text"/>

**Line 31****Education Credits**

If you (or your dependent) paid qualified expenses in 2007 for yourself, your spouse, or your dependent to enroll in or attend an eligible educational institution, you may be able to take an education credit. See Form 8863 for details. However, you cannot take an education credit if any of the following apply.

- You, or your spouse if filing jointly, are claimed as a dependent on someone's (such as your parent's) 2007 tax return.

- Your filing status is married filing separately.
- The amount on Form 1040A, line 22, is \$57,000 or more (\$114,000 or more if married filing jointly).
- You are taking a deduction for tuition and fees on Form 1040A, line 19, for the same student.
- You, or your spouse, were a nonresident alien for any part of 2007 unless your filing status is married filing jointly.

**Line 32—Child Tax Credit****Three Steps To Take the Child Tax Credit!**

- Step 1.** Make sure you have a qualifying child for the child tax credit (see the instructions for line 6c).
- Step 2.** Make sure that for each qualifying child you either checked the box on Form 1040A, line 6c, column (4), or completed Form 8901 (if the child is not your dependent).
- Step 3.** Answer the following questions to see if you can use the worksheet on page 36 to figure your credit or if you must use Pub. 972, Child Tax Credit. If you need Pub. 972, see page 73.

**Questions****Who Must Use Pub. 972**

- Is the amount on Form 1040A, line 22, more than the amount shown below for your filing status?
  - Married filing jointly – \$110,000
  - Single, head of household, or qualifying widow(er) – \$75,000
  - Married filing separately – \$55,000

**Yes.** You must use Pub. 972 to figure your child tax credit.

**No.** Continue
- Are you claiming the retirement savings contributions credit?
  - Yes.** You must use Pub. 972 to figure your child tax credit. You will also need Form 8880 to claim the retirement savings contributions credit.
  - No.** Use the worksheet on page 36 to figure your child tax credit.

**Child Tax Credit Worksheet—Line 32**

Keep for Your Records



- To be a qualifying child for the child tax credit, the child must be **under age 17** at the end of 2007 and meet the other requirements listed on page 18.
- Do not** use this worksheet if you answered “Yes” to question 1 or 2 on page 35. Instead, use Pub. 972.

1. Number of qualifying children: \_\_\_\_\_ × \$1,000. Enter the result.

<b>1</b>	
----------	--

2. Enter the amount from Form 1040A, line 28.

<b>2</b>	
----------	--

3. Add the amounts from Form 1040A:

Line 29 \_\_\_\_\_

Line 30 + \_\_\_\_\_

Line 31 + \_\_\_\_\_ Enter the total.

<b>3</b>	
----------	--

4. Are the amounts on lines 2 and 3 the same?

**Yes.**

You cannot take this credit because there is no tax to reduce. However, you may be able to take the **additional child tax credit**. See the **TIP** below.

**No.** Subtract line 3 from line 2.

<b>4</b>	
----------	--

5. Is the amount on line 1 more than the amount on line 4?

**Yes.** Enter the amount from line 4. Also, you may be able to take the **additional child tax credit**. See the **TIP** below.

**This is your child tax credit.**

**No.** Enter the amount from line 1.

<b>5</b>	
----------	--

Enter this amount on Form 1040A, line 32.



You may be able to take the **additional child tax credit** on Form 1040A, line 41, if you answered “Yes” on line 4 or line 5 above.

- First, complete your Form 1040A through line 40a.
- Then, use Form 8812 to figure any additional child tax credit.



**Line 33****Retirement Savings Contributions Credit (Saver's Credit)**

You may be able to take this credit if you, or your spouse if filing jointly, made (a) contributions to a traditional or Roth IRA; (b) elective deferrals to a 401(k) or 403(b) plan (including designated Roth contributions), or to a governmental 457, SEP, or SIMPLE plan; (c) voluntary employee contributions to a qualified retirement plan (including the federal Thrift Savings Plan); or (d) contributions to a 501(c)(18)(D) plan.

However, you cannot take the credit if either of the following applies.

1. The amount on Form 1040A, line 22, is more than \$26,000 (\$39,000 if head of household; \$52,000 if married filing jointly).
2. The person(s) who made the qualified contribution or elective deferral (a) was born after January 1, 1990, (b) is claimed as a dependent on someone else's 2007 tax return, or (c) was a student (defined below).

You were a student if during any part of 5 calendar months of 2007 you:

- Were enrolled as a full-time student at a school, or
- Took a full-time, on-farm training course given by a school or a state, county, or local government agency.

A school includes a technical, trade, or mechanical school. It does not include an on-the-job training course, correspondence school, or school offering courses only through the Internet.

For more details, use TeleTax topic 610 (see page 70) or see Form 8880.

**Line 38****Federal Income Tax Withheld**

Add the amounts shown as federal income tax withheld on your Forms W-2 and 1099-R. Enter the total on line 38. The amount of federal income tax withheld should be shown in box 2 of Form W-2, and in box 4 of Form 1099-R. Attach Form(s) 1099-R to the front of your return if federal income tax was withheld.

If you received a 2007 Form 1099 showing federal income tax withheld on dividends, taxable or tax-exempt interest income, unemployment compensation, or social security benefits, include the amount withheld in the total on line 38. This should be shown in Form 1099, box 4, or Form SSA-1099, box 6. If federal income tax was withheld from your Alaska Permanent Fund dividends, include the tax withheld in the total on line 38.

**Line 39****2007 Estimated Tax Payments**

Enter any estimated federal income tax payments you made for 2007. Include any overpayment from your 2006 return that you applied to your 2007 estimated tax.

If you and your spouse paid joint estimated tax but are now filing separate income tax returns, you can divide the amount paid in any way you choose as long as you both agree. If you cannot agree, you must divide the payments in proportion to each spouse's individual tax as shown on your separate returns for 2007. For an example of how to do this, see Pub. 505. Be sure to show both social security numbers (SSNs) in the space provided on the separate returns. If you or your spouse paid separate estimated tax but you are now filing a joint return, add the amounts you each paid. Follow these instructions even if your spouse died in 2007 or in 2008 before filing a 2007 return. Also, see Pub. 505 if either of the following apply.

- You got divorced in 2007 and you made joint estimated tax payments with your former spouse.
- You changed your name and you made estimated tax payments using your former name.

## Lines 40a and 40b— Earned Income Credit (EIC)

### What is the EIC?

The EIC is a credit for certain people who work. The credit may give you a refund even if you do not owe any tax.

### To Take the EIC:

- Follow the steps below.
- Complete the worksheet on page 42 or let the IRS figure the credit for you.
- If you have a qualifying child, complete and attach Schedule EIC.

For help in determining if you are eligible for the EIC, go to [www.irs.gov/eitc](http://www.irs.gov/eitc) and click on “EITC Assistant.” This service is available in English and Spanish.



*If you take the EIC even though you are not eligible and it is determined that your error is due to reckless or intentional disregard of the EIC rules, you will not be allowed to take the credit for 2 years even if you are otherwise eligible to do so. If you fraudulently take the EIC, you will not be allowed to take the credit for 10 years. See Form 8862, who must file, on page 41. You may also have to pay penalties.*

### Step 1 All Filers

- If, in 2007:
  - 2 children lived with you, is the amount on Form 1040A, line 22, less than \$37,783 (\$39,783 if married filing jointly)?
  - 1 child lived with you, is the amount on Form 1040A, line 22, less than \$33,241 (\$35,241 if married filing jointly)?
  - No children lived with you, is the amount on Form 1040A, line 22, less than \$12,590 (\$14,590 if married filing jointly)?

**Yes.** Continue

**No.** You cannot take the credit.

- Do you, and your spouse if filing a joint return, have a social security number that allows you to work or is valid for EIC purposes (see page 41)?

**Yes.** Continue

**No.** You cannot take the credit. Enter “No” to the left of the entry space for line 40a.

- Is your filing status married filing separately?

**Yes.**

You cannot take the credit.

**No.** Continue

- Were you or your spouse a nonresident alien for any part of 2007?

**Yes.** See *Nonresident aliens* on page 41.  **No.** Go to Step 2.

### Step 2 Investment Income

- Add the amounts from Form 1040A:

Line 8a \_\_\_\_\_  
 Line 8b + \_\_\_\_\_  
 Line 9a + \_\_\_\_\_  
 Line 10 + \_\_\_\_\_

**Investment Income** =

- Is your investment income more than \$2,900?

**Yes.**

You cannot take the credit.

**No.** Go to Step 3.



Continued from page 38

**Step 3 Qualifying Child**

**A qualifying child for the EIC is a child who is your...**

Son, daughter, stepchild, foster child, brother, sister, stepbrother, stepsister, or a descendant of any of them (for example, your grandchild, niece, or nephew)

**AND**

was ...

Under age 19 at the end of 2007

or

Under age 24 at the end of 2007 and a student (see page 41)

or

Any age and permanently and totally disabled (see page 41)

**AND**

who...

Lived with you in the United States for more than half of 2007.

If the child did not live with you for the required time, see *Exception to time lived with you* that begins on page 40.



*If the child meets the conditions to be a qualifying child of any other person (other than your spouse if filing a joint return) for 2007, or the child was married, see page 41.*

- Do you have at least one child who meets the conditions to be your qualifying child?
  - Yes.** The child must have a valid social security number as defined on page 41 unless the child was born and died in 2007. Go to question 2.
  - No.** Skip question 2; go to Step 4.

- Could you, or your spouse if filing a joint return, be a qualifying child of another person in 2007?
  - Yes.** You cannot take the credit. Enter "No" to the left of the entry space for line 40a.
  - No.** Skip Step 4; go to Step 5 on page 40.

**Step 4 Filers Without a Qualifying Child**

- Is the amount on Form 1040A, line 22, less than \$12,590 (\$14,590 if married filing jointly)?
  - Yes.** Continue →
  - No.** You cannot take the credit.
- Could you, or your spouse if filing a joint return, be a qualifying child of another person in 2007?
  - Yes.** You cannot take the credit. Enter "No" to the left of the entry space for line 40a. →
  - No.** Continue →
- Can you, or your spouse if filing a joint return, be claimed as a dependent on someone else's 2007 tax return?
  - Yes.** You cannot take the credit.
  - No.** Continue →
- Were you, or your spouse if filing a joint return, at least age 25 but under age 65 at the end of 2007?
  - Yes.** Continue →
  - No.** You cannot take the credit.
- Was your home, and your spouse's if filing a joint return, in the United States for more than half of 2007? Members of the military stationed outside the United States, see page 41 before you answer.
  - Yes.** Go to Step 5 on page 40.
  - No.** You cannot take the credit. Enter "No" to the left of the entry space for line 40a.

Continued from page 39

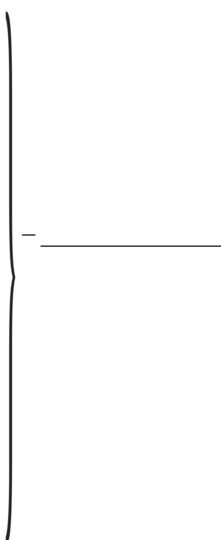
**Step 5 Earned Income**

1. Figure earned income:

Form 1040A, line 7 \_\_\_\_\_

Subtract, if included on line 7, any:

- Taxable scholarship or fellowship grant not reported on a Form W-2.
- Amount received for work performed while an inmate in a penal institution (enter "PRI" and the amount subtracted to the left of the entry space for Form 1040A, line 7).
- Amount received as a pension or annuity from a nonqualified deferred compensation plan or a nongovernmental section 457 plan (enter "DFC" and the amount subtracted to the left of the entry space for Form 1040A, line 7). This amount may be shown in Form W-2, box 11. If you received such an amount but box 11 is blank, contact your employer for the amount received as a pension or annuity.



Add all of your nontaxable combat pay if you elect to include it in earned income. Also enter this amount on Form 1040A, line 40b. See *Combat pay, nontaxable* on this page.

+ \_\_\_\_\_



*Electing to include nontaxable combat pay may increase or decrease your EIC. Figure the credit with and without your nontaxable combat pay before making the election.*

**Earned Income =**

2. If you have:
- 2 or more qualifying children, is your earned income less than \$37,783 (\$39,783 if married filing jointly)?
  - 1 qualifying child, is your earned income less than \$33,241 (\$35,241 if married filing jointly)?
  - No qualifying children, is your earned income less than \$12,590 (\$14,590 if married filing jointly)?
- Yes.** Go to Step 6.       **No.** You cannot take the credit.

**Step 6 How To Figure the Credit**

1. Do you want the IRS to figure the credit for you?
- Yes.** See *Credit figured by the IRS* below.       **No.** Go to the worksheet on page 42.

**Definitions and Special Rules**

(listed in alphabetical order)

**Adopted child.** An adopted child is always treated as your own child. An adopted child includes a child lawfully placed with you for legal adoption.

**Combat pay, nontaxable.** If you were a member of the U.S. Armed Forces who served in a combat zone, certain pay is excluded from your income. See *Combat Zone Exclusion* in Pub. 3. You can elect to include this pay in your earned income when figuring the EIC. The amount of your nontaxable combat pay should be shown in box 12 of Form(s) W-2 with code Q. If you are filing a joint return and both you and your spouse received nontaxable combat pay, you can each make your own election.

**Credit figured by the IRS.** To have the IRS figure your EIC:

1. Enter "EIC" to the left of the entry space for Form 1040A, line 40a.
2. Be sure you enter the nontaxable combat pay you elect to include in earned income on Form 1040A, line 40b. See *Combat pay, nontaxable* above.
3. If you have a qualifying child, complete and attach Schedule EIC. If your EIC for a year after 1996 was reduced or disallowed, see *Form 8862, who must file* on page 41.

**Exception to time lived with you.** A child is considered to have lived with you for all of 2007 if the child was born or died in 2007 and your home was this child's home for the entire time he or she was alive in 2007. Temporary absences for special circumstances, such as for school, vacation, medical care, military service, or

detention in a juvenile facility, count as time lived at home. Also see *Kidnapped child* on page 20 or *Members of the military* below.

**Form 8862, who must file.** You must file Form 8862 if your EIC for a year after 1996 was reduced or disallowed for any reason other than a math or clerical error. But do not file Form 8862 if either of the following applies.

- You filed Form 8862 for another year, the EIC was allowed for that year, and your EIC has not been reduced or disallowed again for any reason other than a math or clerical error.
- You are taking the EIC without a qualifying child and the only reason your EIC was reduced or disallowed in the other year was because it was determined that a child listed on Schedule EIC was not your qualifying child.

Also, do not file Form 8862 or take the credit for the:

- 2 years after the most recent tax year for which there was a final determination that your EIC claim was due to reckless or intentional disregard of the EIC rules, or
- 10 years after the most recent tax year for which there was a final determination that your EIC claim was due to fraud.

**Foster child.** A foster child is any child placed with you by an authorized placement agency or by judgment, decree, or other order of any court of competent jurisdiction. For more details on authorized placement agencies, see Pub. 596.

**Married child.** A child who was married at the end of 2007 is a qualifying child only if (a) you can claim him or her as your dependent on Form 1040A, line 6c, or (b) you could have claimed him or her as your dependent except for the special rule under *Children of divorced or separated parents* that begins on page 19.

**Members of the military.** If you were on extended active duty outside the United States, your home is considered to be in the United States during that duty period. Extended active duty is military duty ordered for an indefinite period or for a period of more than 90 days. Once you begin serving extended active duty, you are considered to be on extended active duty even if you do not serve more than 90 days.

**Nonresident aliens.** If your filing status is married filing jointly, go to Step 2 on page 38. Otherwise, stop; you cannot take the EIC. Enter “No” to the left of the entry space for line 40a.

**Permanently and totally disabled.** A person is permanently and totally disabled if, at any time in 2007, the person cannot engage in any substantial gainful activity because of a physical or mental condition and a doctor has determined that this condition (a) has lasted or can be expected to last continuously for at least a year, or (b) can be expected to lead to death.

**Qualifying child of more than one person.** If the child is the qualifying child of more than one person, only one person can claim the child as a qualifying child for all of the following tax benefits, unless the special rule for *Children of divorced or separated parents* that begins on page 19 applies.

1. Dependency exemption (line 6c).
2. Child tax credits (lines 32 and 41).
3. Head of household filing status (line 4).

4. Credit for child and dependent care expenses (line 29).
5. Exclusion for dependent care benefits (Schedule 2, Part III).
6. Earned income credit (lines 40a and 40b).

No other person can take any of the six tax benefits listed above unless he or she has a different qualifying child. If you and any other person claim the child as a qualifying child, the IRS will apply the following rules.

- If only one of the persons is the child’s parent, the child will be treated as the qualifying child of the parent.
- If two of the persons are the child’s parents, the child will be treated as the qualifying child of the parent with whom the child lived for the longer period of time during 2007. If the child lived with each parent for the same amount of time, the child will be treated as the qualifying child of the parent who had the higher adjusted gross income (AGI) for 2007.
- If none of the persons is the child’s parent, the child will be treated as the qualifying child of the person who had the highest AGI for 2007.

**Example.** Your daughter meets the conditions to be a qualifying child for both you and your mother. If you and your mother both claim tax benefits based on the child, the rules above apply. Under these rules, you are entitled to treat your daughter as a qualifying child for all of the six tax benefits listed above for which you otherwise qualify. Your mother would not be entitled to take any of the six tax benefits listed above unless she has a different qualifying child.

If you will not be taking the EIC with a qualifying child, enter “No” to the left of the entry space for line 40a. Otherwise, go to Step 3, question 1, on page 39.

**Social security number (SSN).** For the EIC, a valid SSN is a number issued by the Social Security Administration unless “Not Valid for Employment” is printed on the social security card and the number was issued solely to apply for or receive a federally funded benefit.

To find out how to get an SSN, see page 15. If you will not have an SSN by the date your return is due, see *What If You Cannot File on Time?* on page 6.

**Student.** A student is a child who during any part of 5 calendar months of 2007 was enrolled as a full-time student at a school, or took a full-time, on-farm training course given by a school or a state, county, or local government agency. A school includes a technical, trade, or mechanical school. It does not include an on-the-job training course, correspondence school, or school offering courses only through the Internet.

**Welfare benefits, effect of credit on.** Any refund you receive as a result of taking the EIC will not be used to determine if you are eligible for the following programs or how much you can receive from them. But if the refund you receive because of the EIC is not spent within a certain period of time, it can count as an asset (or resource) and affect your eligibility.

- Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF).
- Medicaid and supplemental security income (SSI).
- Food stamps and low-income housing.

## Earned Income Credit (EIC) Worksheet—Lines 40a and 40b

Keep for Your Records 

### Part 1


#### All Filers

1. Enter your earned income from Step 5 on page 40.

1	
---	--

2. Look up the amount on line 1 in the EIC Table on pages 43–50 to find the credit. Be sure you use the correct column for your filing status and the number of children you have. Enter the credit here.

2	
---	--

If line 2 is zero,  You cannot take the credit. Enter “No” to the left of the entry space for line 40a.

3. Enter the amount from Form 1040A, line 22.

3	
---	--

4. Are the amounts on lines 3 and 1 the same?

- Yes.** Skip line 5; enter the amount from line 2 on line 6.
- No.** Go to line 5.

### Part 2

#### Filers Who Answered “No” on Line 4

5. If you have:

- No qualifying children, is the amount on line 3 less than \$7,000 (\$9,000 if married filing jointly)?
- 1 or more qualifying children, is the amount on line 3 less than \$15,400 (\$17,400 if married filing jointly)?

**Yes.** Leave line 5 blank; enter the amount from line 2 on line 6.

**No.** Look up the amount on line 3 in the EIC Table on pages 43–50 to find the credit. Be sure you use the correct column for your filing status and the number of children you have. Enter the credit here.

5	
---	--

Look at the amounts on lines 5 and 2. Then, enter the **smaller** amount on line 6.

### Part 3

#### Your Earned Income Credit

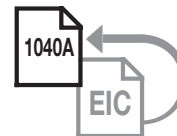
6. **This is your earned income credit.**

6	
---	--

Enter this amount on Form 1040A, line 40a.

#### Reminder—

- ✓ If you have a qualifying child, complete and attach Schedule EIC.



If your EIC for a year after 1996 was reduced or disallowed, see page 41 to find out if you must file Form 8862 to take the credit for 2007.

# 2007 Earned Income Credit (EIC) Table

**Caution.** This is not a tax table.

1. To find your credit, read down the "At least - But less than" columns and find the line that includes the amount you were told to look up from your EIC Worksheet.

2. Then, go to the column that includes your filing status and the number of qualifying children you have. Enter the credit from that column on your EIC Worksheet.

**Example.** If your filing status is single, you have one qualifying child, and the amount you are looking up from your EIC Worksheet is \$2,455, you would enter \$842.

If the amount you are looking up from the worksheet is—		And your filing status is—		
		Single, head of household, or qualifying widow(er) and you have—	and you have—	
		No children	One child	Two children
At least	But less than	Your credit is—		
2,400	2,450	186	825	970
2,450	2,500	189	842	990

If the amount you are looking up from the worksheet is—		And your filing status is—					
		Single, head of household, or qualifying widow(er) and you have—			Married filing jointly and you have—		
		No children	One child	Two children	No children	One child	Two children
At least	But less than	Your credit is—			Your credit is—		
\$1	\$50	\$2	\$9	\$10	\$2	\$9	\$10
50	100	6	26	30	6	26	30
100	150	10	43	50	10	43	50
150	200	13	60	70	13	60	70
200	250	17	77	90	17	77	90
250	300	21	94	110	21	94	110
300	350	25	111	130	25	111	130
350	400	29	128	150	29	128	150
400	450	33	145	170	33	145	170
450	500	36	162	190	36	162	190
500	550	40	179	210	40	179	210
550	600	44	196	230	44	196	230
600	650	48	213	250	48	213	250
650	700	52	230	270	52	230	270
700	750	55	247	290	55	247	290
750	800	59	264	310	59	264	310
800	850	63	281	330	63	281	330
850	900	67	298	350	67	298	350
900	950	71	315	370	71	315	370
950	1,000	75	332	390	75	332	390
1,000	1,050	78	349	410	78	349	410
1,050	1,100	82	366	430	82	366	430
1,100	1,150	86	383	450	86	383	450
1,150	1,200	90	400	470	90	400	470
1,200	1,250	94	417	490	94	417	490
1,250	1,300	98	434	510	98	434	510
1,300	1,350	101	451	530	101	451	530
1,350	1,400	105	468	550	105	468	550
1,400	1,450	109	485	570	109	485	570
1,450	1,500	113	502	590	113	502	590
1,500	1,550	117	519	610	117	519	610
1,550	1,600	120	536	630	120	536	630
1,600	1,650	124	553	650	124	553	650
1,650	1,700	128	570	670	128	570	670
1,700	1,750	132	587	690	132	587	690
1,750	1,800	136	604	710	136	604	710
1,800	1,850	140	621	730	140	621	730
1,850	1,900	143	638	750	143	638	750
1,900	1,950	147	655	770	147	655	770
1,950	2,000	151	672	790	151	672	790
2,000	2,050	155	689	810	155	689	810
2,050	2,100	159	706	830	159	706	830
2,100	2,150	163	723	850	163	723	850
2,150	2,200	166	740	870	166	740	870
2,200	2,250	170	757	890	170	757	890
2,250	2,300	174	774	910	174	774	910
2,300	2,350	178	791	930	178	791	930
2,350	2,400	182	808	950	182	808	950
2,400	2,450	186	825	970	186	825	970
2,450	2,500	189	842	990	189	842	990

(Continued on page 44)



**2007 Earned Income Credit (EIC) Table—Continued**

**(Caution. This is not a tax table.)**

If the amount you are looking up from the worksheet is—		And your filing status is—						If the amount you are looking up from the worksheet is—		And your filing status is—					
		Single, head of household, or qualifying widow(er) and you have—			Married filing jointly and you have—					Single, head of household, or qualifying widow(er) and you have—			Married filing jointly and you have—		
		No children	One child	Two children	No children	One child	Two children			No children	One child	Two children	No children	One child	Two children
At least	But less than	Your credit is—			Your credit is—			At least	But less than	Your credit is—			Your credit is—		
<b>5,000</b>	<b>5,050</b>	384	1,709	2,010	384	1,709	2,010	<b>8,000</b>	<b>8,050</b>	349	2,729	3,210	428	2,729	3,210
<b>5,050</b>	<b>5,100</b>	388	1,726	2,030	388	1,726	2,030	<b>8,050</b>	<b>8,100</b>	345	2,746	3,230	428	2,746	3,230
<b>5,100</b>	<b>5,150</b>	392	1,743	2,050	392	1,743	2,050	<b>8,100</b>	<b>8,150</b>	342	2,763	3,250	428	2,763	3,250
<b>5,150</b>	<b>5,200</b>	396	1,760	2,070	396	1,760	2,070	<b>8,150</b>	<b>8,200</b>	338	2,780	3,270	428	2,780	3,270
<b>5,200</b>	<b>5,250</b>	400	1,777	2,090	400	1,777	2,090	<b>8,200</b>	<b>8,250</b>	334	2,797	3,290	428	2,797	3,290
<b>5,250</b>	<b>5,300</b>	404	1,794	2,110	404	1,794	2,110	<b>8,250</b>	<b>8,300</b>	330	2,814	3,310	428	2,814	3,310
<b>5,300</b>	<b>5,350</b>	407	1,811	2,130	407	1,811	2,130	<b>8,300</b>	<b>8,350</b>	326	2,831	3,330	428	2,831	3,330
<b>5,350</b>	<b>5,400</b>	411	1,828	2,150	411	1,828	2,150	<b>8,350</b>	<b>8,400</b>	322	2,853	3,350	428	2,853	3,350
<b>5,400</b>	<b>5,450</b>	415	1,845	2,170	415	1,845	2,170	<b>8,400</b>	<b>8,450</b>	319	2,853	3,370	428	2,853	3,370
<b>5,450</b>	<b>5,500</b>	419	1,862	2,190	419	1,862	2,190	<b>8,450</b>	<b>8,500</b>	315	2,853	3,390	428	2,853	3,390
<b>5,500</b>	<b>5,550</b>	423	1,879	2,210	423	1,879	2,210	<b>8,500</b>	<b>8,550</b>	311	2,853	3,410	428	2,853	3,410
<b>5,550</b>	<b>5,600</b>	428	1,896	2,230	428	1,896	2,230	<b>8,550</b>	<b>8,600</b>	307	2,853	3,430	428	2,853	3,430
<b>5,600</b>	<b>5,650</b>	428	1,913	2,250	428	1,913	2,250	<b>8,600</b>	<b>8,650</b>	303	2,853	3,450	428	2,853	3,450
<b>5,650</b>	<b>5,700</b>	428	1,930	2,270	428	1,930	2,270	<b>8,650</b>	<b>8,700</b>	299	2,853	3,470	428	2,853	3,470
<b>5,700</b>	<b>5,750</b>	428	1,947	2,290	428	1,947	2,290	<b>8,700</b>	<b>8,750</b>	296	2,853	3,490	428	2,853	3,490
<b>5,750</b>	<b>5,800</b>	428	1,964	2,310	428	1,964	2,310	<b>8,750</b>	<b>8,800</b>	292	2,853	3,510	428	2,853	3,510
<b>5,800</b>	<b>5,850</b>	428	1,981	2,330	428	1,981	2,330	<b>8,800</b>	<b>8,850</b>	288	2,853	3,530	428	2,853	3,530
<b>5,850</b>	<b>5,900</b>	428	1,998	2,350	428	1,998	2,350	<b>8,850</b>	<b>8,900</b>	284	2,853	3,550	428	2,853	3,550
<b>5,900</b>	<b>5,950</b>	428	2,015	2,370	428	2,015	2,370	<b>8,900</b>	<b>8,950</b>	280	2,853	3,570	428	2,853	3,570
<b>5,950</b>	<b>6,000</b>	428	2,032	2,390	428	2,032	2,390	<b>8,950</b>	<b>9,000</b>	277	2,853	3,590	428	2,853	3,590
<b>6,000</b>	<b>6,050</b>	428	2,049	2,410	428	2,049	2,410	<b>9,000</b>	<b>9,050</b>	273	2,853	3,610	426	2,853	3,610
<b>6,050</b>	<b>6,100</b>	428	2,066	2,430	428	2,066	2,430	<b>9,050</b>	<b>9,100</b>	269	2,853	3,630	422	2,853	3,630
<b>6,100</b>	<b>6,150</b>	428	2,083	2,450	428	2,083	2,450	<b>9,100</b>	<b>9,150</b>	265	2,853	3,650	418	2,853	3,650
<b>6,150</b>	<b>6,200</b>	428	2,100	2,470	428	2,100	2,470	<b>9,150</b>	<b>9,200</b>	261	2,853	3,670	414	2,853	3,670
<b>6,200</b>	<b>6,250</b>	428	2,117	2,490	428	2,117	2,490	<b>9,200</b>	<b>9,250</b>	257	2,853	3,690	410	2,853	3,690
<b>6,250</b>	<b>6,300</b>	428	2,134	2,510	428	2,134	2,510	<b>9,250</b>	<b>9,300</b>	254	2,853	3,710	407	2,853	3,710
<b>6,300</b>	<b>6,350</b>	428	2,151	2,530	428	2,151	2,530	<b>9,300</b>	<b>9,350</b>	250	2,853	3,730	403	2,853	3,730
<b>6,350</b>	<b>6,400</b>	428	2,168	2,550	428	2,168	2,550	<b>9,350</b>	<b>9,400</b>	246	2,853	3,750	399	2,853	3,750
<b>6,400</b>	<b>6,450</b>	428	2,185	2,570	428	2,185	2,570	<b>9,400</b>	<b>9,450</b>	242	2,853	3,770	395	2,853	3,770
<b>6,450</b>	<b>6,500</b>	428	2,202	2,590	428	2,202	2,590	<b>9,450</b>	<b>9,500</b>	238	2,853	3,790	391	2,853	3,790
<b>6,500</b>	<b>6,550</b>	428	2,219	2,610	428	2,219	2,610	<b>9,500</b>	<b>9,550</b>	234	2,853	3,810	387	2,853	3,810
<b>6,550</b>	<b>6,600</b>	428	2,236	2,630	428	2,236	2,630	<b>9,550</b>	<b>9,600</b>	231	2,853	3,830	384	2,853	3,830
<b>6,600</b>	<b>6,650</b>	428	2,253	2,650	428	2,253	2,650	<b>9,600</b>	<b>9,650</b>	227	2,853	3,850	380	2,853	3,850
<b>6,650</b>	<b>6,700</b>	428	2,270	2,670	428	2,270	2,670	<b>9,650</b>	<b>9,700</b>	223	2,853	3,870	376	2,853	3,870
<b>6,700</b>	<b>6,750</b>	428	2,287	2,690	428	2,287	2,690	<b>9,700</b>	<b>9,750</b>	219	2,853	3,890	372	2,853	3,890
<b>6,750</b>	<b>6,800</b>	428	2,304	2,710	428	2,304	2,710	<b>9,750</b>	<b>9,800</b>	215	2,853	3,910	368	2,853	3,910
<b>6,800</b>	<b>6,850</b>	428	2,321	2,730	428	2,321	2,730	<b>9,800</b>	<b>9,850</b>	212	2,853	3,930	365	2,853	3,930
<b>6,850</b>	<b>6,900</b>	428	2,338	2,750	428	2,338	2,750	<b>9,850</b>	<b>9,900</b>	208	2,853	3,950	361	2,853	3,950
<b>6,900</b>	<b>6,950</b>	428	2,355	2,770	428	2,355	2,770	<b>9,900</b>	<b>9,950</b>	204	2,853	3,970	357	2,853	3,970
<b>6,950</b>	<b>7,000</b>	428	2,372	2,790	428	2,372	2,790	<b>9,950</b>	<b>10,000</b>	200	2,853	3,990	353	2,853	3,990
<b>7,000</b>	<b>7,050</b>	426	2,389	2,810	428	2,389	2,810	<b>10,000</b>	<b>10,050</b>	196	2,853	4,010	349	2,853	4,010
<b>7,050</b>	<b>7,100</b>	422	2,406	2,830	428	2,406	2,830	<b>10,050</b>	<b>10,100</b>	192	2,853	4,030	345	2,853	4,030
<b>7,100</b>	<b>7,150</b>	418	2,423	2,850	428	2,423	2,850	<b>10,100</b>	<b>10,150</b>	189	2,853	4,050	342	2,853	4,050
<b>7,150</b>	<b>7,200</b>	414	2,440	2,870	428	2,440	2,870	<b>10,150</b>	<b>10,200</b>	185	2,853	4,070	338	2,853	4,070
<b>7,200</b>	<b>7,250</b>	410	2,457	2,890	428	2,457	2,890	<b>10,200</b>	<b>10,250</b>	181	2,853	4,090	334	2,853	4,090
<b>7,250</b>	<b>7,300</b>	407	2,474	2,910	428	2,474	2,910	<b>10,250</b>	<b>10,300</b>	177	2,853	4,110	330	2,853	4,110
<b>7,300</b>	<b>7,350</b>	403	2,491	2,930	428	2,491	2,930	<b>10,300</b>	<b>10,350</b>	173	2,853	4,130	326	2,853	4,130
<b>7,350</b>	<b>7,400</b>	399	2,508	2,950	428	2,508	2,950	<b>10,350</b>	<b>10,400</b>	169	2,853	4,150	322	2,853	4,150
<b>7,400</b>	<b>7,450</b>	395	2,525	2,970	428	2,525	2,970	<b>10,400</b>	<b>10,450</b>	166	2,853	4,170	319	2,853	4,170
<b>7,450</b>	<b>7,500</b>	391	2,542	2,990	428	2,542	2,990	<b>10,450</b>	<b>10,500</b>	162	2,853	4,190	315	2,853	4,190
<b>7,500</b>	<b>7,550</b>	387	2,559	3,010	428	2,559	3,010	<b>10,500</b>	<b>10,550</b>	158	2,853	4,210	311	2,853	4,210
<b>7,550</b>	<b>7,600</b>	384	2,576	3,030	428	2,576	3,030	<b>10,550</b>	<b>10,600</b>	154	2,853	4,230	307	2,853	4,230
<b>7,600</b>	<b>7,650</b>	380	2,593	3,050	428	2,593	3,050	<b>10,600</b>	<b>10,650</b>	150	2,853	4,250	303	2,853	4,250
<b>7,650</b>	<b>7,700</b>	376	2,610	3,070	428	2,610	3,070	<b>10,650</b>	<b>10,700</b>	146	2,853	4,270	299	2,853	4,270
<b>7,700</b>	<b>7,750</b>	372	2,627	3,090	428	2,627	3,090	<b>10,700</b>	<b>10,750</b>	143	2,853	4,290	296	2,853	4,290
<b>7,750</b>	<b>7,800</b>	368	2,644	3,110	428	2,644	3,110	<b>10,750</b>	<b>10,800</b>	139	2,853	4,310	292	2,853	4,310
<b>7,800</b>	<b>7,850</b>	365	2,661	3,130	428	2,661	3,130	<b>10,800</b>	<b>10,850</b>	135	2,853	4,330	288	2,853	4,330
<b>7,850</b>	<b>7,900</b>	361	2,678	3,150	428	2,678	3,150	<b>10,850</b>	<b>10,900</b>	131	2,853	4,350	284	2,853	4,350
<b>7,900</b>	<b>7,950</b>	357	2,695	3,170	428	2,695	3,170	<b>10,900</b>	<b>10,950</b>	127	2,853	4,370	280	2,853	4,370
<b>7,950</b>	<b>8,000</b>	353	2,712	3,190	428	2,712	3,190	<b>10,950</b>	<b>11,000</b>	124	2,853	4,390	277	2,853	4,390

(Continued on page 45)

**2007 Earned Income Credit (EIC) Table—Continued**

**(Caution. This is not a tax table.)**

If the amount you are looking up from the worksheet is—		And your filing status is—					
		Single, head of household, or qualifying widow(er) and you have—			Married filing jointly and you have—		
		No children	One child	Two children	No children	One child	Two children
At least	But less than	Your credit is—			Your credit is—		
11,000	11,050	120	2,853	4,410	273	2,853	4,410
11,050	11,100	116	2,853	4,430	269	2,853	4,430
11,100	11,150	112	2,853	4,450	265	2,853	4,450
11,150	11,200	108	2,853	4,470	261	2,853	4,470
11,200	11,250	104	2,853	4,490	257	2,853	4,490
11,250	11,300	101	2,853	4,510	254	2,853	4,510
11,300	11,350	97	2,853	4,530	250	2,853	4,530
11,350	11,400	93	2,853	4,550	246	2,853	4,550
11,400	11,450	89	2,853	4,570	242	2,853	4,570
11,450	11,500	85	2,853	4,590	238	2,853	4,590
11,500	11,550	81	2,853	4,610	234	2,853	4,610
11,550	11,600	78	2,853	4,630	231	2,853	4,630
11,600	11,650	74	2,853	4,650	227	2,853	4,650
11,650	11,700	70	2,853	4,670	223	2,853	4,670
11,700	11,750	66	2,853	4,690	219	2,853	4,690
11,750	11,800	62	2,853	4,716	215	2,853	4,716
11,800	11,850	59	2,853	4,716	212	2,853	4,716
11,850	11,900	55	2,853	4,716	208	2,853	4,716
11,900	11,950	51	2,853	4,716	204	2,853	4,716
11,950	12,000	47	2,853	4,716	200	2,853	4,716
12,000	12,050	43	2,853	4,716	196	2,853	4,716
12,050	12,100	39	2,853	4,716	192	2,853	4,716
12,100	12,150	36	2,853	4,716	189	2,853	4,716
12,150	12,200	32	2,853	4,716	185	2,853	4,716
12,200	12,250	28	2,853	4,716	181	2,853	4,716
12,250	12,300	24	2,853	4,716	177	2,853	4,716
12,300	12,350	20	2,853	4,716	173	2,853	4,716
12,350	12,400	16	2,853	4,716	169	2,853	4,716
12,400	12,450	13	2,853	4,716	166	2,853	4,716
12,450	12,500	9	2,853	4,716	162	2,853	4,716
12,500	12,550	5	2,853	4,716	158	2,853	4,716
12,550	12,600	*	2,853	4,716	154	2,853	4,716
12,600	12,650	0	2,853	4,716	150	2,853	4,716
12,650	12,700	0	2,853	4,716	146	2,853	4,716
12,700	12,750	0	2,853	4,716	143	2,853	4,716
12,750	12,800	0	2,853	4,716	139	2,853	4,716
12,800	12,850	0	2,853	4,716	135	2,853	4,716
12,850	12,900	0	2,853	4,716	131	2,853	4,716
12,900	12,950	0	2,853	4,716	127	2,853	4,716
12,950	13,000	0	2,853	4,716	124	2,853	4,716
13,000	13,050	0	2,853	4,716	120	2,853	4,716
13,050	13,100	0	2,853	4,716	116	2,853	4,716
13,100	13,150	0	2,853	4,716	112	2,853	4,716
13,150	13,200	0	2,853	4,716	108	2,853	4,716
13,200	13,250	0	2,853	4,716	104	2,853	4,716
13,250	13,300	0	2,853	4,716	101	2,853	4,716
13,300	13,350	0	2,853	4,716	97	2,853	4,716
13,350	13,400	0	2,853	4,716	93	2,853	4,716
13,400	13,450	0	2,853	4,716	89	2,853	4,716
13,450	13,500	0	2,853	4,716	85	2,853	4,716
13,500	13,550	0	2,853	4,716	81	2,853	4,716
13,550	13,600	0	2,853	4,716	78	2,853	4,716
13,600	13,650	0	2,853	4,716	74	2,853	4,716
13,650	13,700	0	2,853	4,716	70	2,853	4,716
13,700	13,750	0	2,853	4,716	66	2,853	4,716
13,750	13,800	0	2,853	4,716	62	2,853	4,716
13,800	13,850	0	2,853	4,716	59	2,853	4,716
13,850	13,900	0	2,853	4,716	55	2,853	4,716
13,900	13,950	0	2,853	4,716	51	2,853	4,716
13,950	14,000	0	2,853	4,716	47	2,853	4,716
14,000	14,050	0	2,853	4,716	43	2,853	4,716
14,050	14,100	0	2,853	4,716	39	2,853	4,716
14,100	14,150	0	2,853	4,716	36	2,853	4,716
14,150	14,200	0	2,853	4,716	32	2,853	4,716
14,200	14,250	0	2,853	4,716	28	2,853	4,716
14,250	14,300	0	2,853	4,716	24	2,853	4,716
14,300	14,350	0	2,853	4,716	20	2,853	4,716
14,350	14,400	0	2,853	4,716	16	2,853	4,716
14,400	14,450	0	2,853	4,716	13	2,853	4,716
14,450	14,500	0	2,853	4,716	9	2,853	4,716
14,500	14,550	0	2,853	4,716	5	2,853	4,716
14,550	14,600	0	2,853	4,716	*	2,853	4,716
14,600	14,650	0	2,853	4,716	0	2,853	4,716
14,650	14,700	0	2,853	4,716	0	2,853	4,716
14,700	14,750	0	2,853	4,716	0	2,853	4,716
14,750	14,800	0	2,853	4,716	0	2,853	4,716
14,800	14,850	0	2,853	4,716	0	2,853	4,716
14,850	14,900	0	2,853	4,716	0	2,853	4,716
14,900	14,950	0	2,853	4,716	0	2,853	4,716
14,950	15,000	0	2,853	4,716	0	2,853	4,716
15,000	15,050	0	2,853	4,716	0	2,853	4,716
15,050	15,100	0	2,853	4,716	0	2,853	4,716
15,100	15,150	0	2,853	4,716	0	2,853	4,716
15,150	15,200	0	2,853	4,716	0	2,853	4,716
15,200	15,250	0	2,853	4,716	0	2,853	4,716
15,250	15,300	0	2,853	4,716	0	2,853	4,716
15,300	15,350	0	2,853	4,716	0	2,853	4,716
15,350	15,400	0	2,853	4,716	0	2,853	4,716
15,400	15,450	0	2,847	4,709	0	2,853	4,716
15,450	15,500	0	2,839	4,698	0	2,853	4,716
15,500	15,550	0	2,831	4,688	0	2,853	4,716
15,550	15,600	0	2,823	4,677	0	2,853	4,716
15,600	15,650	0	2,815	4,667	0	2,853	4,716
15,650	15,700	0	2,807	4,656	0	2,853	4,716
15,700	15,750	0	2,799	4,645	0	2,853	4,716
15,750	15,800	0	2,791	4,635	0	2,853	4,716
15,800	15,850	0	2,783	4,624	0	2,853	4,716
15,850	15,900	0	2,775	4,614	0	2,853	4,716
15,900	15,950	0	2,767	4,603	0	2,853	4,716
15,950	16,000	0	2,759	4,593	0	2,853	4,716

(Continued on page 46)

\*If the amount you are looking up from the worksheet is at least \$12,550 (\$14,550 if married filing jointly) but less than \$12,590 (\$14,590 if married filing jointly), your credit is \$2. Otherwise, you cannot take the credit.

**2007 Earned Income Credit (EIC) Table—Continued**

(Caution. This is not a tax table.)

If the amount you are looking up from the worksheet is—		And your filing status is—						If the amount you are looking up from the worksheet is—		And your filing status is—					
		Single, head of household, or qualifying widow(er) and you have—			Married filing jointly and you have—					Single, head of household, or qualifying widow(er) and you have—			Married filing jointly and you have—		
		No children	One child	Two children	No children	One child	Two children			No children	One child	Two children	No children	One child	Two children
At least	But less than	Your credit is—			Your credit is—			At least	But less than	Your credit is—			Your credit is—		
16,000	16,050	0	2,751	4,582	0	2,853	4,716	19,000	19,050	0	2,272	3,950	0	2,591	4,372
16,050	16,100	0	2,743	4,572	0	2,853	4,716	19,050	19,100	0	2,264	3,940	0	2,583	4,361
16,100	16,150	0	2,735	4,561	0	2,853	4,716	19,100	19,150	0	2,256	3,929	0	2,575	4,351
16,150	16,200	0	2,727	4,551	0	2,853	4,716	19,150	19,200	0	2,248	3,919	0	2,567	4,340
16,200	16,250	0	2,719	4,540	0	2,853	4,716	19,200	19,250	0	2,240	3,908	0	2,559	4,330
16,250	16,300	0	2,711	4,530	0	2,853	4,716	19,250	19,300	0	2,232	3,898	0	2,551	4,319
16,300	16,350	0	2,703	4,519	0	2,853	4,716	19,300	19,350	0	2,224	3,887	0	2,543	4,308
16,350	16,400	0	2,695	4,509	0	2,853	4,716	19,350	19,400	0	2,216	3,877	0	2,535	4,298
16,400	16,450	0	2,687	4,498	0	2,853	4,716	19,400	19,450	0	2,208	3,866	0	2,527	4,287
16,450	16,500	0	2,679	4,487	0	2,853	4,716	19,450	19,500	0	2,200	3,856	0	2,519	4,277
16,500	16,550	0	2,671	4,477	0	2,853	4,716	19,500	19,550	0	2,192	3,845	0	2,511	4,266
16,550	16,600	0	2,663	4,466	0	2,853	4,716	19,550	19,600	0	2,184	3,835	0	2,503	4,256
16,600	16,650	0	2,655	4,456	0	2,853	4,716	19,600	19,650	0	2,176	3,824	0	2,495	4,245
16,650	16,700	0	2,647	4,445	0	2,853	4,716	19,650	19,700	0	2,168	3,814	0	2,487	4,235
16,700	16,750	0	2,639	4,435	0	2,853	4,716	19,700	19,750	0	2,160	3,803	0	2,479	4,224
16,750	16,800	0	2,631	4,424	0	2,853	4,716	19,750	19,800	0	2,152	3,793	0	2,471	4,214
16,800	16,850	0	2,623	4,414	0	2,853	4,716	19,800	19,850	0	2,144	3,782	0	2,463	4,203
16,850	16,900	0	2,615	4,403	0	2,853	4,716	19,850	19,900	0	2,136	3,771	0	2,455	4,193
16,900	16,950	0	2,607	4,393	0	2,853	4,716	19,900	19,950	0	2,128	3,761	0	2,448	4,182
16,950	17,000	0	2,599	4,382	0	2,853	4,716	19,950	20,000	0	2,120	3,750	0	2,440	4,172
17,000	17,050	0	2,591	4,372	0	2,853	4,716	20,000	20,050	0	2,112	3,740	0	2,432	4,161
17,050	17,100	0	2,583	4,361	0	2,853	4,716	20,050	20,100	0	2,104	3,729	0	2,424	4,151
17,100	17,150	0	2,575	4,351	0	2,853	4,716	20,100	20,150	0	2,096	3,719	0	2,416	4,140
17,150	17,200	0	2,567	4,340	0	2,853	4,716	20,150	20,200	0	2,088	3,708	0	2,408	4,129
17,200	17,250	0	2,559	4,330	0	2,853	4,716	20,200	20,250	0	2,080	3,698	0	2,400	4,119
17,250	17,300	0	2,551	4,319	0	2,853	4,716	20,250	20,300	0	2,072	3,687	0	2,392	4,108
17,300	17,350	0	2,543	4,308	0	2,853	4,716	20,300	20,350	0	2,064	3,677	0	2,384	4,098
17,350	17,400	0	2,535	4,298	0	2,853	4,716	20,350	20,400	0	2,056	3,666	0	2,376	4,087
17,400	17,450	0	2,527	4,287	0	2,847	4,709	20,400	20,450	0	2,048	3,656	0	2,368	4,077
17,450	17,500	0	2,519	4,277	0	2,839	4,698	20,450	20,500	0	2,040	3,645	0	2,360	4,066
17,500	17,550	0	2,511	4,266	0	2,831	4,688	20,500	20,550	0	2,032	3,635	0	2,352	4,056
17,550	17,600	0	2,503	4,256	0	2,823	4,677	20,550	20,600	0	2,024	3,624	0	2,344	4,045
17,600	17,650	0	2,495	4,245	0	2,815	4,667	20,600	20,650	0	2,016	3,614	0	2,336	4,035
17,650	17,700	0	2,487	4,235	0	2,807	4,656	20,650	20,700	0	2,008	3,603	0	2,328	4,024
17,700	17,750	0	2,479	4,224	0	2,799	4,645	20,700	20,750	0	2,000	3,592	0	2,320	4,014
17,750	17,800	0	2,471	4,214	0	2,791	4,635	20,750	20,800	0	1,992	3,582	0	2,312	4,003
17,800	17,850	0	2,463	4,203	0	2,783	4,624	20,800	20,850	0	1,984	3,571	0	2,304	3,993
17,850	17,900	0	2,455	4,193	0	2,775	4,614	20,850	20,900	0	1,976	3,561	0	2,296	3,982
17,900	17,950	0	2,448	4,182	0	2,767	4,603	20,900	20,950	0	1,968	3,550	0	2,288	3,972
17,950	18,000	0	2,440	4,172	0	2,759	4,593	20,950	21,000	0	1,960	3,540	0	2,280	3,961
18,000	18,050	0	2,432	4,161	0	2,751	4,582	21,000	21,050	0	1,952	3,529	0	2,272	3,950
18,050	18,100	0	2,424	4,151	0	2,743	4,572	21,050	21,100	0	1,944	3,519	0	2,264	3,940
18,100	18,150	0	2,416	4,140	0	2,735	4,561	21,100	21,150	0	1,936	3,508	0	2,256	3,929
18,150	18,200	0	2,408	4,129	0	2,727	4,551	21,150	21,200	0	1,928	3,498	0	2,248	3,919
18,200	18,250	0	2,400	4,119	0	2,719	4,540	21,200	21,250	0	1,920	3,487	0	2,240	3,908
18,250	18,300	0	2,392	4,108	0	2,711	4,530	21,250	21,300	0	1,912	3,477	0	2,232	3,898
18,300	18,350	0	2,384	4,098	0	2,703	4,519	21,300	21,350	0	1,904	3,466	0	2,224	3,887
18,350	18,400	0	2,376	4,087	0	2,695	4,509	21,350	21,400	0	1,896	3,456	0	2,216	3,877
18,400	18,450	0	2,368	4,077	0	2,687	4,498	21,400	21,450	0	1,888	3,445	0	2,208	3,866
18,450	18,500	0	2,360	4,066	0	2,679	4,487	21,450	21,500	0	1,880	3,434	0	2,200	3,856
18,500	18,550	0	2,352	4,056	0	2,671	4,477	21,500	21,550	0	1,872	3,424	0	2,192	3,845
18,550	18,600	0	2,344	4,045	0	2,663	4,466	21,550	21,600	0	1,864	3,413	0	2,184	3,835
18,600	18,650	0	2,336	4,035	0	2,655	4,456	21,600	21,650	0	1,856	3,403	0	2,176	3,824
18,650	18,700	0	2,328	4,024	0	2,647	4,445	21,650	21,700	0	1,848	3,392	0	2,168	3,814
18,700	18,750	0	2,320	4,014	0	2,639	4,435	21,700	21,750	0	1,840	3,382	0	2,160	3,803
18,750	18,800	0	2,312	4,003	0	2,631	4,424	21,750	21,800	0	1,832	3,371	0	2,152	3,793
18,800	18,850	0	2,304	3,993	0	2,623	4,414	21,800	21,850	0	1,824	3,361	0	2,144	3,782
18,850	18,900	0	2,296	3,982	0	2,615	4,403	21,850	21,900	0	1,816	3,350	0	2,136	3,771
18,900	18,950	0	2,288	3,972	0	2,607	4,393	21,900	21,950	0	1,808	3,340	0	2,128	3,761
18,950	19,000	0	2,280	3,961	0	2,599	4,382	21,950	22,000	0	1,800	3,329	0	2,120	3,750

(Continued on page 47)

**2007 Earned Income Credit (EIC) Table—Continued**

(Caution. This is not a tax table.)

If the amount you are looking up from the worksheet is—		And your filing status is—					
		Single, head of household, or qualifying widow(er) and you have—			Married filing jointly and you have—		
		No children	One child	Two children	No children	One child	Two children
At least	But less than	Your credit is—			Your credit is—		
22,000	22,050	0	1,792	3,319	0	2,112	3,740
22,050	22,100	0	1,784	3,308	0	2,104	3,729
22,100	22,150	0	1,776	3,298	0	2,096	3,719
22,150	22,200	0	1,768	3,287	0	2,088	3,708
22,200	22,250	0	1,760	3,277	0	2,080	3,698
22,250	22,300	0	1,752	3,266	0	2,072	3,687
22,300	22,350	0	1,744	3,255	0	2,064	3,677
22,350	22,400	0	1,736	3,245	0	2,056	3,666
22,400	22,450	0	1,728	3,234	0	2,048	3,656
22,450	22,500	0	1,720	3,224	0	2,040	3,645
22,500	22,550	0	1,712	3,213	0	2,032	3,635
22,550	22,600	0	1,704	3,203	0	2,024	3,624
22,600	22,650	0	1,696	3,192	0	2,016	3,614
22,650	22,700	0	1,688	3,182	0	2,008	3,603
22,700	22,750	0	1,680	3,171	0	2,000	3,592
22,750	22,800	0	1,672	3,161	0	1,992	3,582
22,800	22,850	0	1,664	3,150	0	1,984	3,571
22,850	22,900	0	1,656	3,140	0	1,976	3,561
22,900	22,950	0	1,649	3,129	0	1,968	3,550
22,950	23,000	0	1,641	3,119	0	1,960	3,540
23,000	23,050	0	1,633	3,108	0	1,952	3,529
23,050	23,100	0	1,625	3,098	0	1,944	3,519
23,100	23,150	0	1,617	3,087	0	1,936	3,508
23,150	23,200	0	1,609	3,076	0	1,928	3,498
23,200	23,250	0	1,601	3,066	0	1,920	3,487
23,250	23,300	0	1,593	3,055	0	1,912	3,477
23,300	23,350	0	1,585	3,045	0	1,904	3,466
23,350	23,400	0	1,577	3,034	0	1,896	3,456
23,400	23,450	0	1,569	3,024	0	1,888	3,445
23,450	23,500	0	1,561	3,013	0	1,880	3,434
23,500	23,550	0	1,553	3,003	0	1,872	3,424
23,550	23,600	0	1,545	2,992	0	1,864	3,413
23,600	23,650	0	1,537	2,982	0	1,856	3,403
23,650	23,700	0	1,529	2,971	0	1,848	3,392
23,700	23,750	0	1,521	2,961	0	1,840	3,382
23,750	23,800	0	1,513	2,950	0	1,832	3,371
23,800	23,850	0	1,505	2,940	0	1,824	3,361
23,850	23,900	0	1,497	2,929	0	1,816	3,350
23,900	23,950	0	1,489	2,919	0	1,808	3,340
23,950	24,000	0	1,481	2,908	0	1,800	3,329
24,000	24,050	0	1,473	2,897	0	1,792	3,319
24,050	24,100	0	1,465	2,887	0	1,784	3,308
24,100	24,150	0	1,457	2,876	0	1,776	3,298
24,150	24,200	0	1,449	2,866	0	1,768	3,287
24,200	24,250	0	1,441	2,855	0	1,760	3,277
24,250	24,300	0	1,433	2,845	0	1,752	3,266
24,300	24,350	0	1,425	2,834	0	1,744	3,255
24,350	24,400	0	1,417	2,824	0	1,736	3,245
24,400	24,450	0	1,409	2,813	0	1,728	3,234
24,450	24,500	0	1,401	2,803	0	1,720	3,224
24,500	24,550	0	1,393	2,792	0	1,712	3,213
24,550	24,600	0	1,385	2,782	0	1,704	3,203
24,600	24,650	0	1,377	2,771	0	1,696	3,192
24,650	24,700	0	1,369	2,761	0	1,688	3,182
24,700	24,750	0	1,361	2,750	0	1,680	3,171
24,750	24,800	0	1,353	2,740	0	1,672	3,161
24,800	24,850	0	1,345	2,729	0	1,664	3,150
24,850	24,900	0	1,337	2,718	0	1,656	3,140
24,900	24,950	0	1,329	2,708	0	1,649	3,129
24,950	25,000	0	1,321	2,697	0	1,641	3,119
25,000	25,050	0	1,313	2,687	0	1,633	3,108
25,050	25,100	0	1,305	2,676	0	1,625	3,098
25,100	25,150	0	1,297	2,666	0	1,617	3,087
25,150	25,200	0	1,289	2,655	0	1,609	3,076
25,200	25,250	0	1,281	2,645	0	1,601	3,066
25,250	25,300	0	1,273	2,634	0	1,593	3,055
25,300	25,350	0	1,265	2,624	0	1,585	3,045
25,350	25,400	0	1,257	2,613	0	1,577	3,034
25,400	25,450	0	1,249	2,603	0	1,569	3,024
25,450	25,500	0	1,241	2,592	0	1,561	3,013
25,500	25,550	0	1,233	2,582	0	1,553	3,003
25,550	25,600	0	1,225	2,571	0	1,545	2,992
25,600	25,650	0	1,217	2,561	0	1,537	2,982
25,650	25,700	0	1,209	2,550	0	1,529	2,971
25,700	25,750	0	1,201	2,539	0	1,521	2,961
25,750	25,800	0	1,193	2,529	0	1,513	2,950
25,800	25,850	0	1,185	2,518	0	1,505	2,940
25,850	25,900	0	1,177	2,508	0	1,497	2,929
25,900	25,950	0	1,169	2,497	0	1,489	2,919
25,950	26,000	0	1,161	2,487	0	1,481	2,908
26,000	26,050	0	1,153	2,476	0	1,473	2,897
26,050	26,100	0	1,145	2,466	0	1,465	2,887
26,100	26,150	0	1,137	2,455	0	1,457	2,876
26,150	26,200	0	1,129	2,445	0	1,449	2,866
26,200	26,250	0	1,121	2,434	0	1,441	2,855
26,250	26,300	0	1,113	2,424	0	1,433	2,845
26,300	26,350	0	1,105	2,413	0	1,425	2,834
26,350	26,400	0	1,097	2,403	0	1,417	2,824
26,400	26,450	0	1,089	2,392	0	1,409	2,813
26,450	26,500	0	1,081	2,381	0	1,401	2,803
26,500	26,550	0	1,073	2,371	0	1,393	2,792
26,550	26,600	0	1,065	2,360	0	1,385	2,782
26,600	26,650	0	1,057	2,350	0	1,377	2,771
26,650	26,700	0	1,049	2,339	0	1,369	2,761
26,700	26,750	0	1,041	2,329	0	1,361	2,750
26,750	26,800	0	1,033	2,318	0	1,353	2,740
26,800	26,850	0	1,025	2,308	0	1,345	2,729
26,850	26,900	0	1,017	2,297	0	1,337	2,718
26,900	26,950	0	1,009	2,287	0	1,329	2,708
26,950	27,000	0	1,001	2,276	0	1,321	2,697
27,000	27,050	0	993	2,266	0	1,313	2,687
27,050	27,100	0	985	2,255	0	1,305	2,676
27,100	27,150	0	977	2,245	0	1,297	2,666
27,150	27,200	0	969	2,234	0	1,289	2,655
27,200	27,250	0	961	2,224	0	1,281	2,645
27,250	27,300	0	953	2,213	0	1,273	2,634
27,300	27,350	0	945	2,202	0	1,265	2,624
27,350	27,400	0	937	2,192	0	1,257	2,613
27,400	27,450	0	929	2,181	0	1,249	2,603
27,450	27,500	0	921	2,171	0	1,241	2,592
27,500	27,550	0	913	2,160	0	1,233	2,582
27,550	27,600	0	905	2,150	0	1,225	2,571
27,600	27,650	0	897	2,139	0	1,217	2,561
27,650	27,700	0	889	2,129	0	1,209	2,550
27,700	27,750	0	881	2,118	0	1,201	2,539
27,750	27,800	0	873	2,108	0	1,193	2,529
27,800	27,850	0	865	2,097	0	1,185	2,518
27,850	27,900	0	857	2,087	0	1,177	2,508
27,900	27,950	0	850	2,076	0	1,169	2,497
27,950	28,000	0	842	2,066	0	1,161	2,487

(Continued on page 48)

**2007 Earned Income Credit (EIC) Table—Continued**

(Caution. This is not a tax table.)

If the amount you are looking up from the worksheet is—		And your filing status is—					
		Single, head of household, or qualifying widow(er) and you have—			Married filing jointly and you have—		
		No children	One child	Two children	No children	One child	Two children
At least	But less than	Your credit is—			Your credit is—		
28,000	28,050	0	834	2,055	0	1,153	2,476
28,050	28,100	0	826	2,045	0	1,145	2,466
28,100	28,150	0	818	2,034	0	1,137	2,455
28,150	28,200	0	810	2,023	0	1,129	2,445
28,200	28,250	0	802	2,013	0	1,121	2,434
28,250	28,300	0	794	2,002	0	1,113	2,424
28,300	28,350	0	786	1,992	0	1,105	2,413
28,350	28,400	0	778	1,981	0	1,097	2,403
28,400	28,450	0	770	1,971	0	1,089	2,392
28,450	28,500	0	762	1,960	0	1,081	2,381
28,500	28,550	0	754	1,950	0	1,073	2,371
28,550	28,600	0	746	1,939	0	1,065	2,360
28,600	28,650	0	738	1,929	0	1,057	2,350
28,650	28,700	0	730	1,918	0	1,049	2,339
28,700	28,750	0	722	1,908	0	1,041	2,329
28,750	28,800	0	714	1,897	0	1,033	2,318
28,800	28,850	0	706	1,887	0	1,025	2,308
28,850	28,900	0	698	1,876	0	1,017	2,297
28,900	28,950	0	690	1,866	0	1,009	2,287
28,950	29,000	0	682	1,855	0	1,001	2,276
29,000	29,050	0	674	1,844	0	993	2,266
29,050	29,100	0	666	1,834	0	985	2,255
29,100	29,150	0	658	1,823	0	977	2,245
29,150	29,200	0	650	1,813	0	969	2,234
29,200	29,250	0	642	1,802	0	961	2,224
29,250	29,300	0	634	1,792	0	953	2,213
29,300	29,350	0	626	1,781	0	945	2,202
29,350	29,400	0	618	1,771	0	937	2,192
29,400	29,450	0	610	1,760	0	929	2,181
29,450	29,500	0	602	1,750	0	921	2,171
29,500	29,550	0	594	1,739	0	913	2,160
29,550	29,600	0	586	1,729	0	905	2,150
29,600	29,650	0	578	1,718	0	897	2,139
29,650	29,700	0	570	1,708	0	889	2,129
29,700	29,750	0	562	1,697	0	881	2,118
29,750	29,800	0	554	1,687	0	873	2,108
29,800	29,850	0	546	1,676	0	865	2,097
29,850	29,900	0	538	1,665	0	857	2,087
29,900	29,950	0	530	1,655	0	850	2,076
29,950	30,000	0	522	1,644	0	842	2,066
30,000	30,050	0	514	1,634	0	834	2,055
30,050	30,100	0	506	1,623	0	826	2,045
30,100	30,150	0	498	1,613	0	818	2,034
30,150	30,200	0	490	1,602	0	810	2,023
30,200	30,250	0	482	1,592	0	802	2,013
30,250	30,300	0	474	1,581	0	794	2,002
30,300	30,350	0	466	1,571	0	786	1,992
30,350	30,400	0	458	1,560	0	778	1,981
30,400	30,450	0	450	1,550	0	770	1,971
30,450	30,500	0	442	1,539	0	762	1,960

If the amount you are looking up from the worksheet is—		And your filing status is—					
		Single, head of household, or qualifying widow(er) and you have—			Married filing jointly and you have—		
		No children	One child	Two children	No children	One child	Two children
At least	But less than	Your credit is—			Your credit is—		
30,500	30,550	0	434	1,529	0	754	1,950
30,550	30,600	0	426	1,518	0	746	1,939
30,600	30,650	0	418	1,508	0	738	1,929
30,650	30,700	0	410	1,497	0	730	1,918
30,700	30,750	0	402	1,486	0	722	1,908
30,750	30,800	0	394	1,476	0	714	1,897
30,800	30,850	0	386	1,465	0	706	1,887
30,850	30,900	0	378	1,455	0	698	1,876
30,900	30,950	0	370	1,444	0	690	1,866
30,950	31,000	0	362	1,434	0	682	1,855
31,000	31,050	0	354	1,423	0	674	1,844
31,050	31,100	0	346	1,413	0	666	1,834
31,100	31,150	0	338	1,402	0	658	1,823
31,150	31,200	0	330	1,392	0	650	1,813
31,200	31,250	0	322	1,381	0	642	1,802
31,250	31,300	0	314	1,371	0	634	1,792
31,300	31,350	0	306	1,360	0	626	1,781
31,350	31,400	0	298	1,350	0	618	1,771
31,400	31,450	0	290	1,339	0	610	1,760
31,450	31,500	0	282	1,328	0	602	1,750
31,500	31,550	0	274	1,318	0	594	1,739
31,550	31,600	0	266	1,307	0	586	1,729
31,600	31,650	0	258	1,297	0	578	1,718
31,650	31,700	0	250	1,286	0	570	1,708
31,700	31,750	0	242	1,276	0	562	1,697
31,750	31,800	0	234	1,265	0	554	1,687
31,800	31,850	0	226	1,255	0	546	1,676
31,850	31,900	0	218	1,244	0	538	1,665
31,900	31,950	0	210	1,234	0	530	1,655
31,950	32,000	0	202	1,223	0	522	1,644
32,000	32,050	0	194	1,213	0	514	1,634
32,050	32,100	0	186	1,202	0	506	1,623
32,100	32,150	0	178	1,192	0	498	1,613
32,150	32,200	0	170	1,181	0	490	1,602
32,200	32,250	0	162	1,171	0	482	1,592
32,250	32,300	0	154	1,160	0	474	1,581
32,300	32,350	0	146	1,149	0	466	1,571
32,350	32,400	0	138	1,139	0	458	1,560
32,400	32,450	0	130	1,128	0	450	1,550
32,450	32,500	0	122	1,118	0	442	1,539
32,500	32,550	0	114	1,107	0	434	1,529
32,550	32,600	0	106	1,097	0	426	1,518
32,600	32,650	0	98	1,086	0	418	1,508
32,650	32,700	0	90	1,076	0	410	1,497
32,700	32,750	0	82	1,065	0	402	1,486
32,750	32,800	0	74	1,055	0	394	1,476
32,800	32,850	0	66	1,044	0	386	1,465
32,850	32,900	0	58	1,034	0	378	1,455
32,900	32,950	0	51	1,023	0	370	1,444
32,950	33,000	0	43	1,013	0	362	1,434

(Continued on page 49)



**2007 Earned Income Credit (EIC) Table—Continued**

**(Caution. This is not a tax table.)**

If the amount you are looking up from the worksheet is—		And your filing status is—					
		Single, head of household, or qualifying widow(er) and you have—			Married filing jointly and you have—		
		No children	One child	Two children	No children	One child	Two children
At least	But less than	Your credit is—			Your credit is—		
33,000	33,050	0	35	1,002	0	354	1,423
33,050	33,100	0	27	992	0	346	1,413
33,100	33,150	0	19	981	0	338	1,402
33,150	33,200	0	11	970	0	330	1,392
33,200	33,250	0	*	960	0	322	1,381
33,250	33,300	0	0	949	0	314	1,371
33,300	33,350	0	0	939	0	306	1,360
33,350	33,400	0	0	928	0	298	1,350
33,400	33,450	0	0	918	0	290	1,339
33,450	33,500	0	0	907	0	282	1,328
33,500	33,550	0	0	897	0	274	1,318
33,550	33,600	0	0	886	0	266	1,307
33,600	33,650	0	0	876	0	258	1,297
33,650	33,700	0	0	865	0	250	1,286
33,700	33,750	0	0	855	0	242	1,276
33,750	33,800	0	0	844	0	234	1,265
33,800	33,850	0	0	834	0	226	1,255
33,850	33,900	0	0	823	0	218	1,244
33,900	33,950	0	0	813	0	210	1,234
33,950	34,000	0	0	802	0	202	1,223
34,000	34,050	0	0	791	0	194	1,213
34,050	34,100	0	0	781	0	186	1,202
34,100	34,150	0	0	770	0	178	1,192
34,150	34,200	0	0	760	0	170	1,181
34,200	34,250	0	0	749	0	162	1,171
34,250	34,300	0	0	739	0	154	1,160
34,300	34,350	0	0	728	0	146	1,149
34,350	34,400	0	0	718	0	138	1,139
34,400	34,450	0	0	707	0	130	1,128
34,450	34,500	0	0	697	0	122	1,118
34,500	34,550	0	0	686	0	114	1,107
34,550	34,600	0	0	676	0	106	1,097
34,600	34,650	0	0	665	0	98	1,086
34,650	34,700	0	0	655	0	90	1,076
34,700	34,750	0	0	644	0	82	1,065
34,750	34,800	0	0	634	0	74	1,055
34,800	34,850	0	0	623	0	66	1,044
34,850	34,900	0	0	612	0	58	1,034
34,900	34,950	0	0	602	0	51	1,023
34,950	35,000	0	0	591	0	43	1,013
35,000	35,050	0	0	581	0	35	1,002
35,050	35,100	0	0	570	0	27	992
35,100	35,150	0	0	560	0	19	981
35,150	35,200	0	0	549	0	11	970
35,200	35,250	0	0	539	0	*	960
35,250	35,300	0	0	528	0	0	949
35,300	35,350	0	0	518	0	0	939
35,350	35,400	0	0	507	0	0	928
35,400	35,450	0	0	497	0	0	918
35,450	35,500	0	0	486	0	0	907
35,500	35,550	0	0	476	0	0	897
35,550	35,600	0	0	465	0	0	886
35,600	35,650	0	0	455	0	0	876
35,650	35,700	0	0	444	0	0	865
35,700	35,750	0	0	433	0	0	855
35,750	35,800	0	0	423	0	0	844
35,800	35,850	0	0	412	0	0	834
35,850	35,900	0	0	402	0	0	823
35,900	35,950	0	0	391	0	0	813
35,950	36,000	0	0	381	0	0	802
36,000	36,050	0	0	370	0	0	791
36,050	36,100	0	0	360	0	0	781
36,100	36,150	0	0	349	0	0	770
36,150	36,200	0	0	339	0	0	760
36,200	36,250	0	0	328	0	0	749
36,250	36,300	0	0	318	0	0	739
36,300	36,350	0	0	307	0	0	728
36,350	36,400	0	0	297	0	0	718
36,400	36,450	0	0	286	0	0	707
36,450	36,500	0	0	275	0	0	697
36,500	36,550	0	0	265	0	0	686
36,550	36,600	0	0	254	0	0	676
36,600	36,650	0	0	244	0	0	665
36,650	36,700	0	0	233	0	0	655
36,700	36,750	0	0	223	0	0	644
36,750	36,800	0	0	212	0	0	634
36,800	36,850	0	0	202	0	0	623
36,850	36,900	0	0	191	0	0	612
36,900	36,950	0	0	181	0	0	602
36,950	37,000	0	0	170	0	0	591
37,000	37,050	0	0	160	0	0	581
37,050	37,100	0	0	149	0	0	570
37,100	37,150	0	0	139	0	0	560
37,150	37,200	0	0	128	0	0	549
37,200	37,250	0	0	118	0	0	539
37,250	37,300	0	0	107	0	0	528
37,300	37,350	0	0	96	0	0	518
37,350	37,400	0	0	86	0	0	507
37,400	37,450	0	0	75	0	0	497
37,450	37,500	0	0	65	0	0	486
37,500	37,550	0	0	54	0	0	476
37,550	37,600	0	0	44	0	0	465
37,600	37,650	0	0	33	0	0	455
37,650	37,700	0	0	23	0	0	444
37,700	37,750	0	0	12	0	0	433
37,750	37,800	0	0	**	0	0	423
37,800	37,850	0	0	0	0	0	412
37,850	37,900	0	0	0	0	0	402
37,900	37,950	0	0	0	0	0	391
37,950	38,000	0	0	0	0	0	381

(Continued on page 50)

\*If the amount you are looking up from the worksheet is at least \$33,200 (\$35,200 if married filing jointly) but less than \$33,241 (\$35,241 if married filing jointly) your credit is \$3. Otherwise, you cannot take the credit.

\*\*If the amount you are looking up from the worksheet is at least \$37,750 but less than \$37,783, your credit is \$4. Otherwise, you cannot take the credit.

**2007 Earned Income Credit (EIC) Table—Continued**

**(Caution. This is not a tax table.)**

If the amount you are looking up from the worksheet is—		And your filing status is—					
		Single, head of household, or qualifying widow(er) and you have—			Married filing jointly and you have—		
		No children	One child	Two children	No children	One child	Two children
At least	But less than	Your credit is—			Your credit is—		
38,000	38,050	0	0	0	0	0	370
38,050	38,100	0	0	0	0	0	360
38,100	38,150	0	0	0	0	0	349
38,150	38,200	0	0	0	0	0	339
38,200	38,250	0	0	0	0	0	328
38,250	38,300	0	0	0	0	0	318
38,300	38,350	0	0	0	0	0	307
38,350	38,400	0	0	0	0	0	297
38,400	38,450	0	0	0	0	0	286
38,450	38,500	0	0	0	0	0	275
38,500	38,550	0	0	0	0	0	265
38,550	38,600	0	0	0	0	0	254
38,600	38,650	0	0	0	0	0	244
38,650	38,700	0	0	0	0	0	233
38,700	38,750	0	0	0	0	0	223
38,750	38,800	0	0	0	0	0	212
38,800	38,850	0	0	0	0	0	202
38,850	38,900	0	0	0	0	0	191
38,900	38,950	0	0	0	0	0	181
38,950	39,000	0	0	0	0	0	170
39,000	39,050	0	0	0	0	0	160
39,050	39,100	0	0	0	0	0	149
39,100	39,150	0	0	0	0	0	139
39,150	39,200	0	0	0	0	0	128
39,200	39,250	0	0	0	0	0	118
39,250	39,300	0	0	0	0	0	107
39,300	39,350	0	0	0	0	0	96
39,350	39,400	0	0	0	0	0	86
39,400	39,450	0	0	0	0	0	75
39,450	39,500	0	0	0	0	0	65
39,500	39,550	0	0	0	0	0	54
39,550	39,600	0	0	0	0	0	44
39,600	39,650	0	0	0	0	0	33
39,650	39,700	0	0	0	0	0	23
39,700	39,750	0	0	0	0	0	12
39,750	39,783	0	0	0	0	0	4

**Line 41****Additional Child Tax Credit****What Is the Additional Child Tax Credit?**

This credit is for certain people who have at least one qualifying child as defined in the instructions for line 6c, on page 18. The additional child tax credit may give you a refund even if you do not owe any tax.

**Two Steps To Take the Additional Child Tax Credit!**

- Step 1.** Be sure you figured the amount, if any, of your child tax credit. See the instructions for Form 1040A, line 32, that begin on page 35.
- Step 2.** Read the TIP at the end of your Child Tax Credit Worksheet. Use Form 8812 to see if you can take the additional child tax credit, but only if you meet the condition given in that TIP.

**Line 42**

Include in the total on line 42 any amount paid with an extension of time to file. If you filed Form 4868 include any amount you paid with that form or by electronic funds withdrawal or credit card. If you paid by credit card, do not include on line 42 the convenience fee you were charged. To the left of the entry space for line 42, enter "Form 4868" and show the amount paid.

**Excess social security and tier 1 railroad retirement (RRTA) tax withheld.** If you, or your spouse if filing a joint return, had more than one employer for 2007 and total wages of more than \$97,500, too much social security or tier 1 RRTA tax may have been withheld. For more details, including how to figure the amount to include on line 42, see Pub. 505. Include the excess in the total on line 42. Write "Excess SST" and show the excess amount to the left of the line.

**Refund****Line 43****Amount Overpaid**

If line 43 is under \$1, we will send a refund only on written request.

If you want to check the status of your refund, please wait at least 6 weeks (3 weeks if you filed electronically) from the date you filed your return to do so. But if you filed Form 8379 with your return, allow 14 weeks (11 weeks if you filed electronically). See page 70 for details.



*If the amount you overpaid is large, you may want to decrease the amount of income tax withheld from your pay by filing a new Form W-4. See Income tax withholding and estimated tax payments for 2008 on*

*page 67.*

**Refund offset.** If you owe past-due federal tax, state income tax, child support, spousal support, or certain federal nontax debts, such as student loans, all or part of the overpayment on line 43 may be used (offset) to pay the past-due amount. Offsets for federal taxes are made by the IRS. All other offsets are made by the Treasury Department's Financial Management Service (FMS). For federal tax offsets, you will receive a notice from the IRS. For all other offsets, you will receive a notice from FMS. To find out if you may have an offset or if you have any questions about it, contact the agency to which you owe the debt.

**Injured spouse claim.** If you file a joint return and your spouse has not paid past-due federal tax, state income tax, child support, spousal support, or a federal nontax debt, such as a student loan, part or all of the overpayment on line 43 may be used (offset) to pay the past-due amount. But your part of the overpayment may be refunded to you if certain conditions apply and you complete Form 8379. For details, use TeleTax topic 203 (see page 70) or see Form 8379.

## Lines 44a Through 44d

### DIRECT DEPOSIT

Simple. Safe. Secure.

**Fast Refunds!** Choose direct deposit—a fast, simple, safe, secure way to have your refund deposited automatically to your checking or savings account, including an individual retirement arrangement (IRA). See this page for information on IRAs.

### Why Use Direct Deposit?

- You get your refund faster by direct deposit than you do by check.
- Payment is more secure. There is no check that can get lost or stolen.
- It is more convenient. You do not have to make a trip to the bank to deposit your check.
- It saves tax dollars. It costs the government less to refund by direct deposit.

If you want us to directly deposit the amount shown on line 44a to your checking or savings account, including an IRA, at a bank or other financial institution (such as a mutual fund, brokerage firm, or credit union) in the United States:

- Check the box on line 44a and attach Form 8888 if you want to split the direct deposit of your refund among two or three accounts, or
- Complete lines 44b through 44d if you want your refund deposited to only one account. Otherwise, we will send you a check.

**Note.** If you do not want your refund directly deposited to your account, do not check the box on line 44a. Draw a line through the boxes on lines 44b and 44d.



*The IRS is not responsible for a lost refund if you enter the wrong account information. Check with your financial institution to get the **correct** routing and account numbers and to make sure your direct deposit will be accepted. Do not use the routing number on a deposit slip if it is different from the routing number on your checks.*

If you file a joint return and check the box on line 44a and attach Form 8888 or fill in lines 44b through 44d, your spouse may get at least part of the refund.

If the direct deposit to your account(s) is different from the amount you expected, you will receive an explanation in the mail about 2 weeks after your refund is deposited.

**Line 44a.** You cannot file Form 8888 and split your refund among two or three accounts if Form 8379 is filed with your return.

**Line 44b.** The routing number must be nine digits. The first two digits must be 01 through 12 or 21 through 32. Otherwise, the direct deposit will be rejected and a check sent instead. On the sample check on this page, the routing number is 250250025. Rufus and Mary Maple would use that routing number unless their financial institution instructed them to use a different routing number for direct deposits.

Ask your financial institution for the correct routing number to enter on line 44b if:

- Your deposit is to a savings account that does not allow you to write checks, or
- Your checks state they are payable through a financial institution different from the one at which you have your checking account.

**Need more information or forms? See page 73.**

**Line 44c.** Check the appropriate box for the type of account. Do not check more than one box. If the deposit is to an IRA, ask your financial institution whether you should check the “Checking” or “Savings” box. You must check the correct box to ensure your deposit is accepted.

**Line 44d.** The account number can be up to 17 characters (both numbers and letters). Include hyphens but omit spaces and special symbols. Enter the number from left to right and leave any unused boxes blank. On the sample check on this page, the account number is 20202086. Do not include the check number.



*Some financial institutions will not allow a joint refund to be deposited to an individual account. If the direct deposit is rejected, a check will be sent instead. The IRS is not responsible if a financial institution rejects a direct deposit.*

### Sample Check—Lines 44b Through 44d



*The routing and account numbers may be in different places on your check.*

### Individual Retirement Arrangement (IRA)

You can have your refund directly deposited to a traditional IRA, Roth IRA, or SEP-IRA, but not a SIMPLE IRA. You must establish the IRA at a bank or other financial institution before you request direct deposit. Make sure your direct deposit will be accepted. You must also notify the trustee of your account of the year to which the deposit is to be applied unless the trustee will not accept a deposit for 2007. If you do not, the trustee can assume the deposit is for the year during which you are filing the return. For example, if you file your 2007 return during 2008 and do not notify the trustee in advance, the trustee can assume the deposit to your IRA is for 2008. If you designate your deposit to be for 2007, you must verify that the deposit was actually made to the account by the due date of the return (without regard to extensions). If the deposit is not made to your account by the due date of the return (without regard to extensions), the deposit is not an IRA contribution for 2007. You must file an amended 2007 return and reduce any IRA deduction and any retirement savings contributions credit you claimed.



*You and your spouse, if filing jointly, each may be able to contribute up to \$4,000 (\$5,000 if age 50 or older at the end of 2007) to a traditional IRA or Roth IRA for 2007. The limit for 2008 is \$5,000 (\$6,000 if age 50 or older at the end of 2008). A higher limit may apply for 2007 and 2008 if you were a participant in a 401(k) plan and your employer was in bankruptcy in an earlier year. You may owe a penalty if your contributions exceed these limits.*



*For more information on IRAs, see Pub. 590, Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs).*

**Line 45****Amount Applied to Your 2008 Estimated Tax**

Enter on line 45 the amount, if any, of the overpayment on line 43 you want applied to your estimated tax for 2008. We will apply this amount to your account unless you attach a statement requesting us to apply it to your spouse's account. Include your spouse's social security number in the attached statement.



*This election to apply part or all of the amount overpaid to your 2008 estimated tax cannot be changed later.*

**Amount You Owe**

IRS *e-file* offers you the electronic payment option of electronic funds withdrawal (EFW). EFW can be used to pay your current year balance due and can be used to make up to four estimated tax payments. If you are filing early, you can schedule your payment for withdrawal from your account on a future date, up to and including April 15, 2008. If you file your return after April 15, 2008, you can now include interest and penalty in your payment. Visit [www.irs.gov](http://www.irs.gov) and enter "e-pay" in the search box for details.

You can also pay using EFTPS, a free tax payment system that allows you to make payments online or by phone. For more information or details on enrolling, visit [www.eftps.gov](http://www.eftps.gov) or call Customer Service at 1-800-316-6541. TTY/TDD help is available by calling 1-800-733-4829.

**Line 46****Amount You Owe**

*To save interest and penalties, pay your taxes in full by April 15, 2008. You do not have to pay if line 46 is under \$1.*

Include any estimated tax penalty from line 47 in the amount you enter on line 46.

You can pay by check, money order, or credit card. Do not include any estimated tax payment for 2008 in your check, money order, or amount you charge. Instead, make the estimated tax payment separately.

**To pay by check or money order.** Enclose in the envelope with your return a check or money order payable to the "United States Treasury" for the full amount due. Do not send cash. Do not attach the payment to your return. Write "2007 Form 1040A" and your name, address, daytime phone number, and social security number (SSN) on your payment. If you are filing a joint return, enter the SSN shown first on your tax return.

To help process your payment, enter the amount on the right side of the check like this: \$XXX.XX. Do not use dashes or lines (for example, do not enter "\$XXX—" or "\$XXX  $\frac{XX}{100}$ ").

**To pay by credit card.** You can use your American Express® Card, Discover® Card, MasterCard® card, or Visa® card. To pay by credit card, call toll-free or visit the website of either service provider listed on this page and follow the instructions. A convenience fee will be charged by the service provider based on the amount you are paying. Fees may vary between the providers. You will be told what the fee is during the transaction and you will have the option to either continue or cancel the transaction. You can also find out what the fee will be by calling the provider's toll-free

automated customer service number or visiting the provider's website (shown next).

Link2Gov Corporation  
1-888-PAY-1040<sup>SM</sup> (1-888-729-1040)  
1-888-658-5465 (Customer Service)  
[www.PAY1040.com](http://www.PAY1040.com)

Official Payments Corporation  
1-800-2PAY-TAX<sup>SM</sup> (1-800-272-9829)  
1-877-754-4413 (Customer Service)  
[www.officialpayments.com](http://www.officialpayments.com)



*You may need to (a) increase the amount of income tax withheld from your pay by filing a new Form W-4, (b) increase the tax withheld from other income by filing Form W-4P or W-4V, or (c) make estimated tax payments for 2008. See Income tax withholding and estimated tax payments for 2008 on page 67.*

**What If You Cannot Pay?**

If you cannot pay the full amount shown on line 46 when you file, you can ask to make monthly installment payments for the full or a partial amount. You may have up to 60 months to pay. However, even if your request to pay in installments is granted, you will be charged interest and may be charged a late payment penalty on the tax not paid by April 15, 2008. You must also pay a fee. To limit the interest and penalty charges, pay as much of the tax as possible when you file. But before requesting an installment agreement, you should consider other less costly alternatives, such as a bank loan or credit card payment.

To ask for an installment agreement, you can apply online or use Form 9465. To apply online, go to [www.irs.gov](http://www.irs.gov), use the pull-down menu under "I need to..." and select "Set Up a Payment Plan." If you use Form 9465, you should receive a response to your request to make installment payments within 30 days. But if you file your return after March 31, it may take us longer to reply.

**Line 47****Estimated Tax Penalty**

You may owe this penalty if:

- Line 46 is at least \$1,000 and it is more than 10% of the tax shown on your return, or
- You did not pay enough estimated tax by any of the due dates. This is true even if you are due a refund.

The "tax shown on your return" is the amount on line 37 minus the total of any amounts shown on lines 40a and 41.

**Exception.** You will not owe the penalty if your 2006 tax return was for a tax year of 12 full months and either of the following applies.

1. You had no tax shown on your 2006 return and you were a U.S. citizen or resident for all of 2006, or
2. The total of lines 38, 39, and any excess social security and tier 1 RRTA tax included on line 42 on your 2007 return is at least 100% of the tax shown on your 2006 return (110% of that amount if you are not a farmer or fisherman and your adjusted gross income shown on that return is more than \$150,000, or, if married filing separately for 2007, more than \$75,000). Your estimated tax payments for 2007 must have been made on time and for the required amount.

**Figuring the penalty.** If the *Exception* above does not apply and you choose to figure the penalty yourself, see Form 2210 to find out if you owe the penalty. If you do, you can use the form to figure the amount. Enter the penalty on Form 1040A, line 47. Add the penalty



to any tax due and enter the total on line 46. If you are due a refund, subtract the penalty from the overpayment you show on line 43. Do not file Form 2210 with your return unless Form 2210 indicates that you must do so. Instead, keep it for your records.



*Because Form 2210 is complicated, you can leave line 47 blank and the IRS will figure the penalty and send you a bill. We will not charge you interest on the penalty if you pay by the date specified on the bill. If your income varied during the year, the annualized income installment method may reduce the amount of your penalty. But you must file Form 2210 because the IRS cannot figure your penalty under this method. See the Instructions for Form 2210 for other situations in which you may be able to lower your penalty by filing Form 2210.*

## Third Party Designee

If you want to allow a friend, family member, or any other person you choose to discuss your 2007 tax return with the IRS, check the “Yes” box in the “Third party designee” area of your return. Also, enter the designee’s name, phone number, and any five digits the designee chooses as his or her personal identification number (PIN). But if you want to allow the paid preparer who signed your return to discuss it with the IRS, just enter “Preparer” in the space for the designee’s name. You do not have to provide the other information requested.

If you check the “Yes” box, you, and your spouse if filing a joint return, are authorizing the IRS to call the designee to answer any questions that may arise during the processing of your return. You are also authorizing the designee to:

- Give the IRS any information that is missing from your return,
- Call the IRS for information about the processing of your return or the status of your refund or payment(s),
- Receive copies of notices or transcripts related to your return, upon request, and
- Respond to certain IRS notices about math errors, offsets, and return preparation.

You are not authorizing the designee to receive any refund check, bind you to anything (including any additional tax liability), or otherwise represent you before the IRS. If you want to expand the designee’s authorization, see Pub. 947.

The authorization will automatically end no later than the due date (without regard to extensions) for filing your 2008 tax return. This is April 15, 2009, for most people. If you wish to revoke the authorization before it ends, see Pub. 947.

## Sign Your Return

Form 1040A is not considered a valid return unless you sign it. If you are filing a joint return, your spouse must also sign. If your spouse cannot sign the return, see Pub. 501. Be sure to date your return and enter your occupation(s). If you are filing a joint return as a surviving spouse, see *Death of a taxpayer* on page 68.

**Child’s return.** If your child cannot sign the return, either parent can sign the child’s name in the space provided. Then, enter “By (your signature), parent for minor child.”

**Daytime phone number.** Providing your daytime phone number may help speed the processing of your return. We may have questions about items on your return, such as the earned income credit, credit for child and dependent care expenses, etc. If you answer our questions over the phone, we may be able to continue processing your return without mailing you a letter. If you are filing a joint return, you can enter either your or your spouse’s daytime phone number.

**Paid preparer must sign your return.** Generally, anyone you pay to prepare your return must sign it in the space provided. The preparer must give you a copy of the return for your records. Someone who prepares your return but does not charge you should not sign your return.



## Electronic Return Signatures!

Create your own personal identification number (PIN) and file a paperless return electronically or use a tax professional. If you are married filing jointly, you and your spouse will each need to create a PIN and enter these PINs as your electronic signatures.

A PIN is any combination of five digits you choose except five zeros. If you use a PIN, there is nothing to sign and nothing to mail—not even your Forms W-2.

To verify your identity, you will be prompted to enter your adjusted gross income (AGI) from your originally filed 2006 federal income tax return, if applicable. Do not use your AGI from an amended return (Form 1040X) or a math error correction made by IRS. AGI is the amount shown on your 2006 Form 1040, line 38; Form 1040A, line 22; or Form 1040EZ, line 4. If you do not have your 2006 income tax return, call the IRS at 1-800-829-1040 to get a free transcript of your return. (If you filed electronically last year, you may use your prior year PIN to verify your identity instead of your prior year AGI. The prior year PIN is the five digit PIN you used to electronically sign your 2006 return.) You will also be prompted to enter your date of birth (DOB). Make sure your DOB is accurate and matches the information on record with the Social Security Administration by checking your annual social security statement.

If you are filing your return electronically using a tax practitioner, you are required to sign the return electronically. The practitioner will tell you how.



*You cannot sign your return electronically (but can still file electronically) if you are not using a tax practitioner and you are a first-time filer under age 16 at the end of 2007 or if you are filing Form 8332 (or certain pages from a post-1984 decree or agreement).*

For more details, visit [www.irs.gov/efile](http://www.irs.gov/efile) and click on “Individual Taxpayers.”

**Form 8453-OL.** Your return is not complete without your signature. If you are not filing through a tax practitioner and you are not eligible or choose not to sign your return with an electronic signature, you must complete, sign, and file Form 8453-OL.

## Attach Required Forms and Schedules

Attach Form(s) W-2 to the front of Form 1040A. If you received a Form W-2c (a corrected Form W-2), attach a copy of your original Form(s) W-2 and any Form(s) W-2c. Attach all other schedules and forms behind Form 1040A in order by number. If you are filing Schedule EIC, put it last. Do not attach items unless required to do so.



*If you received a 2007 Form 1099-R showing federal income tax withheld, also attach the form to the front of Form 1040A.*

If you owe tax and are sending in your payment, do not attach it to Form 1040A. Instead, place it loose inside the envelope.

# 2007 Tax Table

**Example.** Mr. and Mrs. Green are filing a joint return. Their taxable income on Form 1040A, line 27, is \$23,300. First, they find the \$23,300–23,350 taxable income line. Next, they find the column for married filing jointly and read down the column. The amount shown where the taxable income line and filing status column meet is \$2,716. This is the tax amount they should enter on Form 1040A, line 28.

## Sample Table

At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household	Your tax is—					
<b>23,200</b>	<b>23,250</b>	3,093	2,701	3,093	2,924						
<b>23,250</b>	<b>23,300</b>	3,100	2,709	3,100	2,931						
<b>23,300</b>	<b>23,350</b>	3,108	<b>2,716</b>	3,108	2,939						
<b>23,350</b>	<b>23,400</b>	3,115	2,724	3,115	2,946						

If line 27 (taxable income) is—		And you are—				Your tax is—					
At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household						
0	5	0	0	0	0						
5	15	1	1	1	1						
15	25	2	2	2	2						
25	50	4	4	4	4						
50	75	6	6	6	6						
75	100	9	9	9	9						
100	125	11	11	11	11						
125	150	14	14	14	14						
150	175	16	16	16	16						
175	200	19	19	19	19						
200	225	21	21	21	21						
225	250	24	24	24	24						
250	275	26	26	26	26						
275	300	29	29	29	29						
300	325	31	31	31	31						
325	350	34	34	34	34						
350	375	36	36	36	36						
375	400	39	39	39	39						
400	425	41	41	41	41						
425	450	44	44	44	44						
450	475	46	46	46	46						
475	500	49	49	49	49						
500	525	51	51	51	51						
525	550	54	54	54	54						
550	575	56	56	56	56						
575	600	59	59	59	59						
600	625	61	61	61	61						
625	650	64	64	64	64						
650	675	66	66	66	66						
675	700	69	69	69	69						
700	725	71	71	71	71						
725	750	74	74	74	74						
750	775	76	76	76	76						
775	800	79	79	79	79						
800	825	81	81	81	81						
825	850	84	84	84	84						
850	875	86	86	86	86						
875	900	89	89	89	89						
900	925	91	91	91	91						
925	950	94	94	94	94						
950	975	96	96	96	96						
975	1,000	99	99	99	99						
<b>1,000</b>											
1,000	1,025	101	101	101	101						
1,025	1,050	104	104	104	104						
1,050	1,075	106	106	106	106						
1,075	1,100	109	109	109	109						
1,100	1,125	111	111	111	111						
1,125	1,150	114	114	114	114						
1,150	1,175	116	116	116	116						
1,175	1,200	119	119	119	119						
1,200	1,225	121	121	121	121						
1,225	1,250	124	124	124	124						
1,250	1,275	126	126	126	126						
1,275	1,300	129	129	129	129						

If line 27 (taxable income) is—		And you are—				Your tax is—					
At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household						
1,300	1,325	131	131	131	131						
1,325	1,350	134	134	134	134						
1,350	1,375	136	136	136	136						
1,375	1,400	139	139	139	139						
1,400	1,425	141	141	141	141						
1,425	1,450	144	144	144	144						
1,450	1,475	146	146	146	146						
1,475	1,500	149	149	149	149						
1,500	1,525	151	151	151	151						
1,525	1,550	154	154	154	154						
1,550	1,575	156	156	156	156						
1,575	1,600	159	159	159	159						
1,600	1,625	161	161	161	161						
1,625	1,650	164	164	164	164						
1,650	1,675	166	166	166	166						
1,675	1,700	169	169	169	169						
1,700	1,725	171	171	171	171						
1,725	1,750	174	174	174	174						
1,750	1,775	176	176	176	176						
1,775	1,800	179	179	179	179						
1,800	1,825	181	181	181	181						
1,825	1,850	184	184	184	184						
1,850	1,875	186	186	186	186						
1,875	1,900	189	189	189	189						
1,900	1,925	191	191	191	191						
1,925	1,950	194	194	194	194						
1,950	1,975	196	196	196	196						
1,975	2,000	199	199	199	199						
<b>2,000</b>											
2,000	2,025	201	201	201	201						
2,025	2,050	204	204	204	204						
2,050	2,075	206	206	206	206						
2,075	2,100	209	209	209	209						
2,100	2,125	211	211	211	211						
2,125	2,150	214	214	214	214						
2,150	2,175	216	216	216	216						
2,175	2,200	219	219	219	219						
2,200	2,225	221	221	221	221						
2,225	2,250	224	224	224	224						
2,250	2,275	226	226	226	226						
2,275	2,300	229	229	229	229						
2,300	2,325	231	231	231	231						
2,325	2,350	234	234	234	234						
2,350	2,375	236	236	236	236						
2,375	2,400	239	239	239	239						
2,400	2,425	241	241	241	241						
2,425	2,450	244	244	244	244						
2,450	2,475	246	246	246	246						
2,475	2,500	249	249	249	249						
2,500	2,525	251	251	251	251						
2,525	2,550	254	254	254	254						
2,550	2,575	256	256	256	256						
2,575	2,600	259	259	259	259						
2,600	2,625	261	261	261	261						
2,625	2,650	264	264	264	264						
2,650	2,675	266	266	266	266						
2,675	2,700	269	269	269	269						

If line 27 (taxable income) is—		And you are—				Your tax is—					
At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household						
2,700	2,725	271	271	271	271						
2,725	2,750	274	274	274	274						
2,750	2,775	276	276	276	276						
2,775	2,800	279	279	279	279						
2,800	2,825	281	281	281	281						
2,825	2,850	284	284	284	284						
2,850	2,875	286	286	286	286						
2,875	2,900	289	289	289	289						
2,900	2,925	291	291	291	291						
2,925	2,950	294	294	294	294						
2,950	2,975	296	296	296	296						
2,975	3,000	299	299	299	299						
<b>3,000</b>											
3,000	3,050	303	303	303	303						
3,050	3,100	308	308	308	308						
3,100	3,150	313	313	313	313						
3,150	3,200	318	318	318	318						
3,200	3,250	323	323	323	323						
3,250	3,300	328	328	328	328						
3,300	3,350	333	333	333	333						
3,350	3,400	338	338	338	338						
3,400	3,450	343	343	343	343						
3,450	3,500	348	348	348	348						
3,500	3,550	353	353	353	353						
3,550	3,600	358	358	358	358						
3,600	3,650	363	363	363	363						
3,650	3,700	368	368	368	368						
3,700	3,750	373	373	373	373						
3,750	3,800	378	378	378	378						
3,800	3,850	383	383	383	383						

2007 Tax Table—Continued

If line 27 (taxable income) is—		And you are—			
		Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household
		Your tax is—			
<b>5,000</b>					
5,000	5,050	503	503	503	503
5,050	5,100	508	508	508	508
5,100	5,150	513	513	513	513
5,150	5,200	518	518	518	518
5,200	5,250	523	523	523	523
5,250	5,300	528	528	528	528
5,300	5,350	533	533	533	533
5,350	5,400	538	538	538	538
5,400	5,450	543	543	543	543
5,450	5,500	548	548	548	548
5,500	5,550	553	553	553	553
5,550	5,600	558	558	558	558
5,600	5,650	563	563	563	563
5,650	5,700	568	568	568	568
5,700	5,750	573	573	573	573
5,750	5,800	578	578	578	578
5,800	5,850	583	583	583	583
5,850	5,900	588	588	588	588
5,900	5,950	593	593	593	593
5,950	6,000	598	598	598	598
<b>6,000</b>					
6,000	6,050	603	603	603	603
6,050	6,100	608	608	608	608
6,100	6,150	613	613	613	613
6,150	6,200	618	618	618	618
6,200	6,250	623	623	623	623
6,250	6,300	628	628	628	628
6,300	6,350	633	633	633	633
6,350	6,400	638	638	638	638
6,400	6,450	643	643	643	643
6,450	6,500	648	648	648	648
6,500	6,550	653	653	653	653
6,550	6,600	658	658	658	658
6,600	6,650	663	663	663	663
6,650	6,700	668	668	668	668
6,700	6,750	673	673	673	673
6,750	6,800	678	678	678	678
6,800	6,850	683	683	683	683
6,850	6,900	688	688	688	688
6,900	6,950	693	693	693	693
6,950	7,000	698	698	698	698
<b>7,000</b>					
7,000	7,050	703	703	703	703
7,050	7,100	708	708	708	708
7,100	7,150	713	713	713	713
7,150	7,200	718	718	718	718
7,200	7,250	723	723	723	723
7,250	7,300	728	728	728	728
7,300	7,350	733	733	733	733
7,350	7,400	738	738	738	738
7,400	7,450	743	743	743	743
7,450	7,500	748	748	748	748
7,500	7,550	753	753	753	753
7,550	7,600	758	758	758	758
7,600	7,650	763	763	763	763
7,650	7,700	768	768	768	768
7,700	7,750	773	773	773	773
7,750	7,800	778	778	778	778
7,800	7,850	783	783	783	783
7,850	7,900	790	788	790	788
7,900	7,950	798	793	798	793
7,950	8,000	805	798	805	798

If line 27 (taxable income) is—		And you are—			
		Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household
		Your tax is—			
<b>8,000</b>					
8,000	8,050	813	803	813	803
8,050	8,100	820	808	820	808
8,100	8,150	828	813	828	813
8,150	8,200	835	818	835	818
8,200	8,250	843	823	843	823
8,250	8,300	850	828	850	828
8,300	8,350	858	833	858	833
8,350	8,400	865	838	865	838
8,400	8,450	873	843	873	843
8,450	8,500	880	848	880	848
8,500	8,550	888	853	888	853
8,550	8,600	895	858	895	858
8,600	8,650	903	863	903	863
8,650	8,700	910	868	910	868
8,700	8,750	918	873	918	873
8,750	8,800	925	878	925	878
8,800	8,850	933	883	933	883
8,850	8,900	940	888	940	888
8,900	8,950	948	893	948	893
8,950	9,000	955	898	955	898
<b>9,000</b>					
9,000	9,050	963	903	963	903
9,050	9,100	970	908	970	908
9,100	9,150	978	913	978	913
9,150	9,200	985	918	985	918
9,200	9,250	993	923	993	923
9,250	9,300	1,000	928	1,000	928
9,300	9,350	1,008	933	1,008	933
9,350	9,400	1,015	938	1,015	938
9,400	9,450	1,023	943	1,023	943
9,450	9,500	1,030	948	1,030	948
9,500	9,550	1,038	953	1,038	953
9,550	9,600	1,045	958	1,045	958
9,600	9,650	1,053	963	1,053	963
9,650	9,700	1,060	968	1,060	968
9,700	9,750	1,068	973	1,068	973
9,750	9,800	1,075	978	1,075	978
9,800	9,850	1,083	983	1,083	983
9,850	9,900	1,090	988	1,090	988
9,900	9,950	1,098	993	1,098	993
9,950	10,000	1,105	998	1,105	998
<b>10,000</b>					
10,000	10,050	1,113	1,003	1,113	1,003
10,050	10,100	1,120	1,008	1,120	1,008
10,100	10,150	1,128	1,013	1,128	1,013
10,150	10,200	1,135	1,018	1,135	1,018
10,200	10,250	1,143	1,023	1,143	1,023
10,250	10,300	1,150	1,028	1,150	1,028
10,300	10,350	1,158	1,033	1,158	1,033
10,350	10,400	1,165	1,038	1,165	1,038
10,400	10,450	1,173	1,043	1,173	1,043
10,450	10,500	1,180	1,048	1,180	1,048
10,500	10,550	1,188	1,053	1,188	1,053
10,550	10,600	1,195	1,058	1,195	1,058
10,600	10,650	1,203	1,063	1,203	1,063
10,650	10,700	1,210	1,068	1,210	1,068
10,700	10,750	1,218	1,073	1,218	1,073
10,750	10,800	1,225	1,078	1,225	1,078
10,800	10,850	1,233	1,083	1,233	1,083
10,850	10,900	1,240	1,088	1,240	1,088
10,900	10,950	1,248	1,093	1,248	1,093
10,950	11,000	1,255	1,098	1,255	1,098

If line 27 (taxable income) is—		And you are—			
		Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household
		Your tax is—			
<b>11,000</b>					
11,000	11,050	1,263	1,103	1,263	1,103
11,050	11,100	1,270	1,108	1,270	1,108
11,100	11,150	1,278	1,113	1,278	1,113
11,150	11,200	1,285	1,118	1,285	1,118
11,200	11,250	1,293	1,123	1,293	1,124
11,250	11,300	1,300	1,128	1,300	1,131
11,300	11,350	1,308	1,133	1,308	1,139
11,350	11,400	1,315	1,138	1,315	1,146
11,400	11,450	1,323	1,143	1,323	1,154
11,450	11,500	1,330	1,148	1,330	1,161
11,500	11,550	1,338	1,153	1,338	1,169
11,550	11,600	1,345	1,158	1,345	1,176
11,600	11,650	1,353	1,163	1,353	1,184
11,650	11,700	1,360	1,168	1,360	1,191
11,700	11,750	1,368	1,173	1,368	1,199
11,750	11,800	1,375	1,178	1,375	1,206
11,800	11,850	1,383	1,183	1,383	1,214
11,850	11,900	1,390	1,188	1,390	1,221
11,900	11,950	1,398	1,193	1,398	1,229
11,950	12,000	1,405	1,198	1,405	1,236
<b>12,000</b>					
12,000	12,050	1,413	1,203	1,413	1,244
12,050	12,100	1,420	1,208	1,420	1,251
12,100	12,150	1,428	1,213	1,428	1,259
12,150	12,200	1,435	1,218	1,435	1,266
12,200	12,250	1,443	1,223	1,443	1,274
12,250	12,300	1,450	1,228	1,450	1,281
12,300	12,350	1,458	1,233	1,458	1,289
12,350	12,400	1,465	1,238	1,465	1,296
12,400	12,450	1,473	1,243	1,473	1,304
12,450	12,500	1,480	1,248	1,480	1,311
12,500	12,550	1,488	1,253	1,488	1,319
12,550	12,600	1,495	1,258	1,495	1,326
12,600	12,650	1,503	1,263	1,503	1,334
12,650	12,700	1,510	1,268	1,510	1,341
12,700	12,750	1,518	1,273	1,518	1,349
12,750	12,800	1,525	1,278	1,525	1,356
12,800	12,850	1,533	1,283	1,533	1,364
12,850	12,900	1,540	1,288	1,540	1,371
12,900	12,950	1,548	1,293	1,548	1,379
12,950	13,000	1,555	1,298	1,555	1,386
<b>13,000</b>					
13,000	13,050	1,563	1,303	1,563	1,394
13,050	13,100	1,570	1,308	1,570	1,401
13,100	13,150	1,578	1,313	1,578	1,409
13,150	13,200	1,585	1,318	1,585	1,416
13,200	13,250	1,593	1,323	1,593	1,424
13,250	13,300	1,600	1,328	1,600	1,431
13,300	13,350	1,608	1,333	1,608	1,439
13,350	13,400	1,615	1,338	1,615	1,446
13,400	13,450	1,623	1,343	1,623	1,454
13,450	13,500	1,630	1,348	1,630	1,461
13,500	13,550	1,638	1,353	1,638	1,469
13,550	13,600	1,645	1,358	1,645	1,476
13,600	13,650	1,653	1,363	1,653	1,484
13,650	13,700	1,660	1,368	1,660	1,491
13,700	13,750	1,668	1,373	1,668	1,499
13,750	13,800	1,675	1,378	1,675	1,506
13,800	13,850	1,683	1,383	1,683	1,514
13,850	13,900	1,690	1,388	1,690	1,521
13,900	13,950	1,698	1,393	1,698	1,529
13,950	14,000	1,705	1,398	1,705	1,536

\* This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er).

(Continued on page 57)



If line 27 (taxable income) is—		And you are—			
At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household
		Your tax is—			
<b>14,000</b>					
14,000	14,050	1,713	1,403	1,713	1,544
14,050	14,100	1,720	1,408	1,720	1,551
14,100	14,150	1,728	1,413	1,728	1,559
14,150	14,200	1,735	1,418	1,735	1,566
14,200	14,250	1,743	1,423	1,743	1,574
14,250	14,300	1,750	1,428	1,750	1,581
14,300	14,350	1,758	1,433	1,758	1,589
14,350	14,400	1,765	1,438	1,765	1,596
14,400	14,450	1,773	1,443	1,773	1,604
14,450	14,500	1,780	1,448	1,780	1,611
14,500	14,550	1,788	1,453	1,788	1,619
14,550	14,600	1,795	1,458	1,795	1,626
14,600	14,650	1,803	1,463	1,803	1,634
14,650	14,700	1,810	1,468	1,810	1,641
14,700	14,750	1,818	1,473	1,818	1,649
14,750	14,800	1,825	1,478	1,825	1,656
14,800	14,850	1,833	1,483	1,833	1,664
14,850	14,900	1,840	1,488	1,840	1,671
14,900	14,950	1,848	1,493	1,848	1,679
14,950	15,000	1,855	1,498	1,855	1,686
<b>15,000</b>					
15,000	15,050	1,863	1,503	1,863	1,694
15,050	15,100	1,870	1,508	1,870	1,701
15,100	15,150	1,878	1,513	1,878	1,709
15,150	15,200	1,885	1,518	1,885	1,716
15,200	15,250	1,893	1,523	1,893	1,724
15,250	15,300	1,900	1,528	1,900	1,731
15,300	15,350	1,908	1,533	1,908	1,739
15,350	15,400	1,915	1,538	1,915	1,746
15,400	15,450	1,923	1,543	1,923	1,754
15,450	15,500	1,930	1,548	1,930	1,761
15,500	15,550	1,938	1,553	1,938	1,769
15,550	15,600	1,945	1,558	1,945	1,776
15,600	15,650	1,953	1,563	1,953	1,784
15,650	15,700	1,960	1,568	1,960	1,791
15,700	15,750	1,968	1,573	1,968	1,799
15,750	15,800	1,975	1,578	1,975	1,806
15,800	15,850	1,983	1,583	1,983	1,814
15,850	15,900	1,990	1,588	1,990	1,821
15,900	15,950	1,998	1,593	1,998	1,829
15,950	16,000	2,005	1,598	2,005	1,836
<b>16,000</b>					
16,000	16,050	2,013	1,621	2,013	1,844
16,050	16,100	2,020	1,626	2,020	1,851
16,100	16,150	2,028	1,631	2,028	1,859
16,150	16,200	2,035	1,636	2,035	1,866
16,200	16,250	2,043	1,641	2,043	1,874
16,250	16,300	2,050	1,646	2,050	1,881
16,300	16,350	2,058	1,651	2,058	1,889
16,350	16,400	2,065	1,656	2,065	1,896
16,400	16,450	2,073	1,661	2,073	1,904
16,450	16,500	2,080	1,666	2,080	1,911
16,500	16,550	2,088	1,671	2,088	1,919
16,550	16,600	2,095	1,676	2,095	1,926
16,600	16,650	2,103	1,681	2,103	1,934
16,650	16,700	2,110	1,686	2,110	1,941
16,700	16,750	2,118	1,691	2,118	1,949
16,750	16,800	2,125	1,696	2,125	1,956
16,800	16,850	2,133	1,701	2,133	1,964
16,850	16,900	2,140	1,706	2,140	1,971
16,900	16,950	2,148	1,711	2,148	1,979
16,950	17,000	2,155	1,716	2,155	1,986

If line 27 (taxable income) is—		And you are—			
At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household
		Your tax is—			
<b>17,000</b>					
17,000	17,050	2,163	1,771	2,163	1,994
17,050	17,100	2,170	1,779	2,170	2,001
17,100	17,150	2,178	1,786	2,178	2,009
17,150	17,200	2,185	1,794	2,185	2,016
17,200	17,250	2,193	1,801	2,193	2,024
17,250	17,300	2,200	1,809	2,200	2,031
17,300	17,350	2,208	1,816	2,208	2,039
17,350	17,400	2,215	1,824	2,215	2,046
17,400	17,450	2,223	1,831	2,223	2,054
17,450	17,500	2,230	1,839	2,230	2,061
17,500	17,550	2,238	1,846	2,238	2,069
17,550	17,600	2,245	1,854	2,245	2,076
17,600	17,650	2,253	1,861	2,253	2,084
17,650	17,700	2,260	1,869	2,260	2,091
17,700	17,750	2,268	1,876	2,268	2,099
17,750	17,800	2,275	1,884	2,275	2,106
17,800	17,850	2,283	1,891	2,283	2,114
17,850	17,900	2,290	1,899	2,290	2,121
17,900	17,950	2,298	1,906	2,298	2,129
17,950	18,000	2,305	1,914	2,305	2,136
<b>18,000</b>					
18,000	18,050	2,313	1,921	2,313	2,144
18,050	18,100	2,320	1,929	2,320	2,151
18,100	18,150	2,328	1,936	2,328	2,159
18,150	18,200	2,335	1,944	2,335	2,166
18,200	18,250	2,343	1,951	2,343	2,174
18,250	18,300	2,350	1,959	2,350	2,181
18,300	18,350	2,358	1,966	2,358	2,189
18,350	18,400	2,365	1,974	2,365	2,196
18,400	18,450	2,373	1,981	2,373	2,204
18,450	18,500	2,380	1,989	2,380	2,211
18,500	18,550	2,388	1,996	2,388	2,219
18,550	18,600	2,395	2,004	2,395	2,226
18,600	18,650	2,403	2,011	2,403	2,234
18,650	18,700	2,410	2,019	2,410	2,241
18,700	18,750	2,418	2,026	2,418	2,249
18,750	18,800	2,425	2,034	2,425	2,256
18,800	18,850	2,433	2,041	2,433	2,264
18,850	18,900	2,440	2,049	2,440	2,271
18,900	18,950	2,448	2,056	2,448	2,279
18,950	19,000	2,455	2,064	2,455	2,286
<b>19,000</b>					
19,000	19,050	2,463	2,071	2,463	2,294
19,050	19,100	2,470	2,079	2,470	2,301
19,100	19,150	2,478	2,086	2,478	2,309
19,150	19,200	2,485	2,094	2,485	2,316
19,200	19,250	2,493	2,101	2,493	2,324
19,250	19,300	2,500	2,109	2,500	2,331
19,300	19,350	2,508	2,116	2,508	2,339
19,350	19,400	2,515	2,124	2,515	2,346
19,400	19,450	2,523	2,131	2,523	2,354
19,450	19,500	2,530	2,139	2,530	2,361
19,500	19,550	2,538	2,146	2,538	2,369
19,550	19,600	2,545	2,154	2,545	2,376
19,600	19,650	2,553	2,161	2,553	2,384
19,650	19,700	2,560	2,169	2,560	2,391
19,700	19,750	2,568	2,176	2,568	2,399
19,750	19,800	2,575	2,184	2,575	2,406
19,800	19,850	2,583	2,191	2,583	2,414
19,850	19,900	2,590	2,199	2,590	2,421
19,900	19,950	2,598	2,206	2,598	2,429
19,950	20,000	2,605	2,214	2,605	2,436

If line 27 (taxable income) is—		And you are—			
At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household
		Your tax is—			
<b>20,000</b>					
20,000	20,050	2,613	2,221	2,613	2,444
20,050	20,100	2,620	2,229	2,620	2,451
20,100	20,150	2,628	2,236	2,628	2,459
20,150	20,200	2,635	2,244	2,635	2,466
20,200	20,250	2,643	2,251	2,643	2,474
20,250	20,300	2,650	2,259	2,650	2,481
20,300	20,350	2,658	2,266	2,658	2,489
20,350	20,400	2,665	2,274	2,665	2,496
20,400	20,450	2,673	2,281	2,673	2,504
20,450	20,500	2,680	2,289	2,680	2,511
20,500	20,550	2,688	2,296	2,688	2,519
20,550	20,600	2,695	2,304	2,695	2,526
20,600	20,650	2,703	2,311	2,703	2,534
20,650	20,700	2,710	2,319	2,710	2,541
20,700	20,750	2,718	2,326	2,718	2,549
20,750	20,800	2,725	2,334	2,725	2,556
20,800	20,850	2,733	2,341	2,733	2,564
20,850	20,900	2,740	2,349	2,740	2,571
20,900	20,950	2,748	2,356	2,748	2,579
20,950	21,000	2,755	2,364	2,755	2,586
<b>21,000</b>					
21,000	21,050	2,763	2,371	2,763	2,594
21,050	21,100	2,770	2,379	2,770	2,601
21,100	21,150	2,778	2,386	2,778	2,609
21,150	21,200	2,785	2,394	2,785	2,616
21,200	21,250	2,793	2,401	2,793	2,624
21,250	21,300	2,800	2,409	2,800	2,631
21,300	21,350	2,808	2,416	2,808	2,639
21,350	21,400	2,815	2,424	2,815	2,646
21,400	21,450	2,823	2,431	2,823	2,654
21,450	21,500	2,830	2,439	2,830	2,661
21,500	21,550	2,838	2,446	2,838	2,669
21,550	21,600	2,845	2,454	2,845	2,676
21,600	21,650	2,853	2,461	2,853	2,684
21,650	21,700	2,860	2,469	2,860	2,691
21,700	21,750	2,868	2,476	2,868	2,699
21,750	21,800	2,875	2,484	2,875	2,706
21,800	21,850	2,883	2,491	2,883	2,714
21,850	21,900	2,890	2,499	2,890	2,721
21,900	21,950	2,898	2,506	2,898	2,729
21,950	22,000	2,905	2,514	2,905	2,736
<b>22,000</b>					
22,000	22,050	2,913	2,521	2,913	2,744
22,050	22,100	2,920	2,529	2,920	2,751
22,100	22,150	2,928	2,536	2,928	2,759
22,150	22,200	2,935	2,544	2,935	2,766
22,200	22,250	2,943	2,551	2,943	2,774
22,250	22,300	2,950	2,559	2,950	2,781
22,300	22,350	2,958	2,566	2,958	2,789
22,350	22,400	2,965	2,574	2,965	2,796
22,400	22,450	2,973	2,581	2,973	2,804
22,450	22,500	2,980	2,589	2,980	2,811
22,500	22,550	2,988	2,596	2,988	2,819
22,550	22,600	2,995	2,604	2,995	2,826
22,600	22,650	3,003	2		

2007 Tax Table—Continued

If line 27 (taxable income) is—		And you are—			
		Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household
		Your tax is—			
<b>23,000</b>					
23,000	23,050	3,063	2,671	3,063	2,894
23,050	23,100	3,070	2,679	3,070	2,901
23,100	23,150	3,078	2,686	3,078	2,909
23,150	23,200	3,085	2,694	3,085	2,916
23,200	23,250	3,093	2,701	3,093	2,924
23,250	23,300	3,100	2,709	3,100	2,931
23,300	23,350	3,108	2,716	3,108	2,939
23,350	23,400	3,115	2,724	3,115	2,946
23,400	23,450	3,123	2,731	3,123	2,954
23,450	23,500	3,130	2,739	3,130	2,961
23,500	23,550	3,138	2,746	3,138	2,969
23,550	23,600	3,145	2,754	3,145	2,976
23,600	23,650	3,153	2,761	3,153	2,984
23,650	23,700	3,160	2,769	3,160	2,991
23,700	23,750	3,168	2,776	3,168	2,999
23,750	23,800	3,175	2,784	3,175	3,006
23,800	23,850	3,183	2,791	3,183	3,014
23,850	23,900	3,190	2,799	3,190	3,021
23,900	23,950	3,198	2,806	3,198	3,029
23,950	24,000	3,205	2,814	3,205	3,036
<b>24,000</b>					
24,000	24,050	3,213	2,821	3,213	3,044
24,050	24,100	3,220	2,829	3,220	3,051
24,100	24,150	3,228	2,836	3,228	3,059
24,150	24,200	3,235	2,844	3,235	3,066
24,200	24,250	3,243	2,851	3,243	3,074
24,250	24,300	3,250	2,859	3,250	3,081
24,300	24,350	3,258	2,866	3,258	3,089
24,350	24,400	3,265	2,874	3,265	3,096
24,400	24,450	3,273	2,881	3,273	3,104
24,450	24,500	3,280	2,889	3,280	3,111
24,500	24,550	3,288	2,896	3,288	3,119
24,550	24,600	3,295	2,904	3,295	3,126
24,600	24,650	3,303	2,911	3,303	3,134
24,650	24,700	3,310	2,919	3,310	3,141
24,700	24,750	3,318	2,926	3,318	3,149
24,750	24,800	3,325	2,934	3,325	3,156
24,800	24,850	3,333	2,941	3,333	3,164
24,850	24,900	3,340	2,949	3,340	3,171
24,900	24,950	3,348	2,956	3,348	3,179
24,950	25,000	3,355	2,964	3,355	3,186
<b>25,000</b>					
25,000	25,050	3,363	2,971	3,363	3,194
25,050	25,100	3,370	2,979	3,370	3,201
25,100	25,150	3,378	2,986	3,378	3,209
25,150	25,200	3,385	2,994	3,385	3,216
25,200	25,250	3,393	3,001	3,393	3,224
25,250	25,300	3,400	3,009	3,400	3,231
25,300	25,350	3,408	3,016	3,408	3,239
25,350	25,400	3,415	3,024	3,415	3,246
25,400	25,450	3,423	3,031	3,423	3,254
25,450	25,500	3,430	3,039	3,430	3,261
25,500	25,550	3,438	3,046	3,438	3,269
25,550	25,600	3,445	3,054	3,445	3,276
25,600	25,650	3,453	3,061	3,453	3,284
25,650	25,700	3,460	3,069	3,460	3,291
25,700	25,750	3,468	3,076	3,468	3,299
25,750	25,800	3,475	3,084	3,475	3,306
25,800	25,850	3,483	3,091	3,483	3,314
25,850	25,900	3,490	3,099	3,490	3,321
25,900	25,950	3,498	3,106	3,498	3,329
25,950	26,000	3,505	3,114	3,505	3,336

If line 27 (taxable income) is—		And you are—			
		Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household
		Your tax is—			
<b>26,000</b>					
26,000	26,050	3,513	3,121	3,513	3,344
26,050	26,100	3,520	3,129	3,520	3,351
26,100	26,150	3,528	3,136	3,528	3,359
26,150	26,200	3,535	3,144	3,535	3,366
26,200	26,250	3,543	3,151	3,543	3,374
26,250	26,300	3,550	3,159	3,550	3,381
26,300	26,350	3,558	3,166	3,558	3,389
26,350	26,400	3,565	3,174	3,565	3,396
26,400	26,450	3,573	3,181	3,573	3,404
26,450	26,500	3,580	3,189	3,580	3,411
26,500	26,550	3,588	3,196	3,588	3,419
26,550	26,600	3,595	3,204	3,595	3,426
26,600	26,650	3,603	3,211	3,603	3,434
26,650	26,700	3,610	3,219	3,610	3,441
26,700	26,750	3,618	3,226	3,618	3,449
26,750	26,800	3,625	3,234	3,625	3,456
26,800	26,850	3,633	3,241	3,633	3,464
26,850	26,900	3,640	3,249	3,640	3,471
26,900	26,950	3,648	3,256	3,648	3,479
26,950	27,000	3,655	3,264	3,655	3,486
<b>27,000</b>					
27,000	27,050	3,663	3,271	3,663	3,494
27,050	27,100	3,670	3,279	3,670	3,501
27,100	27,150	3,678	3,286	3,678	3,509
27,150	27,200	3,685	3,294	3,685	3,516
27,200	27,250	3,693	3,301	3,693	3,524
27,250	27,300	3,700	3,309	3,700	3,531
27,300	27,350	3,708	3,316	3,708	3,539
27,350	27,400	3,715	3,324	3,715	3,546
27,400	27,450	3,723	3,331	3,723	3,554
27,450	27,500	3,730	3,339	3,730	3,561
27,500	27,550	3,738	3,346	3,738	3,569
27,550	27,600	3,745	3,354	3,745	3,576
27,600	27,650	3,753	3,361	3,753	3,584
27,650	27,700	3,760	3,369	3,760	3,591
27,700	27,750	3,768	3,376	3,768	3,599
27,750	27,800	3,775	3,384	3,775	3,606
27,800	27,850	3,783	3,391	3,783	3,614
27,850	27,900	3,790	3,399	3,790	3,621
27,900	27,950	3,798	3,406	3,798	3,629
27,950	28,000	3,805	3,414	3,805	3,636
<b>28,000</b>					
28,000	28,050	3,813	3,421	3,813	3,644
28,050	28,100	3,820	3,429	3,820	3,651
28,100	28,150	3,828	3,436	3,828	3,659
28,150	28,200	3,835	3,444	3,835	3,666
28,200	28,250	3,843	3,451	3,843	3,674
28,250	28,300	3,850	3,459	3,850	3,681
28,300	28,350	3,858	3,466	3,858	3,689
28,350	28,400	3,865	3,474	3,865	3,696
28,400	28,450	3,873	3,481	3,873	3,704
28,450	28,500	3,880	3,489	3,880	3,711
28,500	28,550	3,888	3,496	3,888	3,719
28,550	28,600	3,895	3,504	3,895	3,726
28,600	28,650	3,903	3,511	3,903	3,734
28,650	28,700	3,910	3,519	3,910	3,741
28,700	28,750	3,918	3,526	3,918	3,749
28,750	28,800	3,925	3,534	3,925	3,756
28,800	28,850	3,933	3,541	3,933	3,764
28,850	28,900	3,940	3,549	3,940	3,771
28,900	28,950	3,948	3,556	3,948	3,779
28,950	29,000	3,955	3,564	3,955	3,786

If line 27 (taxable income) is—		And you are—			
		Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household
		Your tax is—			
<b>29,000</b>					
29,000	29,050	3,963	3,571	3,963	3,794
29,050	29,100	3,970	3,579	3,970	3,801
29,100	29,150	3,978	3,586	3,978	3,809
29,150	29,200	3,985	3,594	3,985	3,816
29,200	29,250	3,993	3,601	3,993	3,824
29,250	29,300	4,000	3,609	4,000	3,831
29,300	29,350	4,008	3,616	4,008	3,839
29,350	29,400	4,015	3,624	4,015	3,846
29,400	29,450	4,023	3,631	4,023	3,854
29,450	29,500	4,030	3,639	4,030	3,861
29,500	29,550	4,038	3,646	4,038	3,869
29,550	29,600	4,045	3,654	4,045	3,876
29,600	29,650	4,053	3,661	4,053	3,884
29,650	29,700	4,060	3,669	4,060	3,891
29,700	29,750	4,068	3,676	4,068	3,899
29,750	29,800	4,075	3,684	4,075	3,906
29,800	29,850	4,083	3,691	4,083	3,914
29,850	29,900	4,090	3,699	4,090	3,921
29,900	29,950	4,098	3,706	4,098	3,929
29,950	30,000	4,105	3,714	4,105	3,936
<b>30,000</b>					
30,000	30,050	4,113	3,721	4,113	3,944
30,050	30,100	4,120	3,729	4,120	3,951
30,100	30,150	4,128	3,736	4,128	3,959
30,150	30,200	4,135	3,744	4,135	3,966
30,200	30,250	4,143	3,751	4,143	3,974
30,250	30,300	4,150	3,759	4,150	3,981
30,300	30,350	4,158	3,766	4,158	3,989
30,350	30,400	4,165	3,774	4,165	3,996
30,400	30,450	4,173	3,781	4,173	4,004
30,450	30,500	4,180	3,789	4,180	4,011
30,500	30,550	4,188	3,796	4,188	4,019
30,550	30,600	4,195	3,804	4,195	4,026
30,600	30,650	4,203	3,811	4,203	4,034
30,650	30,700	4,210	3,819	4,210	4,041
30,700	30,750	4,218	3,826	4,218	4,049
30,750	30,800	4,225	3,834	4,225	4,056
30,800	30,850	4,233	3,841	4,233	4,064
30,850	30,900	4,240	3,849	4,240	4,071
30,900	30,950	4,248	3,856	4,248	4,079
30,950	31,000	4,255	3,864	4,255	4,086
<b>31,000</b>					
31,000	31,050	4,263	3,871	4,263	4,094
31,050	31,100	4,270	3,879	4,270	4,101
31,100	31,150	4,278	3,886	4,278	4,109
31,150	31,200	4,285	3,894	4,285	4,116
31,200	31,250	4,293	3,901	4,293	4,124
31,250	31,300	4,300	3,909	4,300	4,131
31,300	31,350	4,308	3,916	4,308	4,139
31,350	31,400	4,315	3,924	4,315	4,146
31,400	31,450	4,323	3,931	4,323	4,154
31,450	31,500	4,330	3,939	4,330	4,161
31,500	31,550	4,338	3,946	4,338	4,169
31,550	31,600	4,345	3,954	4,345	4,176
31,600	31,650	4,353	3,961	4,353	4,184
31,650					



2007 Tax Table—Continued

If line 27 (taxable income) is—		And you are—			
At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household
		Your tax is—			
<b>32,000</b>					
32,000	32,050	4,430	4,021	4,430	4,244
32,050	32,100	4,443	4,029	4,443	4,251
32,100	32,150	4,455	4,036	4,455	4,259
32,150	32,200	4,468	4,044	4,468	4,266
32,200	32,250	4,480	4,051	4,480	4,274
32,250	32,300	4,493	4,059	4,493	4,281
32,300	32,350	4,505	4,066	4,505	4,289
32,350	32,400	4,518	4,074	4,518	4,296
32,400	32,450	4,530	4,081	4,530	4,304
32,450	32,500	4,543	4,089	4,543	4,311
32,500	32,550	4,555	4,096	4,555	4,319
32,550	32,600	4,568	4,104	4,568	4,326
32,600	32,650	4,580	4,111	4,580	4,334
32,650	32,700	4,593	4,119	4,593	4,341
32,700	32,750	4,605	4,126	4,605	4,349
32,750	32,800	4,618	4,134	4,618	4,356
32,800	32,850	4,630	4,141	4,630	4,364
32,850	32,900	4,643	4,149	4,643	4,371
32,900	32,950	4,655	4,156	4,655	4,379
32,950	33,000	4,668	4,164	4,668	4,386
<b>33,000</b>					
33,000	33,050	4,680	4,171	4,680	4,394
33,050	33,100	4,693	4,179	4,693	4,401
33,100	33,150	4,705	4,186	4,705	4,409
33,150	33,200	4,718	4,194	4,718	4,416
33,200	33,250	4,730	4,201	4,730	4,424
33,250	33,300	4,743	4,209	4,743	4,431
33,300	33,350	4,755	4,216	4,755	4,439
33,350	33,400	4,768	4,224	4,768	4,446
33,400	33,450	4,780	4,231	4,780	4,454
33,450	33,500	4,793	4,239	4,793	4,461
33,500	33,550	4,805	4,246	4,805	4,469
33,550	33,600	4,818	4,254	4,818	4,476
33,600	33,650	4,830	4,261	4,830	4,484
33,650	33,700	4,843	4,269	4,843	4,491
33,700	33,750	4,855	4,276	4,855	4,499
33,750	33,800	4,868	4,284	4,868	4,506
33,800	33,850	4,880	4,291	4,880	4,514
33,850	33,900	4,893	4,299	4,893	4,521
33,900	33,950	4,905	4,306	4,905	4,529
33,950	34,000	4,918	4,314	4,918	4,536
<b>34,000</b>					
34,000	34,050	4,930	4,321	4,930	4,544
34,050	34,100	4,943	4,329	4,943	4,551
34,100	34,150	4,955	4,336	4,955	4,559
34,150	34,200	4,968	4,344	4,968	4,566
34,200	34,250	4,980	4,351	4,980	4,574
34,250	34,300	4,993	4,359	4,993	4,581
34,300	34,350	5,005	4,366	5,005	4,589
34,350	34,400	5,018	4,374	5,018	4,596
34,400	34,450	5,030	4,381	5,030	4,604
34,450	34,500	5,043	4,389	5,043	4,611
34,500	34,550	5,055	4,396	5,055	4,619
34,550	34,600	5,068	4,404	5,068	4,626
34,600	34,650	5,080	4,411	5,080	4,634
34,650	34,700	5,093	4,419	5,093	4,641
34,700	34,750	5,105	4,426	5,105	4,649
34,750	34,800	5,118	4,434	5,118	4,656
34,800	34,850	5,130	4,441	5,130	4,664
34,850	34,900	5,143	4,449	5,143	4,671
34,900	34,950	5,155	4,456	5,155	4,679
34,950	35,000	5,168	4,464	5,168	4,686

If line 27 (taxable income) is—		And you are—			
At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household
		Your tax is—			
<b>35,000</b>					
35,000	35,050	5,180	4,471	5,180	4,694
35,050	35,100	5,193	4,479	5,193	4,701
35,100	35,150	5,205	4,486	5,205	4,709
35,150	35,200	5,218	4,494	5,218	4,716
35,200	35,250	5,230	4,501	5,230	4,724
35,250	35,300	5,243	4,509	5,243	4,731
35,300	35,350	5,255	4,516	5,255	4,739
35,350	35,400	5,268	4,524	5,268	4,746
35,400	35,450	5,280	4,531	5,280	4,754
35,450	35,500	5,293	4,539	5,293	4,761
35,500	35,550	5,305	4,546	5,305	4,769
35,550	35,600	5,318	4,554	5,318	4,776
35,600	35,650	5,330	4,561	5,330	4,784
35,650	35,700	5,343	4,569	5,343	4,791
35,700	35,750	5,355	4,576	5,355	4,799
35,750	35,800	5,368	4,584	5,368	4,806
35,800	35,850	5,380	4,591	5,380	4,814
35,850	35,900	5,393	4,599	5,393	4,821
35,900	35,950	5,405	4,606	5,405	4,829
35,950	36,000	5,418	4,614	5,418	4,836
<b>36,000</b>					
36,000	36,050	5,430	4,621	5,430	4,844
36,050	36,100	5,443	4,629	5,443	4,851
36,100	36,150	5,455	4,636	5,455	4,859
36,150	36,200	5,468	4,644	5,468	4,866
36,200	36,250	5,480	4,651	5,480	4,874
36,250	36,300	5,493	4,659	5,493	4,881
36,300	36,350	5,505	4,666	5,505	4,889
36,350	36,400	5,518	4,674	5,518	4,896
36,400	36,450	5,530	4,681	5,530	4,904
36,450	36,500	5,543	4,689	5,543	4,911
36,500	36,550	5,555	4,696	5,555	4,919
36,550	36,600	5,568	4,704	5,568	4,926
36,600	36,650	5,580	4,711	5,580	4,934
36,650	36,700	5,593	4,719	5,593	4,941
36,700	36,750	5,605	4,726	5,605	4,949
36,750	36,800	5,618	4,734	5,618	4,956
36,800	36,850	5,630	4,741	5,630	4,964
36,850	36,900	5,643	4,749	5,643	4,971
36,900	36,950	5,655	4,756	5,655	4,979
36,950	37,000	5,668	4,764	5,668	4,986
<b>37,000</b>					
37,000	37,050	5,680	4,771	5,680	4,994
37,050	37,100	5,693	4,779	5,693	5,001
37,100	37,150	5,705	4,786	5,705	5,009
37,150	37,200	5,718	4,794	5,718	5,016
37,200	37,250	5,730	4,801	5,730	5,024
37,250	37,300	5,743	4,809	5,743	5,031
37,300	37,350	5,755	4,816	5,755	5,039
37,350	37,400	5,768	4,824	5,768	5,046
37,400	37,450	5,780	4,831	5,780	5,054
37,450	37,500	5,793	4,839	5,793	5,061
37,500	37,550	5,805	4,846	5,805	5,069
37,550	37,600	5,818	4,854	5,818	5,076
37,600	37,650	5,830	4,861	5,830	5,084
37,650	37,700	5,843	4,869	5,843	5,091
37,700	37,750	5,855	4,876	5,855	5,099
37,750	37,800	5,868	4,884	5,868	5,106
37,800	37,850	5,880	4,891	5,880	5,114
37,850	37,900	5,893	4,899	5,893	5,121
37,900	37,950	5,905	4,906	5,905	5,129
37,950	38,000	5,918	4,914	5,918	5,136

If line 27 (taxable income) is—		And you are—			
At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household
		Your tax is—			
<b>38,000</b>					
38,000	38,050	5,930	4,921	5,930	5,144
38,050	38,100	5,943	4,929	5,943	5,151
38,100	38,150	5,955	4,936	5,955	5,159
38,150	38,200	5,968	4,944	5,968	5,166
38,200	38,250	5,980	4,951	5,980	5,174
38,250	38,300	5,993	4,959	5,993	5,181
38,300	38,350	6,005	4,966	6,005	5,189
38,350	38,400	6,018	4,974	6,018	5,196
38,400	38,450	6,030	4,981	6,030	5,204
38,450	38,500	6,043	4,989	6,043	5,211
38,500	38,550	6,055	4,996	6,055	5,219
38,550	38,600	6,068	5,004	6,068	5,226
38,600	38,650	6,080	5,011	6,080	5,234
38,650	38,700	6,093	5,019	6,093	5,241
38,700	38,750	6,105	5,026	6,105	5,249
38,750	38,800	6,118	5,034	6,118	5,256
38,800	38,850	6,130	5,041	6,130	5,264
38,850	38,900	6,143	5,049	6,143	5,271
38,900	38,950	6,155	5,056	6,155	5,279
38,950	39,000	6,168	5,064	6,168	5,286
<b>39,000</b>					
39,000	39,050	6,180	5,071	6,180	5,294
39,050	39,100	6,193	5,079	6,193	5,301
39,100	39,150	6,205	5,086	6,205	5,309
39,150	39,200	6,218	5,094	6,218	5,316
39,200	39,250	6,230	5,101	6,230	5,324
39,250	39,300	6,243	5,109	6,243	5,331
39,300	39,350	6,255	5,116	6,255	5,339
39,350	39,400	6,268	5,124	6,268	5,346
39,400	39,450	6,280	5,131	6,280	5,354
39,450	39,500	6,293	5,139	6,293	5,361
39,500	39,550	6,305	5,146	6,305	5,369
39,550	39,600	6,318	5,154	6,318	5,376
39,600	39,650	6,330	5,161	6,330	5,384
39,650	39,700	6,343	5,169	6,343	5,391
39,700	39,750	6,355	5,176	6,355	5,399
39,750	39,800	6,368	5,184	6,368	5,406
39,800	39,850	6,380	5,191	6,380	5,414
39,850	39,900	6,393	5,199	6,393	5,421
39,900	39,950	6,405	5,206	6,405	5,429
39,950	40,000	6,418	5,214	6,418	5,436
<b>40,000</b>					
40,000	40,050	6,430	5,221	6,430	5,444
40,050	40,100	6,443	5,229	6,443	5,451
40,100	40,150	6,455	5,236	6,455	5,459
40,150	40,200	6,468	5,244	6,468	5,466
40,200	40,250	6,480	5,251	6,480	5,474
40,250	40,300	6,493	5,259	6,493	5,481
40,300	40,350	6,505	5,266	6,505	5,489
40,350	40,400	6,518	5,274	6,518	5,496
40,400	40,450	6,530	5,281	6,530	5,504
40,450	40,500	6,543	5,289	6,543	5,511
40,500	40,550	6,555	5,296	6,555	5,519
40,550	40,600	6,568	5,304	6,568	5,526
40,600	40,650	6,580	5		

2007 Tax Table—Continued

If line 27 (taxable income) is—		And you are—			
		Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household
		Your tax is—			
<b>41,000</b>					
41,000	41,050	6,680	5,371	6,680	5,594
41,050	41,100	6,693	5,379	6,693	5,601
41,100	41,150	6,705	5,386	6,705	5,609
41,150	41,200	6,718	5,394	6,718	5,616
41,200	41,250	6,730	5,401	6,730	5,624
41,250	41,300	6,743	5,409	6,743	5,631
41,300	41,350	6,755	5,416	6,755	5,639
41,350	41,400	6,768	5,424	6,768	5,646
41,400	41,450	6,780	5,431	6,780	5,654
41,450	41,500	6,793	5,439	6,793	5,661
41,500	41,550	6,805	5,446	6,805	5,669
41,550	41,600	6,818	5,454	6,818	5,676
41,600	41,650	6,830	5,461	6,830	5,684
41,650	41,700	6,843	5,469	6,843	5,691
41,700	41,750	6,855	5,476	6,855	5,699
41,750	41,800	6,868	5,484	6,868	5,706
41,800	41,850	6,880	5,491	6,880	5,714
41,850	41,900	6,893	5,499	6,893	5,721
41,900	41,950	6,905	5,506	6,905	5,729
41,950	42,000	6,918	5,514	6,918	5,736
<b>42,000</b>					
42,000	42,050	6,930	5,521	6,930	5,744
42,050	42,100	6,943	5,529	6,943	5,751
42,100	42,150	6,955	5,536	6,955	5,759
42,150	42,200	6,968	5,544	6,968	5,766
42,200	42,250	6,980	5,551	6,980	5,774
42,250	42,300	6,993	5,559	6,993	5,781
42,300	42,350	7,005	5,566	7,005	5,789
42,350	42,400	7,018	5,574	7,018	5,796
42,400	42,450	7,030	5,581	7,030	5,804
42,450	42,500	7,043	5,589	7,043	5,811
42,500	42,550	7,055	5,596	7,055	5,819
42,550	42,600	7,068	5,604	7,068	5,826
42,600	42,650	7,080	5,611	7,080	5,834
42,650	42,700	7,093	5,619	7,093	5,844
42,700	42,750	7,105	5,626	7,105	5,856
42,750	42,800	7,118	5,634	7,118	5,869
42,800	42,850	7,130	5,641	7,130	5,881
42,850	42,900	7,143	5,649	7,143	5,894
42,900	42,950	7,155	5,656	7,155	5,906
42,950	43,000	7,168	5,664	7,168	5,919
<b>43,000</b>					
43,000	43,050	7,180	5,671	7,180	5,931
43,050	43,100	7,193	5,679	7,193	5,944
43,100	43,150	7,205	5,686	7,205	5,956
43,150	43,200	7,218	5,694	7,218	5,969
43,200	43,250	7,230	5,701	7,230	5,981
43,250	43,300	7,243	5,709	7,243	5,994
43,300	43,350	7,255	5,716	7,255	6,006
43,350	43,400	7,268	5,724	7,268	6,019
43,400	43,450	7,280	5,731	7,280	6,031
43,450	43,500	7,293	5,739	7,293	6,044
43,500	43,550	7,305	5,746	7,305	6,056
43,550	43,600	7,318	5,754	7,318	6,069
43,600	43,650	7,330	5,761	7,330	6,081
43,650	43,700	7,343	5,769	7,343	6,094
43,700	43,750	7,355	5,776	7,355	6,106
43,750	43,800	7,368	5,784	7,368	6,119
43,800	43,850	7,380	5,791	7,380	6,131
43,850	43,900	7,393	5,799	7,393	6,144
43,900	43,950	7,405	5,806	7,405	6,156
43,950	44,000	7,418	5,814	7,418	6,169

If line 27 (taxable income) is—		And you are—			
		Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household
		Your tax is—			
<b>44,000</b>					
44,000	44,050	7,430	5,821	7,430	6,181
44,050	44,100	7,443	5,829	7,443	6,194
44,100	44,150	7,455	5,836	7,455	6,206
44,150	44,200	7,468	5,844	7,468	6,219
44,200	44,250	7,480	5,851	7,480	6,231
44,250	44,300	7,493	5,859	7,493	6,244
44,300	44,350	7,505	5,866	7,505	6,256
44,350	44,400	7,518	5,874	7,518	6,269
44,400	44,450	7,530	5,881	7,530	6,281
44,450	44,500	7,543	5,889	7,543	6,294
44,500	44,550	7,555	5,896	7,555	6,306
44,550	44,600	7,568	5,904	7,568	6,319
44,600	44,650	7,580	5,911	7,580	6,331
44,650	44,700	7,593	5,919	7,593	6,344
44,700	44,750	7,605	5,926	7,605	6,356
44,750	44,800	7,618	5,934	7,618	6,369
44,800	44,850	7,630	5,941	7,630	6,381
44,850	44,900	7,643	5,949	7,643	6,394
44,900	44,950	7,655	5,956	7,655	6,406
44,950	45,000	7,668	5,964	7,668	6,419
<b>45,000</b>					
45,000	45,050	7,680	5,971	7,680	6,431
45,050	45,100	7,693	5,979	7,693	6,444
45,100	45,150	7,705	5,986	7,705	6,456
45,150	45,200	7,718	5,994	7,718	6,469
45,200	45,250	7,730	6,001	7,730	6,481
45,250	45,300	7,743	6,009	7,743	6,494
45,300	45,350	7,755	6,016	7,755	6,506
45,350	45,400	7,768	6,024	7,768	6,519
45,400	45,450	7,780	6,031	7,780	6,531
45,450	45,500	7,793	6,039	7,793	6,544
45,500	45,550	7,805	6,046	7,805	6,556
45,550	45,600	7,818	6,054	7,818	6,569
45,600	45,650	7,830	6,061	7,830	6,581
45,650	45,700	7,843	6,069	7,843	6,594
45,700	45,750	7,855	6,076	7,855	6,606
45,750	45,800	7,868	6,084	7,868	6,619
45,800	45,850	7,880	6,091	7,880	6,631
45,850	45,900	7,893	6,099	7,893	6,644
45,900	45,950	7,905	6,106	7,905	6,656
45,950	46,000	7,918	6,114	7,918	6,669
<b>46,000</b>					
46,000	46,050	7,930	6,121	7,930	6,681
46,050	46,100	7,943	6,129	7,943	6,694
46,100	46,150	7,955	6,136	7,955	6,706
46,150	46,200	7,968	6,144	7,968	6,719
46,200	46,250	7,980	6,151	7,980	6,731
46,250	46,300	7,993	6,159	7,993	6,744
46,300	46,350	8,005	6,166	8,005	6,756
46,350	46,400	8,018	6,174	8,018	6,769
46,400	46,450	8,030	6,181	8,030	6,781
46,450	46,500	8,043	6,189	8,043	6,794
46,500	46,550	8,055	6,196	8,055	6,806
46,550	46,600	8,068	6,204	8,068	6,819
46,600	46,650	8,080	6,211	8,080	6,831
46,650	46,700	8,093	6,219	8,093	6,844
46,700	46,750	8,105	6,226	8,105	6,856
46,750	46,800	8,118	6,234	8,118	6,869
46,800	46,850	8,130	6,241	8,130	6,881
46,850	46,900	8,143	6,249	8,143	6,894
46,900	46,950	8,155	6,256	8,155	6,906
46,950	47,000	8,168	6,264	8,168	6,919

If line 27 (taxable income) is—		And you are—			
		Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household
		Your tax is—			
<b>47,000</b>					
47,000	47,050	8,180	6,271	8,180	6,931
47,050	47,100	8,193	6,279	8,193	6,944
47,100	47,150	8,205	6,286	8,205	6,956
47,150	47,200	8,218	6,294	8,218	6,969
47,200	47,250	8,230	6,301	8,230	6,981
47,250	47,300	8,243	6,309	8,243	6,994
47,300	47,350	8,255	6,316	8,255	7,006
47,350	47,400	8,268	6,324	8,268	7,019
47,400	47,450	8,280	6,331	8,280	7,031
47,450	47,500	8,293	6,339	8,293	7,044
47,500	47,550	8,305	6,346	8,305	7,056
47,550	47,600	8,318	6,354	8,318	7,069
47,600	47,650	8,330	6,361	8,330	7,081
47,650	47,700	8,343	6,369	8,343	7,094
47,700	47,750	8,355	6,376	8,355	7,106
47,750	47,800	8,368	6,384	8,368	7,119
47,800	47,850	8,380	6,391	8,380	7,131
47,850	47,900	8,393	6,399	8,393	7,144
47,900	47,950	8,405	6,406	8,405	7,156
47,950	48,000	8,418	6,414	8,418	7,169
<b>48,000</b>					
48,000	48,050	8,430	6,421	8,430	7,181
48,050	48,100	8,443	6,429	8,443	7,194
48,100	48,150	8,455	6,436	8,455	7,206
48,150	48,200	8,468	6,444	8,468	7,219
48,200	48,250	8,480	6,451	8,480	7,231
48,250	48,300	8,493	6,459	8,493	7,244
48,300	48,350	8,505	6,466	8,505	7,256
48,350	48,400	8,518	6,474	8,518	7,269
48,400	48,450	8,530	6,481	8,530	7,281
48,450	48,500	8,543	6,489	8,543	7,294
48,500	48,550	8,555	6,496	8,555	7,306
48,550	48,600	8,568	6,504	8,568	7,319
48,600	48,650	8,580	6,511	8,580	7,331
48,650	48,700	8,593	6,519	8,593	7,344
48,700	48,750	8,605	6,526	8,605	7,356
48,750	48,800	8,618	6,534	8,618	7,369
48,800	48,850	8,630	6,541	8,630	7,381
48,850	48,900	8,643	6,549	8,643	7,394
48,900	48,950	8,655	6,556	8,655	7,406
48,950	49,000	8,668	6,564	8,668	7,419
<b>49,000</b>					
49,000	49,050	8,680	6,571	8,680	7,431
49,050	49,100	8,693	6,579	8,693	7,444
49,100	49,150	8,705	6,586	8,705	7,456
49,150	49,200	8,718	6,594	8,718	7,469
49,200	49,250	8,730	6,601	8,730	7,481
49,250	49,300	8,743	6,609	8,743	7,494
49,300	49,350	8,755	6,616	8,755	7,506
49,350	49,400	8,768	6,624	8,768	7,519
49,400	49,450	8,780	6,631	8,780	7,531
49,450	49,500	8,793	6,639	8,793	7,544
49,500	49,550	8,805	6,646	8,805	7,556
49,550	49,600	8,818	6,654	8,818	7,569
49,600	49,650	8,830	6,661	8,830	7,581
49,650					

If line 27 (taxable income) is—		And you are—			
		Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household
		Your tax is—			
<b>50,000</b>					
50,000	50,050	8,930	6,721	8,930	7,681
50,050	50,100	8,943	6,729	8,943	7,694
50,100	50,150	8,955	6,736	8,955	7,706
50,150	50,200	8,968	6,744	8,968	7,719
50,200	50,250	8,980	6,751	8,980	7,731
50,250	50,300	8,993	6,759	8,993	7,744
50,300	50,350	9,005	6,766	9,005	7,756
50,350	50,400	9,018	6,774	9,018	7,769
50,400	50,450	9,030	6,781	9,030	7,781
50,450	50,500	9,043	6,789	9,043	7,794
50,500	50,550	9,055	6,796	9,055	7,806
50,550	50,600	9,068	6,804	9,068	7,819
50,600	50,650	9,080	6,811	9,080	7,831
50,650	50,700	9,093	6,819	9,093	7,844
50,700	50,750	9,105	6,826	9,105	7,856
50,750	50,800	9,118	6,834	9,118	7,869
50,800	50,850	9,130	6,841	9,130	7,881
50,850	50,900	9,143	6,849	9,143	7,894
50,900	50,950	9,155	6,856	9,155	7,906
50,950	51,000	9,168	6,864	9,168	7,919
<b>51,000</b>					
51,000	51,050	9,180	6,871	9,180	7,931
51,050	51,100	9,193	6,879	9,193	7,944
51,100	51,150	9,205	6,886	9,205	7,956
51,150	51,200	9,218	6,894	9,218	7,969
51,200	51,250	9,230	6,901	9,230	7,981
51,250	51,300	9,243	6,909	9,243	7,994
51,300	51,350	9,255	6,916	9,255	8,006
51,350	51,400	9,268	6,924	9,268	8,019
51,400	51,450	9,280	6,931	9,280	8,031
51,450	51,500	9,293	6,939	9,293	8,044
51,500	51,550	9,305	6,946	9,305	8,056
51,550	51,600	9,318	6,954	9,318	8,069
51,600	51,650	9,330	6,961	9,330	8,081
51,650	51,700	9,343	6,969	9,343	8,094
51,700	51,750	9,355	6,976	9,355	8,106
51,750	51,800	9,368	6,984	9,368	8,119
51,800	51,850	9,380	6,991	9,380	8,131
51,850	51,900	9,393	6,999	9,393	8,144
51,900	51,950	9,405	7,006	9,405	8,156
51,950	52,000	9,418	7,014	9,418	8,169
<b>52,000</b>					
52,000	52,050	9,430	7,021	9,430	8,181
52,050	52,100	9,443	7,029	9,443	8,194
52,100	52,150	9,455	7,036	9,455	8,206
52,150	52,200	9,468	7,044	9,468	8,219
52,200	52,250	9,480	7,051	9,480	8,231
52,250	52,300	9,493	7,059	9,493	8,244
52,300	52,350	9,505	7,066	9,505	8,256
52,350	52,400	9,518	7,074	9,518	8,269
52,400	52,450	9,530	7,081	9,530	8,281
52,450	52,500	9,543	7,089	9,543	8,294
52,500	52,550	9,555	7,096	9,555	8,306
52,550	52,600	9,568	7,104	9,568	8,319
52,600	52,650	9,580	7,111	9,580	8,331
52,650	52,700	9,593	7,119	9,593	8,344
52,700	52,750	9,605	7,126	9,605	8,356
52,750	52,800	9,618	7,134	9,618	8,369
52,800	52,850	9,630	7,141	9,630	8,381
52,850	52,900	9,643	7,149	9,643	8,394
52,900	52,950	9,655	7,156	9,655	8,406
52,950	53,000	9,668	7,164	9,668	8,419

If line 27 (taxable income) is—		And you are—			
		Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household
		Your tax is—			
<b>53,000</b>					
53,000	53,050	9,680	7,171	9,680	8,431
53,050	53,100	9,693	7,179	9,693	8,444
53,100	53,150	9,705	7,186	9,705	8,456
53,150	53,200	9,718	7,194	9,718	8,469
53,200	53,250	9,730	7,201	9,730	8,481
53,250	53,300	9,743	7,209	9,743	8,494
53,300	53,350	9,755	7,216	9,755	8,506
53,350	53,400	9,768	7,224	9,768	8,519
53,400	53,450	9,780	7,231	9,780	8,531
53,450	53,500	9,793	7,239	9,793	8,544
53,500	53,550	9,805	7,246	9,805	8,556
53,550	53,600	9,818	7,254	9,818	8,569
53,600	53,650	9,830	7,261	9,830	8,581
53,650	53,700	9,843	7,269	9,843	8,594
53,700	53,750	9,855	7,276	9,855	8,606
53,750	53,800	9,868	7,284	9,868	8,619
53,800	53,850	9,880	7,291	9,880	8,631
53,850	53,900	9,893	7,299	9,893	8,644
53,900	53,950	9,905	7,306	9,905	8,656
53,950	54,000	9,918	7,314	9,918	8,669
<b>54,000</b>					
54,000	54,050	9,930	7,321	9,930	8,681
54,050	54,100	9,943	7,329	9,943	8,694
54,100	54,150	9,955	7,336	9,955	8,706
54,150	54,200	9,968	7,344	9,968	8,719
54,200	54,250	9,980	7,351	9,980	8,731
54,250	54,300	9,993	7,359	9,993	8,744
54,300	54,350	10,005	7,366	10,005	8,756
54,350	54,400	10,018	7,374	10,018	8,769
54,400	54,450	10,030	7,381	10,030	8,781
54,450	54,500	10,043	7,389	10,043	8,794
54,500	54,550	10,055	7,396	10,055	8,806
54,550	54,600	10,068	7,404	10,068	8,819
54,600	54,650	10,080	7,411	10,080	8,831
54,650	54,700	10,093	7,419	10,093	8,844
54,700	54,750	10,105	7,426	10,105	8,856
54,750	54,800	10,118	7,434	10,118	8,869
54,800	54,850	10,130	7,441	10,130	8,881
54,850	54,900	10,143	7,449	10,143	8,894
54,900	54,950	10,155	7,456	10,155	8,906
54,950	55,000	10,168	7,464	10,168	8,919
<b>55,000</b>					
55,000	55,050	10,180	7,471	10,180	8,931
55,050	55,100	10,193	7,479	10,193	8,944
55,100	55,150	10,205	7,486	10,205	8,956
55,150	55,200	10,218	7,494	10,218	8,969
55,200	55,250	10,230	7,501	10,230	8,981
55,250	55,300	10,243	7,509	10,243	8,994
55,300	55,350	10,255	7,516	10,255	9,006
55,350	55,400	10,268	7,524	10,268	9,019
55,400	55,450	10,280	7,531	10,280	9,031
55,450	55,500	10,293	7,539	10,293	9,044
55,500	55,550	10,305	7,546	10,305	9,056
55,550	55,600	10,318	7,554	10,318	9,069
55,600	55,650	10,330	7,561	10,330	9,081
55,650	55,700	10,343	7,569	10,343	9,094
55,700	55,750	10,355	7,576	10,355	9,106
55,750	55,800	10,368	7,584	10,368	9,119
55,800	55,850	10,380	7,591	10,380	9,131
55,850	55,900	10,393	7,599	10,393	9,144
55,900	55,950	10,405	7,606	10,405	9,156
55,950	56,000	10,418	7,614	10,418	9,169

If line 27 (taxable income) is—		And you are—			
		Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household
		Your tax is—			
<b>56,000</b>					
56,000	56,050	10,430	7,621	10,430	9,181
56,050	56,100	10,443	7,629	10,443	9,194
56,100	56,150	10,455	7,636	10,455	9,206
56,150	56,200	10,468	7,644	10,468	9,219
56,200	56,250	10,480	7,651	10,480	9,231
56,250	56,300	10,493	7,659	10,493	9,244
56,300	56,350	10,505	7,666	10,505	9,256
56,350	56,400	10,518	7,674	10,518	9,269
56,400	56,450	10,530	7,681	10,530	9,281
56,450	56,500	10,543	7,689	10,543	9,294
56,500	56,550	10,555	7,696	10,555	9,306
56,550	56,600	10,568	7,704	10,568	9,319
56,600	56,650	10,580	7,711	10,580	9,331
56,650	56,700	10,593	7,719	10,593	9,344
56,700	56,750	10,605	7,726	10,605	9,356
56,750	56,800	10,618	7,734	10,618	9,369
56,800	56,850	10,630	7,741	10,630	9,381
56,850	56,900	10,643	7,749	10,643	9,394
56,900	56,950	10,655	7,756	10,655	9,406
56,950	57,000	10,668	7,764	10,668	9,419
<b>57,000</b>					
57,000	57,050	10,680	7,771	10,680	9,431
57,050	57,100	10,693	7,779	10,693	9,444
57,100	57,150	10,705	7,786	10,705	9,456
57,150	57,200	10,718	7,794	10,718	9,469
57,200	57,250	10,730	7,801	10,730	9,481
57,250	57,300	10,743	7,809	10,743	9,494
57,300	57,350	10,755	7,816	10,755	9,506
57,350	57,400	10,768	7,824	10,768	9,519
57,400	57,450	10,780	7,831	10,780	9,531
57,450	57,500	10,793	7,839	10,793	9,544
57,500	57,550	10,805	7,846	10,805	9,556
57,550	57,600	10,818	7,854	10,818	9,569
57,600	57,650	10,830	7,861	10,830	9,581
57,650					



2007 Tax Table—Continued

If line 27 (taxable income) is—		And you are—				Your tax is—
		Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household	
At least	But less than					
<b>59,000</b>						
59,000	59,050	11,180	8,071	11,180	9,931	
59,050	59,100	11,193	8,079	11,193	9,944	
59,100	59,150	11,205	8,086	11,205	9,956	
59,150	59,200	11,218	8,094	11,218	9,969	
59,200	59,250	11,230	8,101	11,230	9,981	
59,250	59,300	11,243	8,109	11,243	9,994	
59,300	59,350	11,255	8,116	11,255	10,006	
59,350	59,400	11,268	8,124	11,268	10,019	
59,400	59,450	11,280	8,131	11,280	10,031	
59,450	59,500	11,293	8,139	11,293	10,044	
59,500	59,550	11,305	8,146	11,305	10,056	
59,550	59,600	11,318	8,154	11,318	10,069	
59,600	59,650	11,330	8,161	11,330	10,081	
59,650	59,700	11,343	8,169	11,343	10,094	
59,700	59,750	11,355	8,176	11,355	10,106	
59,750	59,800	11,368	8,184	11,368	10,119	
59,800	59,850	11,380	8,191	11,380	10,131	
59,850	59,900	11,393	8,199	11,393	10,144	
59,900	59,950	11,405	8,206	11,405	10,156	
59,950	60,000	11,418	8,214	11,418	10,169	
<b>60,000</b>						
60,000	60,050	11,430	8,221	11,430	10,181	
60,050	60,100	11,443	8,229	11,443	10,194	
60,100	60,150	11,455	8,236	11,455	10,206	
60,150	60,200	11,468	8,244	11,468	10,219	
60,200	60,250	11,480	8,251	11,480	10,231	
60,250	60,300	11,493	8,259	11,493	10,244	
60,300	60,350	11,505	8,266	11,505	10,256	
60,350	60,400	11,518	8,274	11,518	10,269	
60,400	60,450	11,530	8,281	11,530	10,281	
60,450	60,500	11,543	8,289	11,543	10,294	
60,500	60,550	11,555	8,296	11,555	10,306	
60,550	60,600	11,568	8,304	11,568	10,319	
60,600	60,650	11,580	8,311	11,580	10,331	
60,650	60,700	11,593	8,319	11,593	10,344	
60,700	60,750	11,605	8,326	11,605	10,356	
60,750	60,800	11,618	8,334	11,618	10,369	
60,800	60,850	11,630	8,341	11,630	10,381	
60,850	60,900	11,643	8,349	11,643	10,394	
60,900	60,950	11,655	8,356	11,655	10,406	
60,950	61,000	11,668	8,364	11,668	10,419	
<b>61,000</b>						
61,000	61,050	11,680	8,371	11,680	10,431	
61,050	61,100	11,693	8,379	11,693	10,444	
61,100	61,150	11,705	8,386	11,705	10,456	
61,150	61,200	11,718	8,394	11,718	10,469	
61,200	61,250	11,730	8,401	11,730	10,481	
61,250	61,300	11,743	8,409	11,743	10,494	
61,300	61,350	11,755	8,416	11,755	10,506	
61,350	61,400	11,768	8,424	11,768	10,519	
61,400	61,450	11,780	8,431	11,780	10,531	
61,450	61,500	11,793	8,439	11,793	10,544	
61,500	61,550	11,805	8,446	11,805	10,556	
61,550	61,600	11,818	8,454	11,818	10,569	
61,600	61,650	11,830	8,461	11,830	10,581	
61,650	61,700	11,843	8,469	11,843	10,594	
61,700	61,750	11,855	8,476	11,855	10,606	
61,750	61,800	11,868	8,484	11,868	10,619	
61,800	61,850	11,880	8,491	11,880	10,631	
61,850	61,900	11,893	8,499	11,893	10,644	
61,900	61,950	11,905	8,506	11,905	10,656	
61,950	62,000	11,918	8,514	11,918	10,669	

If line 27 (taxable income) is—		And you are—				Your tax is—
		Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household	
At least	But less than					
<b>62,000</b>						
62,000	62,050	11,930	8,521	11,930	10,681	
62,050	62,100	11,943	8,529	11,943	10,694	
62,100	62,150	11,955	8,536	11,955	10,706	
62,150	62,200	11,968	8,544	11,968	10,719	
62,200	62,250	11,980	8,551	11,980	10,731	
62,250	62,300	11,993	8,559	11,993	10,744	
62,300	62,350	12,005	8,566	12,005	10,756	
62,350	62,400	12,018	8,574	12,018	10,769	
62,400	62,450	12,030	8,581	12,030	10,781	
62,450	62,500	12,043	8,589	12,043	10,794	
62,500	62,550	12,055	8,596	12,055	10,806	
62,550	62,600	12,068	8,604	12,068	10,819	
62,600	62,650	12,080	8,611	12,080	10,831	
62,650	62,700	12,093	8,619	12,093	10,844	
62,700	62,750	12,105	8,626	12,105	10,856	
62,750	62,800	12,118	8,634	12,118	10,869	
62,800	62,850	12,130	8,641	12,130	10,881	
62,850	62,900	12,143	8,649	12,143	10,894	
62,900	62,950	12,155	8,656	12,155	10,906	
62,950	63,000	12,168	8,664	12,168	10,919	
<b>63,000</b>						
63,000	63,050	12,180	8,671	12,180	10,931	
63,050	63,100	12,193	8,679	12,193	10,944	
63,100	63,150	12,205	8,686	12,205	10,956	
63,150	63,200	12,218	8,694	12,218	10,969	
63,200	63,250	12,230	8,701	12,230	10,981	
63,250	63,300	12,243	8,709	12,243	10,994	
63,300	63,350	12,255	8,716	12,255	11,006	
63,350	63,400	12,268	8,724	12,268	11,019	
63,400	63,450	12,280	8,731	12,280	11,031	
63,450	63,500	12,293	8,739	12,293	11,044	
63,500	63,550	12,305	8,746	12,305	11,056	
63,550	63,600	12,318	8,754	12,318	11,069	
63,600	63,650	12,330	8,761	12,330	11,081	
63,650	63,700	12,343	8,769	12,343	11,094	
63,700	63,750	12,355	8,779	12,355	11,106	
63,750	63,800	12,368	8,791	12,368	11,119	
63,800	63,850	12,380	8,804	12,380	11,131	
63,850	63,900	12,393	8,816	12,393	11,144	
63,900	63,950	12,405	8,829	12,405	11,156	
63,950	64,000	12,418	8,841	12,418	11,169	
<b>64,000</b>						
64,000	64,050	12,430	8,854	12,430	11,181	
64,050	64,100	12,443	8,866	12,443	11,194	
64,100	64,150	12,455	8,879	12,455	11,206	
64,150	64,200	12,468	8,891	12,468	11,219	
64,200	64,250	12,480	8,904	12,480	11,231	
64,250	64,300	12,493	8,916	12,493	11,244	
64,300	64,350	12,505	8,929	12,507	11,256	
64,350	64,400	12,518	8,941	12,521	11,269	
64,400	64,450	12,530	8,954	12,535	11,281	
64,450	64,500	12,543	8,966	12,549	11,294	
64,500	64,550	12,555	8,979	12,563	11,306	
64,550	64,600	12,568	8,991	12,577	11,319	
64,600	64,650	12,580	9,004	12,591	11,331	
64,650	64,700	12,593	9,016	12,605	11,344	
64,700	64,750	12,605	9,029	12,619	11,356	
64,750	64,800	12,618	9,041	12,633	11,369	
64,800	64,850	12,630	9,054	12,647	11,381	
64,850	64,900	12,643	9,066	12,661	11,394	
64,900	64,950	12,655	9,079	12,675	11,406	
64,950	65,000	12,668	9,091	12,689	11,419	

If line 27 (taxable income) is—		And you are—				Your tax is—
		Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household	
At least	But less than					
<b>65,000</b>						
65,000	65,050	12,680	9,104	12,703	11,431	
65,050	65,100	12,693	9,116	12,717	11,444	
65,100	65,150	12,705	9,129	12,731	11,456	
65,150	65,200	12,718	9,141	12,745	11,469	
65,200	65,250	12,730	9,154	12,759	11,481	
65,250	65,300	12,743	9,166	12,773	11,494	
65,300	65,350	12,755	9,179	12,787	11,506	
65,350	65,400	12,768	9,191	12,801	11,519	
65,400	65,450	12,780	9,204	12,815	11,531	
65,450	65,500	12,793	9,216	12,829	11,544	
65,500	65,550	12,805	9,229	12,843	11,556	
65,550	65,600	12,818	9,241	12,857	11,569	
65,600	65,650	12,830	9,254	12,871	11,581	
65,650	65,700	12,843	9,266	12,885	11,594	
65,700	65,750	12,855	9,279	12,899	11,606	
65,750	65,800	12,868	9,291	12,913	11,619	
65,800	65,850	12,880	9,304	12,927	11,631	
65,850	65,900	12,893	9,316	12,941	11,644	
65,900	65,950	12,905	9,329	12,955	11,656	
65,950	66,					

If line 27 (taxable income) is—		And you are—			
		Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household
At least	But less than	Your tax is—			
<b>68,000</b>					
68,000	68,050	13,430	9,854	13,543	12,181
68,050	68,100	13,443	9,866	13,557	12,194
68,100	68,150	13,455	9,879	13,571	12,206
68,150	68,200	13,468	9,891	13,585	12,219
68,200	68,250	13,480	9,904	13,599	12,231
68,250	68,300	13,493	9,916	13,613	12,244
68,300	68,350	13,505	9,929	13,627	12,256
68,350	68,400	13,518	9,941	13,641	12,269
68,400	68,450	13,530	9,954	13,655	12,281
68,450	68,500	13,543	9,966	13,669	12,294
68,500	68,550	13,555	9,979	13,683	12,306
68,550	68,600	13,568	9,991	13,697	12,319
68,600	68,650	13,580	10,004	13,711	12,331
68,650	68,700	13,593	10,016	13,725	12,344
68,700	68,750	13,605	10,029	13,739	12,356
68,750	68,800	13,618	10,041	13,753	12,369
68,800	68,850	13,630	10,054	13,767	12,381
68,850	68,900	13,643	10,066	13,781	12,394
68,900	68,950	13,655	10,079	13,795	12,406
68,950	69,000	13,668	10,091	13,809	12,419
<b>69,000</b>					
69,000	69,050	13,680	10,104	13,823	12,431
69,050	69,100	13,693	10,116	13,837	12,444
69,100	69,150	13,705	10,129	13,851	12,456
69,150	69,200	13,718	10,141	13,865	12,469
69,200	69,250	13,730	10,154	13,879	12,481
69,250	69,300	13,743	10,166	13,893	12,494
69,300	69,350	13,755	10,179	13,907	12,506
69,350	69,400	13,768	10,191	13,921	12,519
69,400	69,450	13,780	10,204	13,935	12,531
69,450	69,500	13,793	10,216	13,949	12,544
69,500	69,550	13,805	10,229	13,963	12,556
69,550	69,600	13,818	10,241	13,977	12,569
69,600	69,650	13,830	10,254	13,991	12,581
69,650	69,700	13,843	10,266	14,005	12,594
69,700	69,750	13,855	10,279	14,019	12,606
69,750	69,800	13,868	10,291	14,033	12,619
69,800	69,850	13,880	10,304	14,047	12,631
69,850	69,900	13,893	10,316	14,061	12,644
69,900	69,950	13,905	10,329	14,075	12,656
69,950	70,000	13,918	10,341	14,089	12,669
<b>70,000</b>					
70,000	70,050	13,930	10,354	14,103	12,681
70,050	70,100	13,943	10,366	14,117	12,694
70,100	70,150	13,955	10,379	14,131	12,706
70,150	70,200	13,968	10,391	14,145	12,719
70,200	70,250	13,980	10,404	14,159	12,731
70,250	70,300	13,993	10,416	14,173	12,744
70,300	70,350	14,005	10,429	14,187	12,756
70,350	70,400	14,018	10,441	14,201	12,769
70,400	70,450	14,030	10,454	14,215	12,781
70,450	70,500	14,043	10,466	14,229	12,794
70,500	70,550	14,055	10,479	14,243	12,806
70,550	70,600	14,068	10,491	14,257	12,819
70,600	70,650	14,080	10,504	14,271	12,831
70,650	70,700	14,093	10,516	14,285	12,844
70,700	70,750	14,105	10,529	14,299	12,856
70,750	70,800	14,118	10,541	14,313	12,869
70,800	70,850	14,130	10,554	14,327	12,881
70,850	70,900	14,143	10,566	14,341	12,894
70,900	70,950	14,155	10,579	14,355	12,906
70,950	71,000	14,168	10,591	14,369	12,919

If line 27 (taxable income) is—		And you are—			
		Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household
At least	But less than	Your tax is—			
<b>71,000</b>					
71,000	71,050	14,180	10,604	14,383	12,931
71,050	71,100	14,193	10,616	14,397	12,944
71,100	71,150	14,205	10,629	14,411	12,956
71,150	71,200	14,218	10,641	14,425	12,969
71,200	71,250	14,230	10,654	14,439	12,981
71,250	71,300	14,243	10,666	14,453	12,994
71,300	71,350	14,255	10,679	14,467	13,006
71,350	71,400	14,268	10,691	14,481	13,019
71,400	71,450	14,280	10,704	14,495	13,031
71,450	71,500	14,293	10,716	14,509	13,044
71,500	71,550	14,305	10,729	14,523	13,056
71,550	71,600	14,318	10,741	14,537	13,069
71,600	71,650	14,330	10,754	14,551	13,081
71,650	71,700	14,343	10,766	14,565	13,094
71,700	71,750	14,355	10,779	14,579	13,106
71,750	71,800	14,368	10,791	14,593	13,119
71,800	71,850	14,380	10,804	14,607	13,131
71,850	71,900	14,393	10,816	14,621	13,144
71,900	71,950	14,405	10,829	14,635	13,156
71,950	72,000	14,418	10,841	14,649	13,169
<b>72,000</b>					
72,000	72,050	14,430	10,854	14,663	13,181
72,050	72,100	14,443	10,866	14,677	13,194
72,100	72,150	14,455	10,879	14,691	13,206
72,150	72,200	14,468	10,891	14,705	13,219
72,200	72,250	14,480	10,904	14,719	13,231
72,250	72,300	14,493	10,916	14,733	13,244
72,300	72,350	14,505	10,929	14,747	13,256
72,350	72,400	14,518	10,941	14,761	13,269
72,400	72,450	14,530	10,954	14,775	13,281
72,450	72,500	14,543	10,966	14,789	13,294
72,500	72,550	14,555	10,979	14,803	13,306
72,550	72,600	14,568	10,991	14,817	13,319
72,600	72,650	14,580	11,004	14,831	13,331
72,650	72,700	14,593	11,016	14,845	13,344
72,700	72,750	14,605	11,029	14,859	13,356
72,750	72,800	14,618	11,041	14,873	13,369
72,800	72,850	14,630	11,054	14,887	13,381
72,850	72,900	14,643	11,066	14,901	13,394
72,900	72,950	14,655	11,079	14,915	13,406
72,950	73,000	14,668	11,091	14,929	13,419
<b>73,000</b>					
73,000	73,050	14,680	11,104	14,943	13,431
73,050	73,100	14,693	11,116	14,957	13,444
73,100	73,150	14,705	11,129	14,971	13,456
73,150	73,200	14,718	11,141	14,985	13,469
73,200	73,250	14,730	11,154	14,999	13,481
73,250	73,300	14,743	11,166	15,013	13,494
73,300	73,350	14,755	11,179	15,027	13,506
73,350	73,400	14,768	11,191	15,041	13,519
73,400	73,450	14,780	11,204	15,055	13,531
73,450	73,500	14,793	11,216	15,069	13,544
73,500	73,550	14,805	11,229	15,083	13,556
73,550	73,600	14,818	11,241	15,097	13,569
73,600	73,650	14,830	11,254	15,111	13,581
73,650	73,700	14,843	11,266	15,125	13,594
73,700	73,750	14,855	11,279	15,139	13,606
73,750	73,800	14,868	11,291	15,153	13,619
73,800	73,850	14,880	11,304	15,167	13,631
73,850	73,900	14,893	11,316	15,181	13,644
73,900	73,950	14,905	11,329	15,195	13,656
73,950	74,000	14,918	11,341	15,209	13,669

If line 27 (taxable income) is—		And you are—			
		Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household
At least	But less than	Your tax is—			
<b>74,000</b>					
74,000	74,050	14,930	11,354	15,223	13,681
74,050	74,100	14,943	11,366	15,237	13,694
74,100	74,150	14,955	11,379	15,251	13,706
74,150	74,200	14,968	11,391	15,265	13,719
74,200	74,250	14,980	11,404	15,279	13,731
74,250	74,300	14,993	11,416	15,293	13,744
74,300	74,350	15,005	11,429	15,307	13,756
74,350	74,400	15,018	11,441	15,321	13,769
74,400	74,450	15,030	11,454	15,335	13,781
74,450	74,500	15,043	11,466	15,349	13,794
74,500	74,550	15,055	11,479	15,363	13,806
74,550	74,600	15,068	11,491	15,377	13,819
74,600	74,650	15,080	11,504	15,391	13,831
74,650	74,700	15,093	11,516	15,405	13,844
74,700	74,750	15,105	11,529	15,419	13,856
74,750	74,800	15,118	11,541	15,433	13,869
74,800	74,850	15,130	11,554	15,447	13,881
74,850	74,900	15,143	11,566	15,461	13,894
74,900	74,950	15,155	11,579	15,475	13,906
74,950	75,000	15,168	11,591	15,489	13,919
<b>75,000</b>					
75,000	75,050	15,180	11,604	15,503	13,931
75,050	75,100	15,193	11,616	15,517	13,944
75,100	75,150	15,205	11,629	15,531	13,956
75,150	75,200	15,218	11,641	15,545	13,969
75,200	75,250	15,230	11,654	15,559	13,981
75,250	75,300	15,243	11,666	15,573	13,994
75,300	75,350	15,255	11,679	15,587	14,006
75,350	75,400	15,268	11,691	15,601	14,019
75,400	75,450	15,280	11,704	15,615	14,031
75,450	75,500	15,293	11,716	15,629	14,044
75,500	75,550	15,305	11,729	15,643	14,056
75,550	75,600	15,318	11,741	15,657	14,069
75,600	75,650	15,330	11,754	15,671	14,081
75,650	75,700	15,343	11,766	15,685	14,094
75,700	75,750	15,355	11,779	15,699	14,106
75,750	75,800	15,368	11,791	15,713	14,119
75,800	75,850	15,380	11,804	15,727	14,131
75,850	75,900	15,393	11,816	15,741	14,144
75,900	75,950	15,405	11,829	15,755	14,156
75,950	76,000	15,418	11,841	15,769	14,169
<b>76,000</b>					
76,000	76,050	15,430	11,854	15,783	14,181
76,050	76,100	15,443	11,866	15,797	14,194
76,100	76,150	15,455	11,879	15,811	14,206
76,150					



2007 Tax Table—Continued

If line 27 (taxable income) is—		And you are—			
		Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household
		Your tax is—			
<b>77,000</b>					
77,000	77,050	15,680	12,104	16,063	14,431
77,050	77,100	15,693	12,116	16,077	14,444
77,100	77,150	15,706	12,129	16,091	14,456
77,150	77,200	15,720	12,141	16,105	14,469
77,200	77,250	15,734	12,154	16,119	14,481
77,250	77,300	15,748	12,166	16,133	14,494
77,300	77,350	15,762	12,179	16,147	14,506
77,350	77,400	15,776	12,191	16,161	14,519
77,400	77,450	15,790	12,204	16,175	14,531
77,450	77,500	15,804	12,216	16,189	14,544
77,500	77,550	15,818	12,229	16,203	14,556
77,550	77,600	15,832	12,241	16,217	14,569
77,600	77,650	15,846	12,254	16,231	14,581
77,650	77,700	15,860	12,266	16,245	14,594
77,700	77,750	15,874	12,279	16,259	14,606
77,750	77,800	15,888	12,291	16,273	14,619
77,800	77,850	15,902	12,304	16,287	14,631
77,850	77,900	15,916	12,316	16,301	14,644
77,900	77,950	15,930	12,329	16,315	14,656
77,950	78,000	15,944	12,341	16,329	14,669
<b>78,000</b>					
78,000	78,050	15,958	12,354	16,343	14,681
78,050	78,100	15,972	12,366	16,357	14,694
78,100	78,150	15,986	12,379	16,371	14,706
78,150	78,200	16,000	12,391	16,385	14,719
78,200	78,250	16,014	12,404	16,399	14,731
78,250	78,300	16,028	12,416	16,413	14,744
78,300	78,350	16,042	12,429	16,427	14,756
78,350	78,400	16,056	12,441	16,441	14,769
78,400	78,450	16,070	12,454	16,455	14,781
78,450	78,500	16,084	12,466	16,469	14,794
78,500	78,550	16,098	12,479	16,483	14,806
78,550	78,600	16,112	12,491	16,497	14,819
78,600	78,650	16,126	12,504	16,511	14,831
78,650	78,700	16,140	12,516	16,525	14,844
78,700	78,750	16,154	12,529	16,539	14,856
78,750	78,800	16,168	12,541	16,553	14,869
78,800	78,850	16,182	12,554	16,567	14,881
78,850	78,900	16,196	12,566	16,581	14,894
78,900	78,950	16,210	12,579	16,595	14,906
78,950	79,000	16,224	12,591	16,609	14,919
<b>79,000</b>					
79,000	79,050	16,238	12,604	16,623	14,931
79,050	79,100	16,252	12,616	16,637	14,944
79,100	79,150	16,266	12,629	16,651	14,956
79,150	79,200	16,280	12,641	16,665	14,969
79,200	79,250	16,294	12,654	16,679	14,981
79,250	79,300	16,308	12,666	16,693	14,994
79,300	79,350	16,322	12,679	16,707	15,006
79,350	79,400	16,336	12,691	16,721	15,019
79,400	79,450	16,350	12,704	16,735	15,031
79,450	79,500	16,364	12,716	16,749	15,044
79,500	79,550	16,378	12,729	16,763	15,056
79,550	79,600	16,392	12,741	16,777	15,069
79,600	79,650	16,406	12,754	16,791	15,081
79,650	79,700	16,420	12,766	16,805	15,094
79,700	79,750	16,434	12,779	16,819	15,106
79,750	79,800	16,448	12,791	16,833	15,119
79,800	79,850	16,462	12,804	16,847	15,131
79,850	79,900	16,476	12,816	16,861	15,144
79,900	79,950	16,490	12,829	16,875	15,156
79,950	80,000	16,504	12,841	16,889	15,169

If line 27 (taxable income) is—		And you are—			
		Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household
		Your tax is—			
<b>80,000</b>					
80,000	80,050	16,518	12,854	16,903	15,181
80,050	80,100	16,532	12,866	16,917	15,194
80,100	80,150	16,546	12,879	16,931	15,206
80,150	80,200	16,560	12,891	16,945	15,219
80,200	80,250	16,574	12,904	16,959	15,231
80,250	80,300	16,588	12,916	16,973	15,244
80,300	80,350	16,602	12,929	16,987	15,256
80,350	80,400	16,616	12,941	17,001	15,269
80,400	80,450	16,630	12,954	17,015	15,281
80,450	80,500	16,644	12,966	17,029	15,294
80,500	80,550	16,658	12,979	17,043	15,306
80,550	80,600	16,672	12,991	17,057	15,319
80,600	80,650	16,686	13,004	17,071	15,331
80,650	80,700	16,700	13,016	17,085	15,344
80,700	80,750	16,714	13,029	17,099	15,356
80,750	80,800	16,728	13,041	17,113	15,369
80,800	80,850	16,742	13,054	17,127	15,381
80,850	80,900	16,756	13,066	17,141	15,394
80,900	80,950	16,770	13,079	17,155	15,406
80,950	81,000	16,784	13,091	17,169	15,419
<b>81,000</b>					
81,000	81,050	16,798	13,104	17,183	15,431
81,050	81,100	16,812	13,116	17,197	15,444
81,100	81,150	16,826	13,129	17,211	15,456
81,150	81,200	16,840	13,141	17,225	15,469
81,200	81,250	16,854	13,154	17,239	15,481
81,250	81,300	16,868	13,166	17,253	15,494
81,300	81,350	16,882	13,179	17,267	15,506
81,350	81,400	16,896	13,191	17,281	15,519
81,400	81,450	16,910	13,204	17,295	15,531
81,450	81,500	16,924	13,216	17,309	15,544
81,500	81,550	16,938	13,229	17,323	15,556
81,550	81,600	16,952	13,241	17,337	15,569
81,600	81,650	16,966	13,254	17,351	15,581
81,650	81,700	16,980	13,266	17,365	15,594
81,700	81,750	16,994	13,279	17,379	15,606
81,750	81,800	17,008	13,291	17,393	15,619
81,800	81,850	17,022	13,304	17,407	15,631
81,850	81,900	17,036	13,316	17,421	15,644
81,900	81,950	17,050	13,329	17,435	15,656
81,950	82,000	17,064	13,341	17,449	15,669
<b>82,000</b>					
82,000	82,050	17,078	13,354	17,463	15,681
82,050	82,100	17,092	13,366	17,477	15,694
82,100	82,150	17,106	13,379	17,491	15,706
82,150	82,200	17,120	13,391	17,505	15,719
82,200	82,250	17,134	13,404	17,519	15,731
82,250	82,300	17,148	13,416	17,533	15,744
82,300	82,350	17,162	13,429	17,547	15,756
82,350	82,400	17,176	13,441	17,561	15,769
82,400	82,450	17,190	13,454	17,575	15,781
82,450	82,500	17,204	13,466	17,589	15,794
82,500	82,550	17,218	13,479	17,603	15,806
82,550	82,600	17,232	13,491	17,617	15,819
82,600	82,650	17,246	13,504	17,631	15,831
82,650	82,700	17,260	13,516	17,645	15,844
82,700	82,750	17,274	13,529	17,659	15,856
82,750	82,800	17,288	13,541	17,673	15,869
82,800	82,850	17,302	13,554	17,687	15,881
82,850	82,900	17,316	13,566	17,701	15,894
82,900	82,950	17,330	13,579	17,715	15,906
82,950	83,000	17,344	13,591	17,729	15,919

If line 27 (taxable income) is—		And you are—			
		Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household
		Your tax is—			
<b>83,000</b>					
83,000	83,050	17,358	13,604	17,743	15,931
83,050	83,100	17,372	13,616	17,757	15,944
83,100	83,150	17,386	13,629	17,771	15,956
83,150	83,200	17,400	13,641	17,785	15,969
83,200	83,250	17,414	13,654	17,799	15,981
83,250	83,300	17,428	13,666	17,813	15,994
83,300	83,350	17,442	13,679	17,827	16,006
83,350	83,400	17,456	13,691	17,841	16,019
83,400	83,450	17,470	13,704	17,855	16,031
83,450	83,500	17,484	13,716	17,869	16,044
83,500	83,550	17,498	13,729	17,883	16,056
83,550	83,600	17,512	13,741	17,897	16,069
83,600	83,650	17,526	13,754	17,911	16,081
83,650	83,700	17,540	13,766	17,925	16,094
83,700	83,750	17,554	13,779	17,939	16,106
83,750	83,800	17,568	13,791	17,953	16,119
83,800	83,850	17,582	13,804	17,967	16,131
83,850	83,900	17,596	13,816	17,981	16,144
83,900	83,950	17,610	13,829	17,995	16,156
83,950	84,000	17,624	13,841	18,009	16,169
<b>84,000</b>					
84,000	84,050	17,638	13,854	18,023	16,181
84,050	84,100	17,652	13,866	18,037	16,194
84,100	84,150	17,666	13,879	18,051	16,206
84,150	84,200	17,680	13,891	18,065	16,219
84,200	84,250	17,694	13,904	18,079	16,231
84,250	84,300	17,708	13,916	18,093	16,244
84,300	84,350	17,722	13,929	18,107	16,256
84,350					

If line 27 (taxable income) is—		And you are—				Your tax is—
		Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing separately	Head of a household	
<b>86,000</b>						
86,000	86,050	18,198	14,354	18,583	16,681	
86,050	86,100	18,212	14,366	18,597	16,694	
86,100	86,150	18,226	14,379	18,611	16,706	
86,150	86,200	18,240	14,391	18,625	16,719	
86,200	86,250	18,254	14,404	18,639	16,731	
86,250	86,300	18,268	14,416	18,653	16,744	
86,300	86,350	18,282	14,429	18,667	16,756	
86,350	86,400	18,296	14,441	18,681	16,769	
86,400	86,450	18,310	14,454	18,695	16,781	
86,450	86,500	18,324	14,466	18,709	16,794	
86,500	86,550	18,338	14,479	18,723	16,806	
86,550	86,600	18,352	14,491	18,737	16,819	
86,600	86,650	18,366	14,504	18,751	16,831	
86,650	86,700	18,380	14,516	18,765	16,844	
86,700	86,750	18,394	14,529	18,779	16,856	
86,750	86,800	18,408	14,541	18,793	16,869	
86,800	86,850	18,422	14,554	18,807	16,881	
86,850	86,900	18,436	14,566	18,821	16,894	
86,900	86,950	18,450	14,579	18,835	16,906	
86,950	87,000	18,464	14,591	18,849	16,919	
<b>87,000</b>						
87,000	87,050	18,478	14,604	18,863	16,931	
87,050	87,100	18,492	14,616	18,877	16,944	
87,100	87,150	18,506	14,629	18,891	16,956	
87,150	87,200	18,520	14,641	18,905	16,969	
87,200	87,250	18,534	14,654	18,919	16,981	
87,250	87,300	18,548	14,666	18,933	16,994	
87,300	87,350	18,562	14,679	18,947	17,006	
87,350	87,400	18,576	14,691	18,961	17,019	
87,400	87,450	18,590	14,704	18,975	17,031	
87,450	87,500	18,604	14,716	18,989	17,044	
87,500	87,550	18,618	14,729	19,003	17,056	
87,550	87,600	18,632	14,741	19,017	17,069	
87,600	87,650	18,646	14,754	19,031	17,081	
87,650	87,700	18,660	14,766	19,045	17,094	
87,700	87,750	18,674	14,779	19,059	17,106	
87,750	87,800	18,688	14,791	19,073	17,119	
87,800	87,850	18,702	14,804	19,087	17,131	
87,850	87,900	18,716	14,816	19,101	17,144	
87,900	87,950	18,730	14,829	19,115	17,156	
87,950	88,000	18,744	14,841	19,129	17,169	
<b>88,000</b>						
88,000	88,050	18,758	14,854	19,143	17,181	
88,050	88,100	18,772	14,866	19,157	17,194	
88,100	88,150	18,786	14,879	19,171	17,206	
88,150	88,200	18,800	14,891	19,185	17,219	
88,200	88,250	18,814	14,904	19,199	17,231	
88,250	88,300	18,828	14,916	19,213	17,244	
88,300	88,350	18,842	14,929	19,227	17,256	
88,350	88,400	18,856	14,941	19,241	17,269	
88,400	88,450	18,870	14,954	19,255	17,281	
88,450	88,500	18,884	14,966	19,269	17,294	
88,500	88,550	18,898	14,979	19,283	17,306	
88,550	88,600	18,912	14,991	19,297	17,319	
88,600	88,650	18,926	15,004	19,311	17,331	
88,650	88,700	18,940	15,016	19,325	17,344	
88,700	88,750	18,954	15,029	19,339	17,356	
88,750	88,800	18,968	15,041	19,353	17,369	
88,800	88,850	18,982	15,054	19,367	17,381	
88,850	88,900	18,996	15,066	19,381	17,394	
88,900	88,950	19,010	15,079	19,395	17,406	
88,950	89,000	19,024	15,091	19,409	17,419	

If line 27 (taxable income) is—		And you are—				Your tax is—
		Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing separately	Head of a household	
<b>89,000</b>						
89,000	89,050	19,038	15,104	19,423	17,431	
89,050	89,100	19,052	15,116	19,437	17,444	
89,100	89,150	19,066	15,129	19,451	17,456	
89,150	89,200	19,080	15,141	19,465	17,469	
89,200	89,250	19,094	15,154	19,479	17,481	
89,250	89,300	19,108	15,166	19,493	17,494	
89,300	89,350	19,122	15,179	19,507	17,506	
89,350	89,400	19,136	15,191	19,521	17,519	
89,400	89,450	19,150	15,204	19,535	17,531	
89,450	89,500	19,164	15,216	19,549	17,544	
89,500	89,550	19,178	15,229	19,563	17,556	
89,550	89,600	19,192	15,241	19,577	17,569	
89,600	89,650	19,206	15,254	19,591	17,581	
89,650	89,700	19,220	15,266	19,605	17,594	
89,700	89,750	19,234	15,279	19,619	17,606	
89,750	89,800	19,248	15,291	19,633	17,619	
89,800	89,850	19,262	15,304	19,647	17,631	
89,850	89,900	19,276	15,316	19,661	17,644	
89,900	89,950	19,290	15,329	19,675	17,656	
89,950	90,000	19,304	15,341	19,689	17,669	
<b>90,000</b>						
90,000	90,050	19,318	15,354	19,703	17,681	
90,050	90,100	19,332	15,366	19,717	17,694	
90,100	90,150	19,346	15,379	19,731	17,706	
90,150	90,200	19,360	15,391	19,745	17,719	
90,200	90,250	19,374	15,404	19,759	17,731	
90,250	90,300	19,388	15,416	19,773	17,744	
90,300	90,350	19,402	15,429	19,787	17,756	
90,350	90,400	19,416	15,441	19,801	17,769	
90,400	90,450	19,430	15,454	19,815	17,781	
90,450	90,500	19,444	15,466	19,829	17,794	
90,500	90,550	19,458	15,479	19,843	17,806	
90,550	90,600	19,472	15,491	19,857	17,819	
90,600	90,650	19,486	15,504	19,871	17,831	
90,650	90,700	19,500	15,516	19,885	17,844	
90,700	90,750	19,514	15,529	19,899	17,856	
90,750	90,800	19,528	15,541	19,913	17,869	
90,800	90,850	19,542	15,554	19,927	17,881	
90,850	90,900	19,556	15,566	19,941	17,894	
90,900	90,950	19,570	15,579	19,955	17,906	
90,950	91,000	19,584	15,591	19,969	17,919	
<b>91,000</b>						
91,000	91,050	19,598	15,604	19,983	17,931	
91,050	91,100	19,612	15,616	19,997	17,944	
91,100	91,150	19,626	15,629	20,011	17,956	
91,150	91,200	19,640	15,641	20,025	17,969	
91,200	91,250	19,654	15,654	20,039	17,981	
91,250	91,300	19,668	15,666	20,053	17,994	
91,300	91,350	19,682	15,679	20,067	18,006	
91,350	91,400	19,696	15,691	20,081	18,019	
91,400	91,450	19,710	15,704	20,095	18,031	
91,450	91,500	19,724	15,716	20,109	18,044	
91,500	91,550	19,738	15,729	20,123	18,056	
91,550	91,600	19,752	15,741	20,137	18,069	
91,600	91,650	19,766	15,754	20,151	18,081	
91,650	91,700	19,780	15,766	20,165	18,094	
91,700	91,750	19,794	15,779	20,179	18,106	
91,750	91,800	19,808	15,791	20,193	18,119	
91,800	91,850	19,822	15,804	20,207	18,131	
91,850	91,900	19,836	15,816	20,221	18,144	
91,900	91,950	19,850	15,829	20,235	18,156	
91,950	92,000	19,864	15,841	20,249	18,169	

If line 27 (taxable income) is—		And you are—				Your tax is—
		Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing separately	Head of a household	
<b>92,000</b>						
92,000	92,050	19,878	15,854	20,263	18,181	
92,050	92,100	19,892	15,866	20,277	18,194	
92,100	92,150	19,906	15,879	20,291	18,206	
92,150	92,200	19,920	15,891	20,305	18,219	
92,200	92,250	19,934	15,904	20,319	18,231	
92,250	92,300	19,948	15,916	20,333	18,244	
92,300	92,350	19,962	15,929	20,347	18,256	
92,350	92,400	19,976	15,941	20,361	18,269	
92,400	92,450	19,990	15,954	20,375	18,281	
92,450	92,500	20,004	15,966	20,389	18,294	
92,500	92,550	20,018	15,979	20,403	18,306	
92,550	92,600	20,032	15,991	20,417	18,319	
92,600	92,650	20,046	16,004	20,431	18,331	
92,650	92,700	20,060	16,016	20,445	18,344	
92,700	92,750	20,074	16,029	20,459	18,356	
92,750	92,800	20,088	16,041	20,473	18,369	
92,800	92,850	20,102	16,054	20,487	18,381	
92,850	92,900	20,116	16,066	20,501	18,394	
92,900	92,950	20,130	16,079	20,515	18,406	
92,950	93,000	20,144	16,091	20,529	18,419	
<b>93,000</b>						
93,000	93,050	20,158	16,104	20,543	18,431	
93,050	93,100	20,172	16,116	20,557	18,444	
93,100	93,150	20,186	16,129	20,571	18,456	
93,150	93,200	20,200	16,141	20,585	18,469	
93,200	93,250	20,214	16,154	20,599	18,481	
93,250	93,300	20,228	16,166	20,613	18,494	
93,300	93,350	20,242	16,179	20,627	18,506	
93,350	93,400	20,256	16,191	20,641	18,519	
93,400	93,450	20,270	16,204	20,655	18,531	
93,450	93,500	20,284	16,216	20,669	18,544	
93,500	93,550	20,298	16,229	20,683	18,556	
93,550	93,600	20,312	16,241	20,697	18,569	
93,600	93,650	20,326	16,254	20,711	18,581	
93,650	93,700	20,340	16,266	20,725	18,594	
93,700	93,750	20,354	16,279	20,739	18,606	
93,750	93,800	20,368	16,291	20,753	18,61	

2007 Tax Table—Continued

If line 27 (taxable income) is—		And you are—			
		Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household
		Your tax is—			
<b>95,000</b>					
95,000	95,050	20,718	16,604	21,103	18,931
95,050	95,100	20,732	16,616	21,117	18,944
95,100	95,150	20,746	16,629	21,131	18,956
95,150	95,200	20,760	16,641	21,145	18,969
95,200	95,250	20,774	16,654	21,159	18,981
95,250	95,300	20,788	16,666	21,173	18,994
95,300	95,350	20,802	16,679	21,187	19,006
95,350	95,400	20,816	16,691	21,201	19,019
95,400	95,450	20,830	16,704	21,215	19,031
95,450	95,500	20,844	16,716	21,229	19,044
95,500	95,550	20,858	16,729	21,243	19,056
95,550	95,600	20,872	16,741	21,257	19,069
95,600	95,650	20,886	16,754	21,271	19,081
95,650	95,700	20,900	16,766	21,285	19,094
95,700	95,750	20,914	16,779	21,299	19,106
95,750	95,800	20,928	16,791	21,313	19,119
95,800	95,850	20,942	16,804	21,327	19,131
95,850	95,900	20,956	16,816	21,341	19,144
95,900	95,950	20,970	16,829	21,355	19,156
95,950	96,000	20,984	16,841	21,369	19,169
<b>96,000</b>					
96,000	96,050	20,998	16,854	21,383	19,181
96,050	96,100	21,012	16,866	21,397	19,194
96,100	96,150	21,026	16,879	21,411	19,206
96,150	96,200	21,040	16,891	21,425	19,219
96,200	96,250	21,054	16,904	21,439	19,231
96,250	96,300	21,068	16,916	21,453	19,244
96,300	96,350	21,082	16,929	21,467	19,256
96,350	96,400	21,096	16,941	21,481	19,269
96,400	96,450	21,110	16,954	21,495	19,281
96,450	96,500	21,124	16,966	21,509	19,294
96,500	96,550	21,138	16,979	21,523	19,306
96,550	96,600	21,152	16,991	21,537	19,319
96,600	96,650	21,166	17,004	21,551	19,331
96,650	96,700	21,180	17,016	21,565	19,344
96,700	96,750	21,194	17,029	21,579	19,356
96,750	96,800	21,208	17,041	21,593	19,369
96,800	96,850	21,222	17,054	21,607	19,381
96,850	96,900	21,236	17,066	21,621	19,394
96,900	96,950	21,250	17,079	21,635	19,406
96,950	97,000	21,264	17,091	21,649	19,419

If line 27 (taxable income) is—		And you are—			
		Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household
		Your tax is—			
<b>97,000</b>					
97,000	97,050	21,278	17,104	21,663	19,431
97,050	97,100	21,292	17,116	21,677	19,444
97,100	97,150	21,306	17,129	21,691	19,456
97,150	97,200	21,320	17,141	21,705	19,469
97,200	97,250	21,334	17,154	21,719	19,481
97,250	97,300	21,348	17,166	21,733	19,494
97,300	97,350	21,362	17,179	21,747	19,506
97,350	97,400	21,376	17,191	21,761	19,519
97,400	97,450	21,390	17,204	21,775	19,531
97,450	97,500	21,404	17,216	21,789	19,544
97,500	97,550	21,418	17,229	21,803	19,556
97,550	97,600	21,432	17,241	21,817	19,569
97,600	97,650	21,446	17,254	21,831	19,581
97,650	97,700	21,460	17,266	21,845	19,594
97,700	97,750	21,474	17,279	21,859	19,606
97,750	97,800	21,488	17,291	21,873	19,619
97,800	97,850	21,502	17,304	21,887	19,631
97,850	97,900	21,516	17,316	21,901	19,644
97,900	97,950	21,530	17,329	21,915	19,656
97,950	98,000	21,544	17,341	21,932	19,669
<b>98,000</b>					
98,000	98,050	21,558	17,354	21,948	19,681
98,050	98,100	21,572	17,366	21,965	19,694
98,100	98,150	21,586	17,379	21,981	19,706
98,150	98,200	21,600	17,391	21,998	19,719
98,200	98,250	21,614	17,404	22,014	19,731
98,250	98,300	21,628	17,416	22,031	19,744
98,300	98,350	21,642	17,429	22,047	19,756
98,350	98,400	21,656	17,441	22,064	19,769
98,400	98,450	21,670	17,454	22,080	19,781
98,450	98,500	21,684	17,466	22,097	19,794
98,500	98,550	21,698	17,479	22,113	19,806
98,550	98,600	21,712	17,491	22,130	19,819
98,600	98,650	21,726	17,504	22,146	19,831
98,650	98,700	21,740	17,516	22,163	19,844
98,700	98,750	21,754	17,529	22,179	19,856
98,750	98,800	21,768	17,541	22,196	19,869
98,800	98,850	21,782	17,554	22,212	19,881
98,850	98,900	21,796	17,566	22,229	19,894
98,900	98,950	21,810	17,579	22,245	19,906
98,950	99,000	21,824	17,591	22,262	19,919

If line 27 (taxable income) is—		And you are—			
		Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household
		Your tax is—			
<b>99,000</b>					
99,000	99,050	21,838	17,604	22,278	19,931
99,050	99,100	21,852	17,616	22,295	19,944
99,100	99,150	21,866	17,629	22,311	19,956
99,150	99,200	21,880	17,641	22,328	19,969
99,200	99,250	21,894	17,654	22,344	19,981
99,250	99,300	21,908	17,666	22,361	19,994
99,300	99,350	21,922	17,679	22,377	20,006
99,350	99,400	21,936	17,691	22,394	20,019
99,400	99,450	21,950	17,704	22,410	20,031
99,450	99,500	21,964	17,716	22,427	20,044
99,500	99,550	21,978	17,729	22,443	20,056
99,550	99,600	21,992	17,741	22,460	20,069
99,600	99,650	22,006	17,754	22,476	20,081
99,650	99,700	22,020	17,766	22,493	20,094
99,700	99,750	22,034	17,779	22,509	20,106
99,750	99,800	22,048	17,791	22,526	20,119
99,800	99,850	22,062	17,804	22,542	20,131
99,850	99,900	22,076	17,816	22,559	20,144
99,900	99,950	22,090	17,829	22,575	20,156
99,950	100,000	22,104	17,841	22,592	20,169
<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px; width: fit-content; margin: 0 auto;"> <b>\$100,000 or over — use Form 1040</b> </div>					

\* This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er)



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## General Information

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**How to avoid common mistakes.** Mistakes can delay your refund or result in notices being sent to you.

- Be sure to enter your social security number (SSN) in the space provided on page 1 of Form 1040A. If you are married filing a joint or separate return, also enter your spouse's SSN. Be sure to enter your SSN in the space next to your name.

- Make sure you entered the correct name and SSN for each person you claim as a dependent on line 6c. Check that each dependent's name and SSN agrees with his or her social security card. For each child under age 17 who is a qualifying child for the child tax credit, make sure you either checked the box in line 6c, column (4), or completed Form 8901.

- Check your math, especially for the earned income credit (EIC), child tax credit, taxable social security benefits, deduction for exemptions, taxable income, federal income tax withheld, total payments, and refund or amount you owe.

- If you think you can take the earned income credit, read the instructions for lines 40a and 40b that begin on page 38 to make sure you qualify. If you do, make sure you enter on Schedule EIC the correct SSN for each person you claim as a qualifying child. Also, be sure you used the correct column of the EIC Table for your filing status and the number of children you have.

- Remember to sign and date Form 1040A and enter your occupation(s).

- Be sure you use the correct method to figure your tax. See the instructions for line 28 that begin on page 30. Also, enter your total tax on line 37.

- Make sure you use the correct filing status. If you think you can file as head of household, read the instructions for line 4 on page 16 to make sure you qualify.

- Make sure your name and address are correct on the peel-off label. If not, enter the correct information.

- If you are married filing jointly and did not get a peel-off label, enter your and your spouse's name in the same order as shown on your last return.

- Enter your standard deduction on line 24. Also, if you check any box on line 23a or you (or your spouse if filing jointly) can be claimed as a dependent on someone else's 2007 return, see page 31 to find the amount to enter on line 24.

- Attach your Form(s) W-2 and any other required forms and schedules.

- If you owe tax and are paying by check or money order, be sure to include all the required information on your payment. See the instructions for line 46 on page 53 for details.

**What are your rights as a taxpayer?** You have the right to be treated fairly, professionally, promptly, and courteously by IRS employees. Our goal at the IRS is to protect your rights so that you will have the highest confidence in the integrity, efficiency, and fairness of our tax system. To ensure that you always receive such treatment, you should know about the many rights you have at each step of the tax process. For details, see Pub. 1.

**Innocent spouse relief.** Generally, both you and your spouse are each responsible for paying the full amount of tax, interest, and penalties on your joint return. However, you may qualify for relief from liability for tax on a joint return if (a) there is an understatement of tax because your spouse omitted income or claimed false deductions or credits, (b) you are divorced, separated, or no longer living with your spouse, or (c) given all the facts and circumstances, it would not be fair to hold you liable for the tax. To request relief, you generally must file Form 8857 no later than 2 years after the date on which the IRS first attempted to collect the tax from you. For more information, see Pub. 971 and Form 8857 or you can call the Innocent Spouse office toll-free at 1-866-897-4270.

**How long should records be kept?** Keep a copy of your tax return, worksheets you used, and records of all items appearing on it (such as Forms W-2 and 1099) until the statute of limitations runs out for that return. Usually, this is 3 years from the date the return was due or filed or 2 years from the date the tax was paid, whichever is later. You should keep some records longer. For example, keep property records as long as they are needed to figure the basis of the original or replacement property. For more details, see Pub. 552.

**Income tax withholding and estimated tax payments for 2008.** If the amount you owe or the amount you overpaid is large, you may want to file a new Form W-4 with your employer to change the amount of income tax withheld from your 2008 pay. For details on how to complete Form W-4, see Pub. 919. If you have pension or annuity income, use Form W-4P. If you receive certain government payments (such as unemployment compensation or social security benefits) you can have tax withheld from those payments by giving the payer Form W-4V. In general, you do not have to make estimated tax payments if you expect that your 2008 tax return will show a tax refund or a tax balance due of less than \$1,000. If your total estimated tax for 2008 is \$1,000 or more, see Form 1040-ES. It has a worksheet you can use to see if you have to make estimated tax payments. See Pub. 505 for more details.

**How do you amend your tax return?** File Form 1040X to change a return you already filed. Generally, Form 1040X must be filed within 3 years after the date the original return was filed or within 2 years after the date the tax was paid, whichever is later. But you may have more time to file Form 1040X if you live in a Presidentially declared disaster area or you are physically or mentally unable to manage your financial affairs. See Pub. 556 for details.

**How do you make a gift to reduce debt held by the public?** If you wish to do so, make a check payable to "Bureau of the Public Debt." You can send it to: Bureau of the Public Debt, Department G, P.O. Box 2188, Parkersburg, WV 26106-2188. Or you can enclose the check with your income tax return when you file. Do not add your gift to any tax you may owe. See page 53 for details on how to pay any tax you owe.



*If you itemize your deductions for 2008, you may be able to deduct this gift.*

**Do both the name and social security number (SSN) on your tax forms agree with your social security card?** If not, certain deductions and credits may be reduced or disallowed, your refund may be delayed, and you may not receive credit for your social security earnings. If your Form W-2 shows an incorrect SSN or name, notify your employer or the form-issuing agent as soon as possible to make sure your earnings are credited to your social security record. If the name or SSN on your social security card is incorrect, call the Social Security Administration at 1-800-772-1213.

**Secure your tax records from identity theft.** Identity theft occurs when someone uses your personal information such as your name, social security number (SSN), or other identifying information, without your permission, to commit fraud or other crimes. An identity thief may use your SSN to get a job or may file a tax return using your SSN to receive a refund.

To reduce your risk:

- Protect your SSN,
- Ensure your employer is protecting your SSN, and
- Be careful when choosing a tax preparer.

Call the IRS at 1-800-829-1040 if you think your identity has been used inappropriately for tax purposes.

Victims of identity theft who are experiencing economic harm or a systemic problem, or are seeking help in resolving tax problems that have not been resolved through normal channels, may be eligible for Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) assistance. You can reach TAS by calling the TAS toll-free case intake line at 1-877-777-4778 or TTY/TDD 1-800-829-4059.

**Protect yourself from suspicious emails or phishing schemes.** Phishing is the creation and use of email and websites designed to mimic legitimate business emails and websites. The most common form is the act of sending an email to a user falsely claiming to be an established legitimate enterprise in an attempt to scam the user into surrendering private information that will be used for identity theft.

The IRS does not initiate contacts with taxpayers via emails. Also, the IRS does not request detailed personal information through email or ask taxpayers for the PIN numbers, passwords, or similar secret access information for their credit card, bank, or other financial accounts.

If you receive an unsolicited email claiming to be from the IRS, forward this message to: [phishing@irs.gov](mailto:phishing@irs.gov). You may also report misuse of the IRS name, logo, forms, or other IRS property to the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration toll-free at 1-800-366-4484. You can forward suspicious emails to the Federal Trade Commission at: [spam@uce.gov](mailto:spam@uce.gov) or contact them at [www.ftc.gov/idtheft](http://www.ftc.gov/idtheft) or 1-877-IDTHEFT (1-877-438-4338).

Visit the IRS website at [www.irs.gov](http://www.irs.gov) to learn more about identity theft and how to reduce your risk.

**Need a copy of your tax return?** If you do, use Form 4506. There is a \$39 fee (subject to change) for each return requested. If your main home, principal place of business, or tax records are located in a Presidentially declared disaster area, this fee will be waived. If you want a free transcript of your tax return or account, use Form 4506-T or call us. See page 72 for the number.

**Death of a taxpayer.** If a taxpayer died before filing a return for 2007, the taxpayer's spouse or personal representative may have to file and sign a return for that taxpayer. A personal representative can be an executor, administrator, or anyone who is in charge of the deceased taxpayer's property. If the deceased taxpayer did not have to file a return but had tax withheld, a return must be filed to get a refund. The person who files the return must enter "Deceased," the deceased taxpayer's name, and the date of death across the top of the return. If this information is not provided, it may delay the processing of the return.

If your spouse died in 2007 and you did not remarry in 2007, or if your spouse died in 2008 before filing a return for 2007, you can file a joint return. A joint return should show your spouse's 2007 income before death and your income for all of 2007. Enter "Filing as surviving spouse" in the area where you sign the return. If someone else is the personal representative, he or she must also sign.

The surviving spouse or personal representative should promptly notify all payers of income, including financial institutions, of the taxpayer's death. This will ensure the proper reporting of income earned by the taxpayer's estate or heirs. A deceased taxpayer's social security number should not be used for tax years after the year of death, except for estate tax return purposes.

**Claiming a refund for a deceased taxpayer.** If you are filing a joint return as a surviving spouse, you only need to file the tax return to claim the refund. If you are a court-appointed representative, file the return and attach a copy of the certificate that shows your appointment. All other filers requesting the deceased taxpayer's refund must file the return and attach Form 1310.

For more details, use TeleTax topic 356 (see page 70) or see Pub. 559.

**Past due returns.** The integrity of our tax system and well-being of our country depend, to a large degree, on the timely filing and payment of taxes by each individual, family, and business in this

country. Those choosing not to file and pay their fair share increase the burden on the rest of us to support our schools, maintain and repair roadways, and the many other ways our tax dollars help to make life easier for all citizens.

Some people don't know they should file a tax return; some don't file because they expect a refund; and some don't file because they owe taxes. Encourage your family, neighbors, friends, and coworkers to do their fair share by filing their federal tax returns and paying any tax due on time.

If you or someone you know needs to file past due tax returns, use TeleTax topic 153 (see page 70) or visit [www.irs.gov](http://www.irs.gov) and click on "Individuals" for help in filing those returns.

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## Other Ways To Get Help

**Send your written tax questions to the IRS.** You should get an answer in about 30 days. For the mailing address, call us at 1-800-829-1040 (deaf customers with access to TTY/TDD equipment may call 1-800-829-4059). Do not send questions with your return.

**Research your tax questions online.** You can find answers to many of your tax questions online in several ways by accessing the IRS website at [www.irs.gov/help](http://www.irs.gov/help) and then clicking on "Help with Tax Questions." Here are some of the methods you may want to try.

- Frequently asked questions. This section contains an extensive list of questions and answers. You can select your question by category or keyword.
- Tax trails. This is an interactive section which asks questions you can answer by selecting "Yes" or "No."
- Tax topics. This is an online version of the TeleTax topics listed on pages 70 and 71.

**Free help with your return.** Free help in preparing your return is available nationwide from IRS-sponsored volunteers. These volunteers are trained and certified to prepare federal income tax returns by passing an IRS test. The Volunteer Income Tax Assistance (VITA) program is designed to help low-income taxpayers. The Tax Counseling for the Elderly (TCE) program is designed to assist taxpayers age 60 or older with their tax return preparation. VITA/TCE tax preparation sites must adhere to strict quality standards necessary to prepare accurate returns. Free electronic filing is offered by IRS authorized *e-file* providers at many of the VITA/TCE locations nationwide. Volunteers will help you with claiming the credits and deductions you may be entitled to. If you are a member of the military, you can also get assistance on military tax benefits, such as combat zone benefits, at an office within your installation. For more information on these programs, go to [www.irs.gov](http://www.irs.gov) and enter keyword "VITA" in the upper right corner. Or, call us at 1-800-829-1040. To find the nearest AARP Tax-Aide site, visit AARP's website at [www.aarp.org/taxaide](http://www.aarp.org/taxaide) or call 1-888-227-7669.

When you go for help, take proof of identity and social security numbers (or individual taxpayer identification numbers) for your spouse, your dependents, and yourself. Also take a copy of your 2006 tax return (if available), all your Forms W-2, 1099, and 1098 for 2007, and any other information about your 2007 income and expenses.

**Everyday tax solutions.** You can get face-to-face help solving tax problems every business day in IRS Taxpayer Assistance Centers. An employee can explain IRS letters, request adjustments to your account, or help you set up a payment plan. Call your local Taxpayer Assistance Center for an appointment. To find the number, go to [www.irs.gov/localcontacts](http://www.irs.gov/localcontacts) or look in the phone book under "United States Government, Internal Revenue Service."

**Online services.** If you subscribe to an online service, ask about online filing or tax information.

**Help for people with disabilities.** Telephone help is available using TTY/TDD equipment by calling 1-800-829-4059. Braille materials



are available at libraries that have special services for people with disabilities.

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## Interest and Penalties

**What if you file or pay late?** The IRS can charge you interest and penalties on the amount you owe.

If you file late, the penalty is usually 5% of the amount due for each month or part of a month your return is late, unless you have a reasonable explanation. If you do, attach it to your return. The penalty can be as much as 25% of the tax due (15% per month up to a maximum of 75% if the failure to file is fraudulent). We will charge you interest on the penalty from the due date of the return (including extensions). If your return is more than 60 days late, the minimum penalty will be \$100 or the amount of any tax you owe, whichever is smaller.

If you pay your taxes late, the penalty is usually ½ of 1% of the unpaid amount for each month or part of a month the tax is not paid.

The penalty can be as much as 25% of the unpaid amount. It applies to any unpaid tax on the return.

**Are there other penalties?** Yes. Other penalties can be imposed for negligence, substantial understatement of tax, reportable transaction understatements, filing an erroneous refund claim, and fraud. We will charge you interest on these penalties from the due date of the return (including extensions). Criminal penalties may be imposed for willful failure to file, tax evasion, or making a false statement. See Pub. 17 for details.

In addition to any other penalties, the law imposes a penalty of \$5,000 for filing a frivolous return. A frivolous return is one that does not contain information needed to figure the correct tax or shows a substantially incorrect tax, because you take a frivolous position or desire to delay or interfere with the tax laws. This includes altering or striking out the preprinted language above the space where you sign. For a list of positions identified as frivolous, see Notice 2007-30, 2007-14 I.R.B. 883, available at [www.irs.gov/irb/2007-14\\_IRB/ar20.html](http://www.irs.gov/irb/2007-14_IRB/ar20.html).

## Refund Information

You can check on the status of your 2007 refund if it has been at least 6 weeks from the date you filed your return (3 weeks if you filed electronically). But if you filed Form 8379 with your return, allow 14 weeks (11 weeks if you filed electronically).

Be sure to have a copy of your 2007 tax return available because you will need to know the filing status and the exact whole-dollar amount of your refund. Then, do one of the following.

- Go to [www.irs.gov](http://www.irs.gov) and click on *Where's My Refund*.
- Call 1-800-829-4477 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, for automated refund information.
- Call 1-800-829-1954 during the hours shown on page 72.



*Refunds are sent out weekly on Fridays. If you check the status of your refund and are not given the date it will be issued, please wait until the next week before checking back.*

Do not send in a copy of your return unless asked to do so.

To get a refund, you generally must file your return within 3 years from the date the return was due (including extensions).

## What Is TeleTax?

### Recorded Tax Information

Recorded tax information is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. Select the number of the topic you want to hear. Then, call 1-800-829-4477. Have paper and pencil handy to take notes.

### Topics by Internet

TeleTax topics are also available through the IRS website at [www.irs.gov](http://www.irs.gov).

### TeleTax Topics

All topics are available in Spanish.

**Topic No.**

**Subject**

#### IRS Help Available

- 101 IRS services— Volunteer tax assistance, toll-free telephone, walk-in assistance, and outreach programs
- 102 Tax assistance for individuals with disabilities and the hearing impaired
- 103 Tax help for small businesses and the self-employed
- 104 Taxpayer Advocate Service—Help for problem situations
- 105 Armed Forces tax information
- 107 Tax relief in disaster situations

#### IRS Procedures

- 151 Your appeal rights
- 152 Refund information
- 153 What to do if you haven't filed your tax return
- 154 Forms W-2 and Form 1099-R—What to do if not received
- 155 Forms and publications—How to order
- 156 Copy of your tax return—How to get one
- 157 Change of address—How to notify IRS
- 158 Ensuring proper credit of payments
- 159 Prior year(s) Form W-2—How to get a copy of
- 160 Form 1099-A (Acquisition or Abandonment of Secured Property) and Form 1099-C (Cancellation of Debt)

#### Collection

- 201 The collection process

**Topic No.**

**Subject**

- 202 Tax payment options
- 203 Failure to pay child support and federal nontax and state income tax obligations
- 204 Offers in compromise
- 205 Innocent spouse relief (and separation of liability and equitable relief)

#### Alternative Filing Methods

- 253 Substitute tax forms

#### General Information

- 301 When, where, and how to file
- 303 Checklist of common errors when preparing your tax return
- 304 Extension of time to file your tax return
- 305 Recordkeeping
- 306 Penalty for underpayment of estimated tax
- 307 Backup withholding
- 308 Amended returns
- 309 Roth IRA contributions
- 310 Coverdell education savings accounts
- 311 Power of attorney information
- 312 Disclosure authorizations
- 313 Qualified tuition programs (QTPs)

#### Filing Requirements, Filing Status, and Exemptions

- 352 Which form—1040, 1040A, or 1040EZ?
- 356 Decedents

#### Types of Income

- 401 Wages and salaries
- 403 Interest received
- 404 Dividends
- 407 Business income
- 409 Capital gains and losses

**Topic No.**

**Subject**

- 410 Pensions and annuities
- 411 Pensions—The general rule and the simplified method
- 412 Lump-sum distributions
- 413 Rollovers from retirement plans
- 414 Rental income and expenses
- 415 Renting residential and vacation property
- 416 Farming and fishing income
- 417 Earnings for clergy
- 418 Unemployment compensation
- 419 Gambling income and expenses
- 420 Bartering income
- 421 Scholarship and fellowship grants
- 423 Social security and equivalent railroad retirement benefits
- 424 401(k) plans
- 425 Passive activities—Losses and credits
- 427 Stock options
- 429 Traders in securities (information for Form 1040 filers)
- 430 Exchange of policyholder interest for stock

#### Adjustments to Income

- 451 Individual retirement arrangements (IRAs)
- 452 Alimony paid
- 453 Bad debt deduction
- 455 Moving expenses
- 456 Student loan interest deduction
- 457 Tuition and fees deduction
- 458 Educator expense deduction

#### Itemized Deductions

- 501 Should I itemize?
- 502 Medical and dental expenses
- 503 Deductible taxes
- 504 Home mortgage points
- 505 Interest expense
- 506 Contributions

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**TeleTax Topics***(Continued)*

<b>Topic No.</b>	<b>Subject</b>
507	Casualty and theft losses
508	Miscellaneous expenses
509	Business use of home
510	Business use of car
511	Business travel expenses
512	Business entertainment expenses
513	Educational expenses
514	Employee business expenses
515	Casualty, disaster, and theft losses
<b>Tax Computation</b>	
551	Standard deduction
552	Tax and credits figured by the IRS
553	Tax on a child's investment income
554	Self-employment tax
555	Ten-year tax option for lump-sum distributions
556	Alternative minimum tax
557	Tax on early distributions from traditional and Roth IRAs
558	Tax on early distributions from retirement plans
<b>Tax Credits</b>	
601	Earned income credit (EIC)
602	Child and dependent care credit
607	Adoption credit
608	Excess social security and RRTA tax withheld
610	Retirement savings contributions credit
<b>IRS Notices</b>	
651	Notices—What to do
652	Notice of underreported income—CP 2000

<b>Topic No.</b>	<b>Subject</b>
653	IRS notices and bills, penalties, and interest charges
<b>Basis of Assets, Depreciation, and Sale of Assets</b>	
701	Sale of your home
703	Basis of assets
704	Depreciation
705	Installment sales
<b>Employer Tax Information</b>	
751	Social security and Medicare withholding rates
752	Form W-2—Where, when, and how to file
753	Form W-4—Employee's Withholding Allowance Certificate
754	Form W-5—Advance earned income credit
755	Employer identification number (EIN)—How to apply
756	Employment taxes for household employees
757	Form 941 and 944—Deposit requirements
758	Form 941—Employer's Quarterly Federal Tax Return and Form 944—Employer's Annual Federal Tax Return
761	Tips—Withholding and reporting
762	Independent contractor vs. employee
<b>Magnetic Media Filers—1099 Series and Related Information Returns</b>	
801	Who must file magnetically

<b>Topic No.</b>	<b>Subject</b>
802	Applications, forms, and information
803	Waivers and extensions
804	Test files and combined federal and state filing
805	Electronic filing of information returns
<b>Tax Information for Aliens and U.S. Citizens Living Abroad</b>	
851	Resident and nonresident aliens
856	Foreign tax credit
857	Individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN)—Form W-7
858	Alien tax clearance
<b>Tax Information for Residents of Puerto Rico (in Spanish only)</b>	
901	Is a person with income from Puerto Rican sources required to file a U.S. federal income tax return?
902	Credits and deductions for taxpayers with Puerto Rican source income that is exempt from U.S. tax
903	Federal employment tax in Puerto Rico
904	Tax assistance for residents of Puerto Rico

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**Topic numbers are effective January 1, 2008.**

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## Calling the IRS

If you cannot find the answer to your question in these instructions or online, please call us for assistance. See *Making the Call* below. You will not be charged for the call unless your phone company charges you for toll-free calls. Our normal hours of operation are Monday through Friday from 7:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m. local time. Assistance provided to callers from Alaska and Hawaii will be based on the hours of operation in the Pacific time zone.



*If you want to check the status of your 2007 refund, see Refund Information on page 70.*

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### Before You Call

IRS representatives care about the quality of the service provided to you, our customer. You can help us provide accurate, complete answers to your questions by having the following information available.

- The tax form, schedule, or notice to which your question relates.
- The facts about your particular situation. The answer to the same question often varies from one taxpayer to another because of differences in their age, income, whether they can be claimed as a dependent, etc.
- The name of any IRS publication or other source of information that you used to look for the answer.

To maintain your account security, you may be asked for the following information, which you should also have available.

- Your social security number.
- The amount of refund and filing status shown on your tax return.
- The “Caller ID Number” shown at the top of any notice you received.
- Your personal identification number (PIN) if you have one.
- Your date of birth.
- The numbers in your street address.
- Your ZIP code.

If you are asking for an installment agreement to pay your tax, you will be asked for the highest amount you can pay each month and the date on which you can pay it.

**Evaluation of services provided.** The IRS uses several methods to evaluate our telephone service. One method is to record telephone calls for quality purposes only. A random sample of recorded calls is selected for review through the quality assurance process. Other methods include listening to live calls in progress and random selection of customers for participation in a customer satisfaction survey.

### Making the Call

Call 1-800-829-1040 (deaf customers with access to TTY/TDD equipment may call 1-800-829-4059). Our menu allows you to speak your responses or use your keypad to select a menu option. After receiving your menu selection, the system will direct your call to the appropriate assistance.

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### Before You Hang Up

If you do not fully understand the answer you receive, or you feel our representative may not fully understand your question, our representative needs to know this. He or she will be happy to take additional time to be sure your question is answered fully.

By law, you are responsible for paying your share of federal income tax. If we should make an error in answering your question, you are still responsible for the payment of the correct tax. Should this occur, however, you will not be charged any penalty.

# Quick and Easy Access to Tax Help and Tax Products




If you live outside the United States, see Pub. 54 to find out how to get help and tax products.



## Internet

You can access the IRS website 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, at [www.irs.gov](http://www.irs.gov).

**Online services and help.** Go to [www.irs.gov](http://www.irs.gov) to:

-  Access Free File, a free commercial income tax preparation and electronic filing service available to taxpayers with adjusted gross income of \$54,000 or less.
- Check the status of your 2007 refund. Click on “Where’s My Refund.”
- See answers to many questions. Click on “Frequently Asked Questions.”
- Figure your withholding allowances using our Withholding Calculator at [www.irs.gov/individuals](http://www.irs.gov/individuals).
- Sign up for e-News Subscriptions to get the latest tax news on a variety of topics by email.
- Send us your comments or request help.
- Get disaster relief information. Enter keyword “Disaster.”
- Safeguard your privacy. Enter keyword “Privacy Policy.”

**View and download products.** Click on “More Forms and Publications” or go to [www.irs.gov/formspubs](http://www.irs.gov/formspubs).

- For forms and instructions, click on “Form and Instruction number.”
- For publications, click on “Publication number.”
- For a subject index to forms, instructions, and publications, click on “Topical index.”
- For prior year forms, instructions, and publications, click on “Previous years.”

**Online ordering of products.** To order tax products delivered by mail, go to [www.irs.gov/formspubs](http://www.irs.gov/formspubs).

- For current year products, click on “Forms and publications by U.S. mail.”
- For a tax booklet of forms and instructions, click on “Tax packages.”
- For tax products on a CD, click on “Tax products on CD-ROM (Pub. 1796).” See *CD/DVD* on this page.



## Phone

**Tax forms and publications.** Call 1-800-TAX-FORM (1-800-829-3676) to order current and prior year forms, instruc-

tions, and publications. You should receive your order within 10 working days.

**Tax help and questions.** Call 1-800-829-1040.

**Hearing Impaired TTY/TDD.** Call 1-800-829-4059.

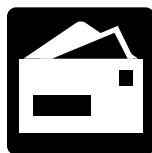
**TeleTax information - 24 hour tax information.** Call 1-800-829-4477. See pages 70 and 71 for topic numbers and details.

**Refund hotline:** 1-800-829-1954.



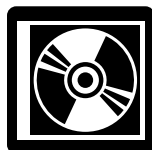
## Walk-In

You can pick up some of the most requested forms, instructions, and publications at many IRS offices, post offices, and libraries. Also, some grocery stores, copy centers, city and county government offices, credit unions, and office supply stores have reproducible tax products available to photocopy or print from a CD.



## Mail

You can order forms, instructions, and publications by completing the order blank on page 76. You should receive your order within 10 days after we receive your request.



## CD/DVD

Buy IRS Publication 1796 (IRS Tax Products CD) for \$35. Price is subject to change. There may be a handling fee. The CD includes current-year and prior-year forms, instructions, and publications; Internal Revenue Bulletins; and toll-free and email technical support. As a bonus, you will get the IRS Tax Products DVD. The CD is released twice during the year. The first release will ship the beginning of January 2008 and the final release (including the bonus DVD) will ship the beginning of March 2008. The CD does not support electronic filing.

**Internet.** Buy the CD from:

- National Technical Information Service (NTIS) at [www.irs.gov/cdorders](http://www.irs.gov/cdorders)
- Government Printing Office (GPO) at <http://bookstore.gpo.gov> (search for Pub. 1796)

**Telephone.** Buy the CD from:

- NTIS at 1-877-233-6767
- GPO at 1-866-512-1800

**Other ways to get help.** See page 68 for information.



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## Disclosure, Privacy Act, and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice

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The IRS Restructuring and Reform Act of 1998, the Privacy Act of 1974, and the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980 require that when we ask you for information we must first tell you our legal right to ask for the information, why we are asking for it, and how it will be used. We must also tell you what could happen if we do not receive it and whether your response is voluntary, required to obtain a benefit, or mandatory under the law.

This notice applies to all papers you file with us, including this tax return. It also applies to any questions we need to ask you so we can complete, correct, or process your return; figure your tax; and collect tax, interest, or penalties.

Our legal right to ask for information is Internal Revenue Code sections 6001, 6011, and 6012(a), and their regulations. They say that you must file a return or statement with us for any tax you are liable for. Your response is mandatory under these sections. Code section 6109 requires that you provide your social security number or individual taxpayer identification number on what you file. This is so we know who you are, and can process your return and other papers. You must fill in all parts of the tax form that apply to you. However, you do not have to check the boxes for the Presidential Election Campaign Fund or for the third-party designee. You also do not have to provide your daytime phone number.

You are not required to provide the information requested on a form that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form or its instructions must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law.

We ask for tax return information to carry out the tax laws of the United States. We need it to figure and collect the right amount of tax.

If you do not file a return, do not give the information asked for, or provide fraudulent information, you may be charged penalties and be subject to criminal prosecution. We may also have to disallow the exemptions, exclusions, credits, deductions, or adjustments shown on your tax return. This could make the tax higher or delay any refund. Interest may also be charged.

Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as stated in Code section 6103. However, Code section 6103 allows or requires the Internal Revenue Service to disclose or give the information shown on your tax return to others as described in the Code. For example, we may disclose your tax information to the Department of Justice to enforce the tax laws, both civil and criminal, and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, U.S. commonwealths or possessions, and certain foreign governments to carry out their tax laws. We may disclose your tax information to the Department of Treasury and contractors for tax administration purposes; and to other persons as necessary to obtain information which we cannot get in any other way in order to determine the amount of or to collect the tax you owe. We may disclose your tax information to the Comptroller General of the United States to permit the Comptroller General to review the Internal Revenue Service. We may disclose your tax information to committees of Congress; federal, state, and local child support agencies; and to other federal agencies for the purposes of determining entitlement for benefits or the eligibility for and the repayment of loans. We may also disclose this information to other countries under a tax treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce federal nontax criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism.

Please keep this notice with your records. It may help you if we ask you for other information. If you have any questions about the rules for filing and giving information, please call or visit any Internal Revenue Service office.

**We welcome comments on forms.** If you have suggestions for making this form simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. You can email us at *\*taxforms@irs.gov*. (The asterisk must be included in the address.) Enter "Forms Comment" on the subject line. Or you can write to the Internal Revenue Service, Tax Products Coordinating Committee, SE:W:CAR:MP:T:T:SP, 1111 Constitution Ave. NW, IR-6526, Washington, DC 20224. Do not send your return to this address. Instead, see the back cover.

## Estimates of Taxpayer Burden

The table below shows burden estimates by form type and type of taxpayer. Time burden is further broken out by taxpayer activity. The largest component of time burden for all taxpayers is record-keeping, as opposed to form completion and submission. In addition, the time burden associated with form completion and submission activities is closely tied to preparation method (self-prepared without software, self-prepared with software, and prepared by paid preparer).

Time spent and out-of-pocket costs are estimated separately. Out-of-pocket costs include any expenses incurred by taxpayers to prepare and submit their tax returns. Examples of out-of-pocket costs include tax return preparation and submission fees, postage, tax preparation software costs, photocopying costs, and phone calls (if not toll-free).

Both time and cost burdens are national averages and do not necessarily reflect a “typical” case. For instance, the average time burden for all taxpayers filing a 1040, 1040A, or 1040EZ was 26.4 hours, with an average cost of \$207 per return. This average includes all associated forms and schedules, across all preparation

methods and all taxpayer activities. Taxpayers filing Form 1040 had an average burden of about 34 hours, and taxpayers filing Form 1040A and Form 1040EZ averaged about 10 hours. However, within each of these estimates, there is significant variation in taxpayer activity. Similarly, tax preparation fees vary extensively depending on the taxpayer’s tax situation and issues, the type of professional preparer, and the geographic area.

The data shown are the best estimates available as of September 24, 2007, from tax returns filed for 2006. The method used to estimate taxpayer burden incorporates results from a taxpayer burden survey conducted in 2000 and 2001. The estimates are subject to change as new data becomes available. The estimates do not include burden associated with post-filing activities. However, operational IRS data indicate that electronically prepared and e-filed returns have fewer errors, implying a lower overall post-filing burden.

If you have comments concerning the time and cost estimates below, you can contact us at either one of the addresses shown under *We welcome comments on forms* on page 74.

## Estimated Average Taxpayer Burden for Individuals by Activity

The average time and costs required to complete and file Form 1040, Form 1040A, Form 1040EZ, their schedules, and accompanying forms will vary depending on individual circumstances. The estimated averages are:

Major Form Filed or Type of Taxpayer	Percentage of Returns	Average Time Burden (Hours)						Average Cost (Dollars)
		Total Time	Record Keeping	Tax Planning	Form Completion	Form Submission	All Other	
All taxpayers . . . . .	100	26.4	15.0	4.7	3.3	0.6	2.8	\$207
Major forms filed								
1040 . . . . .	69	33.5	19.8	5.9	3.7	0.6	3.4	267
1040A & 1040EZ . . . . .	31	10.4	4.2	1.8	2.5	0.5	1.4	72
Type of taxpayer								
Nonbusiness* . . . . .	71	14.1	5.6	3.3	3.0	0.5	1.6	114
Business* . . . . .	29	56.9	38.4	8.0	4.2	0.7	5.7	440

\* You are a “business” filer if you file one or more of the following with Form 1040: Schedule C, C-EZ, E, or F or Form 2106 or 2106-EZ. You are a “nonbusiness” filer if you did not file any of those schedules or forms with Form 1040.

# Order Blank for Forms and Publications



For faster ways of getting the items you need, go to [www.irs.gov/formspubs](http://www.irs.gov/formspubs).

## How To Use the Order Blank

1. Cut the order blank on the dotted line and print or type your name and address accurately in the space provided. An accurate address will ensure delivery of your order.

2. Circle the items you need. Use the blank spaces to order an item not listed. If you need more space, attach a separate sheet of paper listing the additional items you need. To help reduce waste, order only the items you need to prepare your return. We will send you two copies of each form, one copy of the instructions, and one copy of each publication you circle.

3. Enclose the order blank in your own envelope and send it to the National Distribution Center, P.O. Box 8903, Bloomington, IL 61702-8903. Do not use the envelope we sent you in your tax package because this envelope may be used only for filing your income tax return. You should receive your order within 10 days after we receive your request.

Do not send your tax return to the above address. Instead, see the back cover.

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Name							
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City			State		ZIP code		
Foreign country						International postal code	
Daytime phone number							
(        )							

Circle the forms and publications you need. The instructions for any form you order will be included.

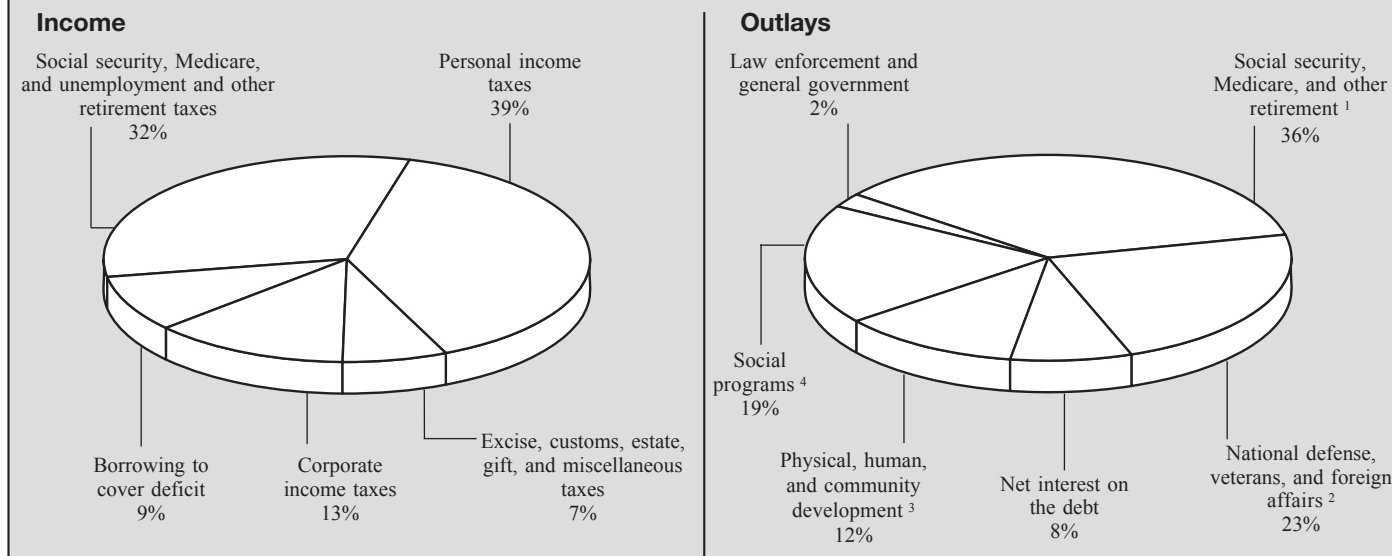
Use the blank spaces to order items not listed.

1040	Schedule H (1040)	1040-ES (2008)	4868	9465	Pub. 525	Pub. 575	Pub. 970
Schedules A&B (1040)	Schedule J (1040)	1040-V	6251	Pub. 1	Pub. 526	Pub. 583	Pub. 972
Schedule C (1040)	Schedule R (1040)	1040X	8283	Pub. 17	Pub. 527	Pub. 587	
Schedule C-EZ (1040)	Schedule SE (1040)	2106	8606	Pub. 334	Pub. 529	Pub. 590	
Schedule D (1040)	1040A	2441	8812	Pub. 463	Pub. 535	Pub. 596	
Schedule D-1 (1040)	Schedule 1 (1040A)	4506	8822	Pub. 501	Pub. 547	Pub. 910	
Schedule E (1040)	Schedule 2 (1040A)	4506-T	8829	Pub. 502	Pub. 550	Pub. 915	
Schedule EIC (1040A or 1040)	Schedule 3 (1040A)	4562	8863	Pub. 505	Pub. 551	Pub. 919	
Schedule F (1040)	1040EZ	4684	8917	Pub. 523	Pub. 554	Pub. 946	

J

## Major Categories of Federal Income and Outlays for Fiscal Year 2006

**Income and Outlays.** These pie charts show the relative sizes of the major categories of federal income and outlays for fiscal year 2006.



On or before the first Monday in February of each year, the President is required by law to submit to the Congress a budget proposal for the fiscal year that begins the following October. The budget plan sets forth the President's proposed receipts, spending, and the surplus or deficit for the Federal Government. The plan includes recommendations for new legislation as well as recommendations to change, eliminate, and add programs. After receiving the President's proposal, the Congress reviews it and makes changes. It first passes a budget resolution setting its own targets for receipts, outlays, and surplus or deficit. Next, individual spending and revenue bills that are consistent with the goals of the budget resolution are enacted.

In fiscal year 2006 (which began on October 1, 2005, and ended on September 30, 2006), federal income was \$2.407 trillion and outlays were \$2.655 trillion, leaving a deficit of \$0.248 trillion.

### Footnotes for Certain Federal Outlays

1. **Social security, Medicare, and other retirement.** These programs provide income support for the retired and disabled and medical care for the elderly.

2. **National defense, veterans, and foreign affairs.** About 19% of outlays were to equip, modernize, and pay our armed forces and to fund the Global War on Terrorism and other national defense activities; about 3% were for veterans benefits and services; and about 1% were for international activities, including military and economic assistance to foreign countries and the maintenance of U.S. embassies abroad.

3. **Physical, human, and community development.** These outlays were for agriculture; natural resources; environment; transportation; aid for elementary and secondary education and direct assistance to college students; job training; deposit insurance, commerce and housing credit, and community development; and space, energy, and general science programs.

4. **Social programs.** About 13% of total outlays were for Medicaid, food stamps, temporary assistance for needy families, supplemental security income, and related programs; and the remaining outlays were for health research and public health programs, unemployment compensation, assisted housing, and social services.

**Note.** The percentages on this page exclude undistributed offsetting receipts, which were \$68 billion in fiscal year 2006. In the budget, these receipts are offset against spending in figuring the outlay totals shown above. These receipts are for the U.S. Government's share of its employee retirement programs, rents and royalties on the Outer Continental Shelf, and proceeds from the sale of assets.

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## Where Do You File?

If an envelope came with this booklet, please use it. If you do not have one or if you moved during the year, mail your return to the address shown below that applies to you. If you want to use a private delivery service, see page 6.



*Envelopes without enough postage will be returned to you by the post office. Your envelope may need additional postage if it contains more than five pages or is oversized (for example, it is over 1/4" thick). Also, include your complete return address.*

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	Are not enclosing a check or money order...	Are enclosing a check or money order...
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District of Columbia, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New York, Vermont	Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service Center Andover, MA 05501-0015	Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service Center Andover, MA 05501-0115
Arkansas, Connecticut, Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Missouri, New Jersey, Ohio, Pennsylvania, West Virginia	Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service Center Kansas City, MO 64999-0015	Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service Center Kansas City, MO 64999-0115
Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, Tennessee, Texas, APO, FPO	Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service Center Austin, TX 73301-0015	Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service Center Austin, TX 73301-0115
Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Hawaii, Idaho, Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Mexico, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota, Utah, Washington, Wisconsin, Wyoming	Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service Center Fresno, CA 93888-0015	Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service Center Fresno, CA 93888-0115
American Samoa, nonpermanent residents of Guam or the Virgin Islands*, Puerto Rico (or if excluding income under Internal Revenue Code section 933), dual-status aliens, a foreign country: U.S. citizens and those filing Form 4563	Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service Center Austin, TX 73301-0215 USA	Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service Center Austin, TX 73301-0215 USA

\* Permanent residents of Guam should use: Department of Revenue and Taxation, Government of Guam, P.O. Box 23607, GMF, GU 96921; permanent residents of the Virgin Islands should use: V.I. Bureau of Internal Revenue, 9601 Estate Thomas, Charlotte Amalie, St. Thomas, VI 00802.

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**What's new**  
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**How to avoid common mistakes**  
**Help with unresolved tax issues**  
**Free tax help**  
**How to get forms and publications**  
**Tax table**  
**How to make a gift to reduce debt held by the public**